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ZONING BYLAWS

PREAMBLE

This Bylaw shall be known and cited as the "Zoning Bylaws of the Town of Wellesley, Massachusetts," hereinafter referred to as "this Zoning Bylaw."

The objectives of this Zoning Bylaw include, but are not limited to, the following:

To lessen congestion in the streets; to conserve health; to secure safety from fire, flood, panic, and other dangers; to provide adequate light and air; to prevent overcrowding of land; to avoid undue concentration of population; to encourage housing for persons of all income levels; to facilitate the adequate provision of transportation, water, water supply, drainage, sewerage, schools, parks, open space, and other public requirements; to conserve the value of land and buildings, including the conservation of natural resources and the prevention of blight and pollution of the environment; to encourage the most appropriate use of land throughout the Town, including consideration of the recommendations of the Comprehensive Plan for the Town; and to preserve and increase amenities by the promulgation of regulations to fulfill said objectives.

ZONING BYLAWS

as amended April 2003

SECTION I. ESTABLISHMENT OF DISTRICTS.

- A. For the purpose of this Zoning Bylaw, the Town of Wellesley is hereby divided into classes of districts as shown on the "Zoning Map of the Town of Wellesley, Massachusetts", prepared under the direction of the Planning Board, Scale 1"=500', dated December 20, 2002 as amended, on file with the Town Clerk, which map together with all boundary lines and designations thereon, is hereby declared to be part of the Bylaw.

The classes of districts are respectively:

1. Single Residence Districts (SECTION II.)
2. Single Residence Districts A (SECTION III.)
3. Town House Districts (SECTION IIIA.)
4. General Residence Districts (SECTION IV.)
5. General Residence Districts A (SECTION V.)
6. Multi-Family Residence Districts (SECTION VA.)
7. Limited Residence Districts (SECTION VI.)
8. Limited Apartment Districts (SECTION VIA.)
9. Educational Districts (SECTION VII.)
10. Educational Districts A (SECTION VIII.)
11. Educational Districts B (SECTION VIIIA.)
12. Administrative & Professional Districts (SECTION IX.)
13. Planned Development Districts (SECTION IXA.)
14. Lower Falls Village Commercial District (SECTION IXB.)
15. Limited Business Districts (SECTION X.)
16. Business Districts (SECTION XI.)
17. Business Districts A (SECTION XII.)
18. Industrial Districts (SECTION XIII.)
19. Industrial Districts A (SECTION XIV.)

20. Transportation Districts (SECTION XIV A.)
21. Flood Plain or Watershed Protection Districts (overlay district - zoning map reference) (SECTION XIV
22. Conservation Districts (SECTION XIV C.)
23. Historic Districts (overlay district) (SECTION XIV D.)
24. Water Supply Protection Districts (overlay district) (SECTION XIV E.)
25. Residential Incentive Overlay (RIO) District (SECTION XIV F.)

said districts are shown on the Zoning Map by patterns and cross-hatched lines as indicated in the Legend on the Zoning Map.

- B. DISTRICT BOUNDARIES. The location on the land of the boundary lines shown upon the Zoning Map shall be determined as follows:
1. Where the boundary lines are shown upon the map within the street lines of public or private streets or ways, the center lines of such streets or ways shall be the boundary lines.
 2. Where the boundary lines are shown upon the map outside of street lines and apparently parallel thereto, they shall be considered to be parallel to such street lines; and figures placed upon the map between such boundary lines and the street lines shall be the distances in feet of such boundary lines from the street lines, said distances being measured at right angles to the street lines unless otherwise indicated.
 3. Where the boundary lines are shown apparently on the location of existing property or lot lines, and the exact location of the boundary lines is not indicated by means of figures, distances, or otherwise, then the property or lot lines shall be the boundary lines.
 4. In all cases which are not covered by the provisions of paragraphs 1, 2 or 3, the locations of boundary lines shall be determined by the distances in feet, if given, from the other lines upon the map, or, if distances are not given, then by the scale of the map.
 5. Wherever any uncertainty exists as to the exact location of a boundary line, the location of such a line shall be determined by the Inspector of Buildings.

SECTION IA. DEFINITIONS.

As used in the Zoning Bylaws, the following words and terms shall have and include the following respective meanings:

Adult Bookstore - An establishment having as a substantial or significant portion of its stock in trade, books, magazines and/or other matter which are distinguished or characterized by their emphasis depicting, describing or relating to sexual conduct or sexual excitement as defined in G.L. Chapter 272, Section 31.

Adult Dance Club - An establishment which, as its principal form of entertainment, permits a person or persons to perform in a state of nudity as defined in G.L. Chapter 272, Section 31.

Adult Motion Picture Theater - An enclosed building used for presenting material distinguished by an emphasis on matter depicting, describing or relating to sexual conduct or sexual excitement as defined in G.L. Chapter 272, Section 31.

Adult Paraphernalia Store - An establishment having as a substantial or significant portion of its stock devices, objects, tools or toys which are distinguished or characterized by their association with sexual activity, including sexual conduct or sexual excitement as defined in G.L. Chapter 272, Section 31.

Adult Video Store - An establishment having as substantial or significant portion of its stock in trade, videos, movies or other film material which are distinguished or characterized by their emphasis depicting, describing or relating to sexual conduct or sexual excitement as defined in G.L. Chapter 272, Section 31.

Adult Use - Adult Bookstore, Adult Dance Club, Adult Motion Picture Theater, Adult Paraphernalia Store, and/or Adult Video Store as herein defined.

Assisted Elderly Housing - A building or group of buildings that have on site medical, convalescent and nursing facilities for the residents but in all other manners is consistent with the definition and uses permitted for independent elderly housing projects.

Assisted Units - Dwelling Units which qualify for enumeration under Chapter 40B, Sections 20-23 M.G.L. (Chapter 774 of the Acts of 1969). In the case of units to be sold there shall be deed restrictions to enforce the funding agencies' requirements for the long term eligibility of the unit for enumeration, and which require that the seller give a 90 day right of first refusal to the Wellesley Housing Authority.

The deed restrictions shall be reviewed and approved by the Wellesley Housing Authority and Town Counsel prior to sale.

Commercial Trailer - A vehicular, portable unit without independent motive power designed and/or used for any commercial purpose whether used with or without a permanent foundation, including but not necessarily limited to the following:

1. hauling and storing of products or materials, or
2. retail sales, or
3. business or office use

whether or not there is affixed thereto any advertisement or indication of a business or professional use or affiliation.

Community Group Residence - A boarding house, halfway house, home for adjustment or rehabilitation center for persons with physical or social disabilities which make functioning in society difficult and who require the protection of a group setting.

Conventional Units - Dwelling Units available to the general public on the open market without price restrictions or consumer income limitations.

Days - This term shall refer to calendar days unless otherwise noted.

Dwelling - A building which is designed for or redesigned and/or used for human habitation.

Detached Dwelling - A building containing only dwelling units and private garage having open space on all sides.

Dwelling Unit - A room, group of rooms, or dwelling forming a habitable unit for one family with facilities for living, sleeping, food storage and/or preparation and eating, and which is directly accessible from the outside or through a common hall without passing through any other dwelling unit.

Family - (A) One (1) or more persons related by blood, adoption or marriage and not more than two (2) additional persons all residing together as a single housekeeping unit; (B) A number of persons but not exceeding three (3) residing together as a single housekeeping unit where such persons are not related to one another by blood, adoption or marriage.

Home Occupation - A non-residential use of a dwelling unit, by the resident or residents, for gainful employment, that is subordinate but compatible to residential use.

The term Home Occupation shall include a "family day care home" as defined in Chapter 28A of the General Laws, for not

more than six children, including participating children living in the residence, where the provider is licensed by the Office for Children under said Chapter 28A.

Independent Elderly Housing - A building or group of buildings containing dwellings where the occupancy of the dwellings is restricted to persons 62 years of age or older or couples where either the husband or wife is 62 years of age or older. Independent elderly housing may include support services such as central dining, cleaning, linen, laundry and other personal support services. Further they may provide convenience retail services if said facilities do not have any exterior signs and comprise not more than 2% of the total floor area of the development. Independent Elderly Housing may include a medical service station for a house physician but not on site convalescent or nursing facilities. However, this definition shall not prevent independent elderly housing units from being developed as a distinct element in a larger development that includes assisted elderly housing units are separate floors or separate buildings.

One-Family Dwelling - A detached dwelling containing not more than one dwelling unit.

Town House - A dwelling containing two or more dwelling units, each sharing one or more party walls with another dwelling unit, and each having at least one floor at ground level with direct access to open space on two or more sides.

Two Family Dwelling - A detached dwelling other than a Town House containing two dwelling units.

Nursing Homes and Skilled Nursing Facility - A building housing a facility licensed to provide full time long term accommodation and a combination of personal and health care services in a supervised environment. Said facilities shall provide long term intensive, skilled and supportive nursing care, convalescent or chronic care to individuals who, by reason of advanced age, chronic illness, or infirmity, are unable to care for themselves. The facilities may contain common areas for therapy, recreation and dining; further the facilities may also include on-premise medical offices and treatment facilities related to the care of the tenants. For the purposes of this Bylaw, it includes: extended care facility, intermediate care facility, convalescent home and rest home.

Recreational Trailer or Vehicle - A vehicular, portable unit designed for travel, camping or recreational use, including but not limited to the following:

1. Travel Trailer - A vehicular, portable dwelling unit built on a chassis, being of any length provided its gross weight does not exceed forty-

five hundred (4500) pounds, or being of any weight provided its overall length does not exceed twenty eight (28) feet.

2. Pick-Up Camper - A portable dwelling unit designed to be mounted on a pick-up truck or chassis, whether or not so mounted.
3. Motorized Camper - A portable dwelling designed and constructed as an integral part of a self-propelled vehicle.
4. Tent Trailer - A folding structure, constructed of canvas, plastic or similar water repellent material, designed to be mounted on wheels to be used as a temporary dwelling.
5. Boat Trailer - A vehicle without motive power, designed to be drawn by a motor vehicle and designed for the hauling or storage of a boat, air craft, snowmobile or other recreational vehicle.

Mobile Home or House Trailer - A dwelling designated as year-round living quarters, and built on a chassis to be moved from site to site, whether used with or without a permanent foundation.

Permit Granting Authority - The Zoning Board of Appeals.

Special Permit Granting Authority - Zoning Board of Appeals except as otherwise designated by this Zoning Bylaw for the granting of special permits. For the purposes of SECTION XIVB. FLOOD PLAIN OR WATERSHED PROTECTION DISTRICTS. and SECTION XIVE. WATER SUPPLY PROTECTION DISTRICTS. and SECTION XVIA. SITE PLAN APPROVAL. the Planning Board shall act as the Special Permit Granting Authority for subdivision applications processed under the provisions of the Subdivision Control Law (Chapter 41, Sections 81K - GG M.G.L.) and for approval of projects of significant impact. When the Planning Board is acting as Special Permit Granting Authority, the Chairman may call upon the associate member to sit on the Board for the purposes of acting on an application, in the case of absence, inability to act, or conflict of interest on the part of any member, or in the event of a vacancy on the Board. The provisions for filling the position of associate member shall be governed by Article 45 of the Town Bylaws.

Floor Area Ratio - The floor area of building divided by the commercially zoned lot area. Floor area shall be the sum of the horizontal areas of the several floors of a building as measured from the exterior surface of the exterior walls. Parking garages, interior portions of building devoted to off-street parking, and deck or rooftop parking shall not be considered as floor area. The floor area devoted to a child

care facility (defined to mean a "day care center" or a "school age child care program," as those terms are defined in Section 9 of Chapter 28A M.G.L.) as an accessory use to an allowed use, shall not be considered as floor area for the purposes of the calculation of Floor Area Ratio except that the building floor area shall not exceed 110% of the building floor area otherwise allowed without a child care facility.

Open Space - The portion of a lot not covered by buildings, garages or other accessory buildings or structures, canopies, off-street parking areas, maneuvering aisles, loading areas or driveways. The portions of a lot devoted to lawn; landscaping; swimming pools constructed at or below grade; at grade terraces, patios, walks, tennis or other playcourts; and woodland or wetland shall be considered as open space. Open space shall be free of automotive traffic, or parking.

SECTION II. SINGLE RESIDENCE DISTRICTS.

A. In Single Residence Districts, no new building or structure shall be constructed or used, in whole or in part, and no building or structure, or part thereof, shall be altered, enlarged, reconstructed or used, and no land shall be used, for any purpose except one or more of the following specified uses:

1. One-Family Dwelling
2. Religious Purposes;
3. Educational purposes on land owned or leased by the Commonwealth or any of its agencies, subdivisions or bodies politic or by a religious sect or denomination or by a non-profit educational corporation, provided, however, that all lots, structures or uses shall be subject to the following dimensional criteria:
 - a. Maximum height as defined in SECTION XX., shall be three stories or 40 feet;
 - b. Minimum frontage as defined in SECTION XIX., shall be 100 feet;
 - c. Minimum lot area as defined in SECTION XVIII., shall be as indicated on the Zoning Map as referenced in this Zoning Bylaw;
 - d. Minimum side yard as defined in SECTION XIX., shall be 50 feet;
 - e. Minimum front yard as defined in SECTION XIX., shall have a width of 100 feet and a depth of 50 feet, or such greater distances as may be required by SECTION XIX.;

- f. Minimum open space as defined in SECTION VIA., shall be 75% of the lot area;
- g. Sufficient off-street parking shall be provided so that no vehicle will be required to park on any street, the provisions of SECTION XXI., Subpart 3. DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS. shall apply to any parking lot constructed;

Other provisions of the Zoning Bylaw notwithstanding the above regulations apply to uses permitted under this Clause 3.

- 3A. Child Care Facility (defined to mean a "day care center" or a "school age child care program," as those terms are defined in Section 9 of Chapter 28A M.G.L.) provided that:
 - a. The structure containing such facility and the lot containing such facility shall meet the dimensional zoning requirements for the district in which the structure is located unless the structure is a legally pre-existing, non-conforming building or structure;
 - b. The structure containing such facility and the facility itself shall meet all applicable local, state and federal requirements;
 - c. The fire alarm system shall be installed and tested by a qualified electrician or alarm company pursuant to National Fire Protection Association standards; test certification shall be submitted to the Inspector of Buildings and the Fire Chief with periodic testing done at intervals specified by the Fire Chief;
 - d. Fenced outdoor play area, set back a minimum of 10 feet from any abutting land in single residence use, shall be provided at a ratio of not less than 75 square feet for every child at play, exclusive of the area occupied by play equipment;
 - e. One off-street parking space shall be provided for every paid and unpaid employee, not resident on the premises, so that there is no on-street parking by employees;
 - f. Off-street drop off and pick up area shall be provided at a ratio of one space for every 3 children, unless drop off and pick up area can lawfully be provided on a street abutting the lot;
 - g. off-street parking areas devoted to the parking of 5 or more vehicles shall comply with the SCREENING requirements contained in Subpart 3. Development

Standards of Part D. of SECTION XXI. OFF-STREET PARKING and;

- h. A child care facility located within a Single Residence District shall not exceed a floor area of 2,500 square feet.
- 4. Club, except a club the chief activity of which is a service customarily carried on as a business;
 - 5. Agriculture, horticulture, floriculture, including the use of the premises for the sale of natural products raised thereon except as follows:
 - a. A farm devoted principally to the raising of poultry, horses, domestic animals or other livestock for sale is prohibited unless it meets the minimum acreage requirement as provided in Chapter 40A Massachusetts General Laws, as amended;
 - b. The use of any premises for the sale of loam is prohibited.
 - 6. Home Occupations being lawfully conducted prior to October 24, 1977, subject to any and all restrictions or conditions in effect on said date; and other home occupations provided, however, that as the result of the home occupation:
 - a. There shall be no activity, and no equipment or process shall be used, in the conduct or as the result of the conduct of a home occupation, which disrupts or disturbs the customary character of a residential neighborhood;
 - b. There shall be no employees not resident on the premises;
 - c. There shall be no pickup or delivery of products and/or articles at the premises that is not customary in a residential area;
 - d. No sign advertising, or incidental to the home occupation shall be displayed on the property;
 - e. There shall be no outdoor storage of products or materials;
 - f. There shall be no change in the outside appearance of the premises, including building and grounds;
 - g. There shall be no additional parking permitted;

Upon receipt by the Inspector of Buildings of Notification, in form acceptable to the Inspector of Buildings, from the person or persons wishing to conduct a home occupation, of the intention to conduct said home occupation, home occupations complying with the above standards are permitted as a matter of right.

7. Such accessory uses as are customary in connection with the uses enumerated in clauses 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6, and are incidental thereto, including a private garage and a private stable.
8. Any of the following additional uses upon the granting of a special permit as provided in SECTION XXV.:
 - a. Residence for not more than two families, or boarding or lodging house, but not a restaurant; provided, however, that the building so used was in existence when this Bylaw took effect; and provided further that the Board of Appeals make a written finding that the original building can no longer be used or adapted at a reasonable expense and with a fair financial return for a use regularly permitted in the district.
 - b. Educational purposes in addition to those permitted under clause 3.hereof, and any non-profit purpose provided that:
 - i) Sufficient off-street parking shall be provided so that no vehicle will be required to park on any street, the provisions of SECTION XXI. Subpart 3. DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS. shall apply to any parking lot constructed;
 - ii) No sign identifying the premises shall be displayed on the property except in accordance with SECTION XXI.A. Part C. Subpart 1.a.4. of this Zoning Bylaw;
 - iii) There shall be no disturbance or disruption to any residential neighborhood caused by or as the result of any use permitted under this subclause.
 - c. Public, semi-public institution of a Philanthropic, Charitable or Religious character.
 - d. Community Group Residence in an existing building having a single kitchen facility subject to the following conditions, limitations and dimensional criteria:
 - (i) There shall be no disturbance or disruption to any residential neighborhood caused by the

Community Group Residence or as a result of the operation of the Community Group Residence;

- (ii) The Special Permit Granting Authority shall not grant a special permit for a Community Group Residence where there is another similar facility located within a one half mile radius;
 - (iii) The number of persons residing on the premises shall not exceed the limits contained in Section 424 of the State Building Code;
 - (iv) Minimum lot area as defined in SECTION XVIII. shall be as referenced in this Zoning Bylaw;
 - (v) Minimum side yard as defined in SECTION XIX. shall be 30 feet;
 - (vi) Minimum front yard as defined in SECTION XIX. shall be 30 feet or such greater distance as may be required by SECTION XIX.;
 - (vii) Minimum open space as defined in SECTION VIA. shall be 50% of the lot area;
 - (viii) Sufficient off-street parking shall be provided so that no vehicle will be required to park on any street; the provisions of SECTION XXI. Subpart 3. DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS. shall apply to any parking lot constructed;
 - (ix) There shall be provided a minimum of one bedroom for every two persons residing on the premises;
 - (x) No permit shall be issued or renewed for periods of more than 2 years.
- e. Telephone exchange provided there is no service yard or garage; unless otherwise provided for under SECTION XV. of this Zoning Bylaw.
- f. Removal of sand, gravel, rock, clay, loam or sod therefrom; except that no such permission shall be required for the removal of such materials incidental to excavation necessary for the construction of a building in accordance with a permit which has been issued by the Building Inspector or for the construction of a private way in accordance with a subdivision plan which has been approved by the Planning Board and recorded with Norfolk Deeds or filed in the Land Court if the land is registered.

- g. Residence where more than three (3) persons reside together as a single housekeeping unit and where such persons are not related to one another by blood, adoption or marriage.
- h. Home occupations in addition to those permitted under clause 6 hereof, provided, however, that as the result of the home occupation:
 - (1) There shall be no activity, and no equipment or process shall be used, in the conduct or as the result of the conduct of a home occupation, which disrupts or disturbs the customary character of a residential neighborhood;
 - (2) There shall be no pickup or delivery of products and/or articles that is not customary in a residential area;
 - (3) No sign advertising, or incidental to the home occupation shall be displayed on the property except in accordance with SECTION XXIIA. of this Zoning Bylaw;
 - (4) There shall be no outdoor storage of products or materials;
 - (5) There shall be no change in the outside appearance of the premises, including buildings and grounds, that is not in keeping with the residential character and appearance;
 - (6) There shall be provision for parking on the premises so that no vehicle will be required to park on any street. The required parking area shall retain the character of the residential neighborhood. No substantial enlargement of the width of the residential driveway or other alteration of the driveway within the front yard setback shall be allowed in order to meet this requirement.
 - (7) There shall not be more than the equivalent of two full-time non-resident employees;and provided, further, that no permit shall be issued for more than three years or renewed for periods of more than three years;
- i. Municipally owned or operated public parking lot or other public use.

- j. Such accessory uses as are customary in connection with any of the above subclauses and are incidental thereto.
9. Air Navigation Facility as defined in Massachusetts General Laws; if permission is, in each case, obtained by a two-thirds vote at a Town Meeting duly called for the purpose and if the Special Permit Granting Authority subsequently issues a special permit in accordance with SECTIONS XVIA. and XXV. subject to the following:
- a. All requirements, rules and regulations of the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) and the Massachusetts Aeronautics Commission (MAC) shall be satisfied, and certification and approval by the FAA and the MAC shall be maintained;
 - b. Special permit submissions shall be accompanied by a report which contains:
 - a noise assessment indicating the anticipated noise levels at the nearest residences, streets and roads and any noise mitigation measures;
 - nature and frequency of use;
 - a report on lighting and prevailing wind direction including approach and departure patterns showing any existing structures within the glide paths; and
 - a report on proposed air navigation facility maintenance programs.
 - c. Air Navigation Facilities shall not be located less than 500 feet of any Wellesley residential street, residence, public school or playground;
 - d. Air Navigation Facilities shall not create noise levels greater 65 db at any property line of a Wellesley residence;
 - e. Air Navigation Facilities shall be subject to other requirements and conditions as may be determined by the Special Permit Granting Authority on a case by case basis; and
 - f. A special permit for an Air Navigation Facility shall be subject to annual renewal.

The Special Permit Granting Authority may establish a standard format and content for the submission of applications for approval for an Air Navigation Facility.

The requirements of this paragraph 9. do not override, supersede or replace any FAA or MAC requirements which

may be more restrictive. FAA and MAC requirements shall govern in such instances in the event of a conflict.

- 9A. Any of the following additional uses, if the location of the lands intended for such use has been approved in writing by the Board of Health and if permission in each case is obtained by a majority vote at a Town Meeting:
- a. Cemetery (burial use), provided, however, that where a cemetery is hereafter approved and permitted under this Section and is contiguous to land used or zoned for residential use, the use of the land for a distance of not less than twenty (20) feet into such cemetery land from the border line with such contiguous residential property shall be subject to the following conditions:
 - 1) Structures or buildings or portions thereof shall not be erected within said twenty (20) foot area;
 - 2) Burials shall not be made therein
 - 3) Natural growth of trees and shrubs shall be maintained within said twenty (20) feet.
10. Use by the Town of a building, structure or land for its Municipal Light Plant or its Water Works Plant if, upon application by the Board of Public Works, the Special Permit Granting Authority shall grant a special permit in accordance with SECTION XXV. of this Zoning Bylaw.
11. Conversion of a building and site previously used for a municipal purpose to a use permitted in residential districts provided, such use shall have been recommended to the Town Meeting by the Board of Selectmen as being in the Town's best interest; and provided, further, such use shall be approved by a two-thirds vote of a Town Meeting and be subject to a special permit as hereinafter provided.

In addition to said recommendation of the Board of Selectmen, the Planning Board shall hold a public hearing and make a report to the Town Meeting as to whether there is a need for the use in the Town and whether the use is consistent with the Town's Comprehensive Plan and compatible with surrounding uses. Failure of the Planning Board to make such a report shall not invalidate Town Meeting approval. Plans of the proposed use shall be made available for public review in the offices of the Board of Selectmen and the Planning Board for at least two weeks prior to the public hearing. Said plans shall conform to the specifications for preliminary plans contained in the adopted Design Review Procedures and any

additional procedures that may be adopted by the Board of Selectmen.

Following the dissolution of the Town Meeting, the Zoning Board of Appeals may grant a special permit in accordance with SECTION XXV. which shall include the plans and conditions approved by said Town Meeting vote and any further conditions which the Planning Board shall deem consistent with said Town Meeting approval and the public safety and convenience.

B. SITE PLAN APPROVAL.

The provisions of SECTION XVIA. SITE PLAN APPROVAL. shall apply.

SECTION III. SINGLE RESIDENCE DISTRICTS A.

A. In Single Residence Districts A. no new building or structure shall be constructed or used, in whole or in part, and no building or structure, or part thereof, shall be altered, enlarged, reconstructed or used, and no land shall be used, for any purpose except:

1. Any purpose authorized in a Single Residence District in accordance with and subject to the provisions of SECTION II; or for
2. The temporary open surface parking of passenger cars of persons residing within four hundred (400) feet of such land, and the guests of such persons; or for
3. The temporary open surface parking of passenger cars of employees, customers or guests of establishments which constitute a use permitted by this Bylaw in the district (a) in which such land is situated or, (b) on which it abuts or from which it is separated by a way, provided said cars are not serviced or held for sale or lease on such land.

B. Off-street parking shall be provided in accordance with SECTION XXI.

SECTION IIIA. TOWN HOUSE DISTRICTS.

A. In Town House Districts, no new building or structure shall be constructed or used, in whole or in part, and no building or structure, or part thereof, shall be altered, enlarged, reconstructed or used, and no land shall be used, for any purpose except one or more of the following specified uses:

1. One-family dwelling and with respect thereto any of the purposes authorized in accordance with and subject to the provisions of SECTION II.; in addition, with regard to the multi-family uses hereinafter provided, the Special

Permit Granting Authority may grant a special permit in this district for any other purpose authorized by right or by special permit in Single Residence Districts.

2. Town houses and, in connection therewith, the parking of motor vehicles and other accessory uses as are customary, all subject to conformity with the following requirements:
 - a. MINIMUM LOT OR BUILDING SITE AREA: No such building or group of buildings or other structures shall be erected or placed on a lot containing less than twenty thousand (20,000) square feet in area.
 - b. MINIMUM OPEN SPACE: There shall be provided for each lot a minimum open space of not less than 55%, 65% or 75% of the lot area in accordance with c. below.
 - c. MINIMUM LOT AREA PER DWELLING UNIT: There shall be provided for each dwelling unit contained in the building or buildings a lot area of not less than 6,000 square feet, 5,000 square feet or 4,000 square feet as follows:

A development having not less than 6,000 square feet per dwelling unit shall have not less than 55% open space in accordance with b. above,

A development having not less than 5,000 square feet per unit shall have not less than 65% open space in accordance with b. above,

A development having not less than 4,000 square feet per unit shall have not less than 75% open space in accordance with b. above.
 - d. MAXIMUM LOT COVERAGE: No building or addition to any building, including accessory buildings, shall be erected or placed on a lot which will result in the covering by buildings or more than twenty five percent (25%) of the lot area.
 - e. HEIGHT OF BUILDING OR STRUCTURE: No building shall exceed a maximum of three stories or forty (40) feet in height.
 - f. YARDS: No building or structure shall be located within thirty (30) feet of any property boundary line abutting a Single Residence District or within twenty (20) feet of any other property boundary line.

- g. SEPARATION BETWEEN BUILDINGS: No building or structure shall be located within thirty (30) feet of any other building or structure on the same lot.
- h. LENGTH OF ROW: No building or structure shall contain less than four (4) or more than eight (8) dwelling units.
- i. FRONTAGE: No such building or structure shall be erected on a lot with less than one hundred (100) feet of frontage on a public way or a way shown on a plan approved in accordance with the Subdivision Control Law or otherwise qualifying a lot for frontage under the Subdivision Control Law.
- j. PARKING: Off-street parking shall be provided in accordance with SECTION XXI.
- k. SITE PLAN APPROVAL: The provisions of SECTION XVIA. SITE PLAN APPROVAL. shall apply.

SECTION IV. GENERAL RESIDENCE DISTRICTS.

- A. In General Residence Districts, no new building or structure shall be constructed or used, in whole or in part, and no building or structure, or part thereof, shall be altered, enlarged, reconstructed or used, and no land shall be used, for any purpose except one or more of the following specified uses:
 - 1. Any purpose authorized in Single Residence Districts;
 - 2. Two-family dwelling;
 - 3. Town house of three or more units subject to the following:

	CATEGORY A CONVENTIONAL UNITS (with or without assisted units not qualifying as Category B)	CATEGORY B CONVENTIONAL & 25% ASSISTED UNITS*	CATEGORY C 100% ASSISTED UNITS*
MAXIMUM RESIDENTIAL DENSITY (sq. ft.unit)	7,000	6,000	5,000
MINIMUM LOT OR BLDG. SITE (sq. ft.)	21,000	18,000	15,000
MINIMUM OPEN SPACE	65%	65%	65%
MAXIMUM LOT COVERAGE BY BUILDING	20%	20%	20%
MAXIMUM BLDG. HEIGHT (feet)	40	40	40
MINIMUM LOT FRONTAGE (feet)	120	100	100
MINIMUM BLDG. SETBACKS (ft. from property boundary lines)			
FRONT (STREET SETBACK)	35	30	30
SIDES AND REAR			
ABUTTING SINGLE RESIDENCE ZONING	35	30	30
ABUTTING OTHER ZONING	25	20	20
MINIMUM BLDG. SEPARATION (feet)	30	30	30
MINIMUM & MAXIMUM LENGTH OF ROW (units)	3-6	3-8	3-8

* To qualify for Category B a minimum of 25% of the dwelling units or 1 unit, whichever is greater, shall be assisted

units. To qualify for Category C 100% of the units shall be assisted.

Off-street Parking shall be provided in accordance with SECTION XXI.

4. Boarding or lodging house, but not a restaurant;
5. Such accessory uses as are customary in connection with any of the above subclauses and are incidental thereto, including a private garage and a private stable.

B. SITE PLAN APPROVAL.

The provisions of SECTION XVIA.SITE PLAN APPROVAL. shall apply.

SECTION V. GENERAL RESIDENCE DISTRICTS A.

A. In General Residence Districts A, no new building or structure shall be constructed or used, in whole or in part, and no building or structure, or part thereof, shall be altered, enlarged, reconstructed or used, and no land shall be used, for any purpose except:

1. Any purpose authorized in a General Residence District in accordance with and subject to the provisions of SECTION IV.;
2. The temporary parking of motor vehicles.

B. Off-street parking shall be provided in accordance with SECTION XXI.

SECTION VA. MULTI-FAMILY RESIDENCE DISTRICTS.

A. In Multi-Family Residence Districts, no new building or structure shall be constructed or used, in whole or in part, and no building or structure, or part thereof, shall be altered, enlarged, reconstructed or used, and no land shall be used, for any purpose except one or more of the following:

1. One-family dwelling and with respect thereto any of the purposes authorized in accordance with and subject to the provisions of SECTION II.; in addition, with regard to the multi-family uses hereinafter provided, the Special Permit Granting Authority may grant a special permit in this district for any other purpose authorized by right or by special permit in Single Residence Districts.
2. Any purpose authorized in a Limited Residence District in accordance with and subject to the provisions of SECTION VI. and all other sections applicable to buildings in Limited Residence Districts.

3. A building or group of buildings containing four or more independent dwelling units each having a room or suite of rooms with bathroom and kitchen facilities for such dwelling units, and, in connection therewith, the parking of automobiles and such other accessory uses as are customary; all subject to conformity with the following requirements:
 - a. MINIMUM LOT OR BUILDING SITE AREA: No such building or group of buildings or other structures shall be erected on a lot containing less than twenty thousand (20,000) square feet.
 - b. MINIMUM OPEN SPACE: There shall be provided for each lot or building site area a minimum open space of not less than 40 percent of the lot area.
 - c. MINIMUM LOT AREA PER DWELLING UNIT: There shall be provided for each dwelling unit contained in the building or buildings a lot area of not less than three thousand (3,000) square feet.
 - d. MAXIMUM LOT COVERAGE: No building or addition to any building, including accessory buildings, shall be erected or placed on a lot which will result in the covering by buildings of more than thirty per cent (30%) of the lot or building site area.
 - e. MAXIMUM HEIGHT OF BUILDING OR STRUCTURE: No building shall exceed a maximum of three (3) stories or forty-five (45) feet in height.
 - f. YARDS: No building or structure shall be placed within thirty (30) feet of any property line abutting a public or private way or within twenty (20) feet of any other property boundary line.
 - g. FRONTAGE: No such building or structure shall be erected on a lot with less than eighty (80) feet of frontage on a public way or a way approved in accordance with the Subdivision Control Law or otherwise qualifying a lot for frontage under the Subdivision Control Law.
 - h. OFF-STREET PARKING:
 - (1) There shall be provided a permanent off-street parking area or areas, surface and/or underground, of sufficient size to provide not less than one and 5/10 (1.5) automobile spaces for each dwelling unit providing two bedrooms or less and two (2) automobile spaces for each dwelling unit providing three (3) bedrooms or more to be accommodated on the lot.

(2) All off-street parking facilities shall be designed and constructed in accordance with the provisions of SECTION XXI.

- i. SITE PLAN APPROVAL: The provisions of SECTION XVIA. SITE PLAN APPROVAL. shall apply.

SECTION VI. LIMITED RESIDENCE DISTRICTS.

- A. In Limited Residence Districts, no new building or structure shall be constructed or used, in whole or in part, and no building or structure, or part thereof, shall be altered, enlarged, reconstructed or used, and no land shall be used, for any purpose except one or more of the following:
 1. One-family dwelling and with respect thereto any of the purposes authorized in accordance with and subject to the provisions of SECTION II.; in addition, with regard to the multi-family uses hereinafter provided, the Special Permit Granting Authority may grant a special permit in this district for any other purpose authorized by right or by special permit in Single Residence Districts.
 2. A building or group of buildings operated by a non-profit organization and having three or more independent dwelling units each having a room or suite of rooms with its own bathroom and toilet facilities for occupancy by a family unit consisting of one or more persons at least one-half of whom are 62 years of age or older, such building or group of buildings having separate kitchen facilities for such dwelling units and/or central kitchen and dining facilities for the preparation and serving of meals to residents thereof (but not to the public), and at the option of the owner, lounge rooms for the common use of the residents thereof, also in connection therewith, the parking of automobiles and such other accessory uses as are customary; all subject to conformity with the requirements of the following subparagraphs (a) through (h) of this paragraph. For the purposes of this Section the term "non-profit organization" shall mean a corporation foundation or other organization not organized for profit, no part of the net earnings of which inures to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual, and which shall pay real estate taxes on its property, or make equivalent payment in lieu thereof to the Town.
 - a. MINIMUM LOT OR BUILDING SITE AREA: No such building or group of buildings or other structures shall be erected or placed on a lot containing less than forty thousand (40,000) square feet in area.
 - b. MINIMUM LOT AREA PER DWELLING UNIT: There shall be provided a lot area of not less than twenty-five hundred (2,500) square feet for each dwelling unit.

- c. MAXIMUM BUILDING AREA (LOT COVERAGE): No building or addition to any building, including accessory buildings, shall be erected or placed on a lot which will result in the covering by buildings of more than twenty percent (20%) of the lot area.
 - d. HEIGHT OF BUILDING OR STRUCTURE: No building shall exceed a maximum of two and one-half (2 1/2) stories of thirty (30) feet in height.
 - e. FRONT YARD, SIDE YARD AND REAR YARD: No building or structure shall be located within thirty (30) feet of any property boundary line abutting a public or private way or within twenty (20) feet of any other property boundary line.
 - f. PARKING: Off-street parking shall be provided in accordance with SECTION XXI.
 - g. CONVERSION: No conversion of an existing building shall be made without a special permit as provided in SECTION XXV.
 - h. SITE PLAN APPROVAL: The provisions of SECTION XVIA. SITE PLAN APPROVAL. shall apply.
3. A building or group of buildings operated as public housing for the elderly, and in connection therewith, the parking of automobiles and such other accessory uses as are customary; all subject to conformity with the following:
- a. FRONT YARD, SIDE YARD AND REAR YARD: No building or structure shall be located within thirty (30) feet of any property boundary line abutting a public or private way or within twenty (20) feet of any other property boundary line.
 - b. PARKING: Off-street parking shall be provided in accordance with SECTION XXI.
 - c. CONVERSION: No conversion of an existing building shall be made without a special permit as provided in SECTION XXV.
 - d. SITE PLAN APPROVAL. The provisions of SECTION XVIA. SITE PLAN APPROVAL. shall apply.

SECTION VIA. LIMITED APARTMENT DISTRICTS.

- A. In Limited Apartment Districts, no new building or structure shall be constructed or used, in whole or in part, and no building or structure, or part thereof, shall be altered,

enlarged, reconstructed or used, and no land shall be used, for any purpose except one or more of the following:

1. One-family dwelling and with respect thereto any of the purposes authorized in accordance with and subject to the provisions of SECTION II., in addition, with regard to the multi-family uses hereinafter provided, the Special Permit Granting Authority may grant a special permit in this district for any other purpose authorized by right or by special permit in Single Residence Districts.
2. Any purpose authorized in an Educational District in accordance with and subject to the provisions of SECTION VII. and all other sections applicable to buildings in Educational Districts;
3. A building or group of buildings containing twenty or more independent dwelling units each having a room or suite of rooms with bathroom and kitchen facilities for such dwelling units, and, in connection therewith, the parking of automobiles and such other accessory uses as are customary; all subject to conformity with the requirements of the following subparagraphs (a) through (i) of this paragraph.
 - a. MINIMUM LOT OR BUILDING SITE AREA: No such building or group of buildings or other structures shall be erected or placed on a lot containing less than eighty thousand (80,000) square feet in area.
 - b. MINIMUM OPEN SPACE: There shall be provided for each lot or building site area a minimum open space of not less than 75 percent of the lot area.
 - c. MINIMUM LOT AREA PER DWELLING UNIT: There shall be provided for each independent dwelling unit contained in the building or buildings a lot area of not less than eighteen hundred (1,800) square feet.
 - d. ELEVATION OF BUILDING OR STRUCTURE:
 - (i) No exterior wall of any building shall exceed a height of forty-five (45) feet measured from the finished grade elevation of the land adjoining said wall, exclusive of parapets or cornices.
 - (ii) Vertical projections not designed or used for human occupancy constructed above the main roof elevation shall be permitted but shall not occupy a total number of square feet of the roof which shall exceed in aggregate of fifteen percent (15%) of the total ground coverage of the building and shall not extend

more than fifteen (15) feet above the main roof elevation of the building.

(iii) For the purpose of this Bylaw, the finished grade shall mean the elevation of the completed surface of the land, such as lawns, walks, or paving, as determined by field survey or as shown on official plans.

(iv) No building shall contain more than four (4) stories. As used herein, the term story shall mean a building level designed or used for human occupancy, but shall not include a level designed or used for occupancy only by custodial personnel.

- e. YARDS AND SET-BACKS: No buildings or structures shall be erected or placed above ground level nearer than sixty (60) feet to any street line, or forty (40) feet to any public land held or in use for a park, playground or recreational purpose, or fifty (50) feet to any area in the Single residence or General Residence District, or twenty-five (25) feet to any area in any other District.
- f. SCREENING: Shall be provided in accordance with SECTION XXI.
- g. PARKING: There shall be provided a permanent off-street parking area or areas, surface and/or underground, of sufficient size to provide not less than one and 5/10 (1.5) car spaces for each dwelling unit providing two bedrooms or less and two (2) car spaces for each dwelling unit providing three (3) bedrooms or more to be accommodated on the lot. All off-street parking facilities shall be designed with appropriate maneuvering area and with appropriate vehicular access to a street or way. Access to and from such facilities shall be through a single driveway (or not more than two (2) driveways where the lot concerned exceeds ten (10) acres in size) not over twenty-four (24) feet in width, and having an opening or curb cut at the street line suitable and appropriate to the driveway width. The area devoted to parking and the area devoted to roadways, drives, and maneuverability of vehicles thereto shall be suitably graded, provided and maintained with a permanent dust free surface, shall be provided with adequate drainage and shall have bumper guards where needed for safety. If lighting is provided, the source of light shall be so arranged and shielded as to prevent direct glare from the light source into any public street, private way, or onto adjacent property. Surface parking areas shall be

adequately screened from view, as provided under subparagraph (f) above.

In any surface parking area, where there is a continuous row of more than fifteen (15) parking spaces, a landscaped open space, not less than five (5) feet in width shall be provided, so that there are no more than fifteen (15) spaces in a continuous row which are not interrupted by such landscaped open space. Where abutting the perimeter of the surface parking area, such space shall extend from the maneuvering aisle to the perimeter of the area; where in the interior portion, such space shall extend from the aisle serving one row of parking spaces in an open space parallel to such spaces to the aisle serving the row of spaces facing the first row. At least one tree shall be maintained in such space within ten (10) feet of the aisle. Any surface parking area which abuts or faces a lot in a Residential District shall be screened in accordance with Subparagraph (f) hereabove in a manner to protect abutting lots from the glare of headlights, noise and other nuisance factors. The location and design of entrances, exits, surfacing, landscaping, parking, drainage, maneuverability of vehicles, and lighting shall be subject to the approval of the Board of Appeals to insure adequate relation to traffic safety and protection of adjacent properties.

- h. SITE PLAN APPROVAL: The provisions of SECTION XVIA. SITE PLAN APPROVAL. shall apply.
- i. CONFLICT WITH ANY OTHER PROVISIONS: In case of any conflict between explicit provisions of this SECTION VIA. and other sections of this Bylaw, the provisions of this Section shall control.

SECTION VII. EDUCATIONAL DISTRICTS.

- A. In Educational Districts, no new building or structure shall be constructed or used, in whole or in part, and no building or structure, or part thereto, shall be altered, enlarged, reconstructed or used, and no land shall be used, for any purpose except one or more of the following specified uses:
 - 1. Any purpose authorized in Single Residence Districts;
 - 2. Classroom library, auditorium or other educational building or use, and such accessory uses as are customary.
 - 3. Dormitories, and such accessory uses as are customary;

4. Multi-family dwellings for the housing of faculty, staff and/or employees of the educational institution and such accessory uses as are customary; provided, however, that town houses shall conform in all respects, with the exception of off-street parking, to the provisions of SECTION IIIA. TOWN HOUSE DISTRICTS. and apartments shall conform in all respects, with the exception of off-street parking, to the provisions of SECTION VIA. LIMITED APARTMENT DISTRICTS.

B. SITE PLAN APPROVAL.

The provisions of SECTION XVIA. SITE PLAN APPROVAL. shall apply.

SECTION VIII. EDUCATIONAL DISTRICTS A.

- A. In Educational Districts A, no new building or structure shall be constructed or used, in whole or in part, and no building or structure, or part thereof, shall be altered, enlarged, reconstructed or used, and no land shall be used, for any purpose except one or more of the following:

1. Any purpose authorized in an Educational District in accordance with and subject to the provisions of SECTION VII.; or for
2. The temporary parking of motor vehicles.

- B. Off-street parking shall be provided in accordance with SECTION XXI.

SECTION VIIIA. EDUCATIONAL DISTRICTS B.

- A. In Educational Districts B, no new building or structure shall be constructed or used, in whole or in part, and no building or structure, or part thereof, shall be altered, enlarged, reconstructed or used, and no land shall be used, for any purpose except one or more of the following:

1. Any purpose authorized in an Educational District in accordance with and subject to the provisions of SECTION VII.
2. Buildings, equipment and other facilities for ice skating, curling, tennis, squash, handball and swimming, for participants and spectators, whether public or private, and whether or not operated for profit, also in connection therewith, the parking of motor vehicles; and also such other accessory uses as are customary when contained within or attached to the physical education or physical recreation buildings; all subject to conformity with the following requirements:

- a. No building or other structure shall be erected or placed on a lot containing less than eighty thousand (80,000) square feet in area.
- b. Minimum Open Space: There shall be provided for each lot a minimum open space of not less than 60 percent of the lot area.
- c. No building or structure, or addition to any building, shall be erected or placed on a lot which will result in the covering by buildings or structures of more than twenty percent (20%) of the lot area.
- d. No building or structure other than accessory buildings shall be located within one hundred (100) feet of any property boundary line abutting a public or private way or within one hundred (100) feet of any other property boundary line. No accessory buildings may be erected within fifty (50) feet of such property boundary lines.
- e. Off-street parking shall be provided in accordance with SECTION XXI. but no such off-street parking shall be within one hundred (100) feet of any lot line of any land in residential districts or used for residential purposes.
- f. SITE PLAN APPROVAL: The provisions of SECTION XVIIIA. SITE PLAN APPROVAL. shall apply.
- g. For the purposes of this Subsection VIII. A2., the terms "structure" shall include an uncovered tennis court or an uncovered swimming pool.
- h. No more than one thousand six hundred (1600) permanent spectator seats shall be provided.

SECTION IX. ADMINISTRATIVE AND PROFESSIONAL DISTRICTS.

- A. In Administrative and Professional Districts, no new building or structure shall be constructed or used, in whole or in part, and no building or structure, or part thereof, shall be altered, enlarged, reconstructed or used, and no land shall be used, for any purpose except one or more of the following:
 - 1. Any purpose authorized in the Single Residence Districts;
 - 2. Administrative offices, clerical offices, statistical offices, professional offices, establishments for research and development, including light manufacturing incidental to such research and development, and any additional use for which a special permit may be obtained in accordance with SECTION XXV. after the determination by the Special Permit Granting Authority that the

proposed use is similar to one or more of the uses specifically authorized by this SECTION IX. also, in connection therewith, the parking of motor vehicles and such other accessory uses as are customary; all subject to conformity with the following requirements:

- a. No building or other structure shall be erected or placed on a lot containing less than forty thousand (40,000) square feet in area.
 - b. No building or addition to any building shall be erected or placed on a lot which will result in the covering by buildings of more than 20% of the lot area.
 - c. No building or structure other than accessory buildings shall be located within fifty (50) feet of any property boundary line abutting a public or private way or within fifty (50) feet of any other property boundary line. No accessory buildings may be erected within thirty (30) feet of any such property boundary lines.
 - d. Off-street parking shall be provided in accordance with SECTION XXI.
 - e. SITE PLAN APPROVAL. The provisions of SECTION XVIIIA. SITE PLAN APPROVAL. shall apply.
 - f. FLOOR AREA RATIO: The maximum floor area ratio as defined in SECTION IA. DEFINITIONS. shall be 0.30.
- B. As to any project proposed to be built on land within the Administrative and Professional District containing at least fourteen (14) contiguous acres within such District and having its principal driveway within 1,000 feet of an access ramp to or from a road which is part of the interstate highway system, the Planning Board shall, upon a finding that the following requirements have been satisfied, grant a special permit allowing (i) an increase in the maximum Floor Area Ratio above 0.3 (but not in excess of 0.4) as provided below, and (ii) an increase in the maximum number of stories to four:

1. Setbacks.

From residential land

The minimum setback of buildings from property boundary lines of land used for residential purposes shall be 100 feet.

From non-residential land

The minimum setback of buildings from property boundary lines of land used for purposes other than residential purposes shall be 50 feet.

2. Screening. The setback areas abutting land used for residential purposes shall be landscaped and screened by way of berms and plantings sufficient to substantially shield abutting land from parking areas and buildings, all in accordance with a plan drawn by a registered landscape architect. This plan shall be reviewed and approved by the Design Review Board. The approved screening plan shall be incorporated into the required site plan approval under Section XVIA.
3. Lighting. An exterior lighting plan showing the location and design of light posts and luminaries for all exterior lighting shall be reviewed and approved by the Design Review Board. Unless specifically otherwise approved, no light posts shall exceed 18 feet in height from the applicable surface grade, and luminaries shall be of a type having a total cutoff of less than 90 degrees, and shall direct the light onto the site. The approved lighting plan shall be incorporated into the required site plan approval under Section XVIA.
4. Minimum Open Space. Open space, as defined in Section 1A, shall be at least thirty percent (30%) of the lot area, and open space equal to at least fifteen percent (15%) of the lot area shall be contiguous.
5. Site Security. The petitioner shall present to the Planning Board a certification by the Chief of Police to the effect that the petitioner has proposed a written plan for site security, which plan has been approved by the Chief of Police.
6. Traffic Management. The Board of Selectmen shall have approved a Traffic Demand Management ("TDM") program. The goal of the TDM program shall be to promote the efficient management and reduction of vehicle trips to and from the site, through the use of practices that may include (but shall not be limited to) car pooling, van pooling, ride sharing, flexible/staggered work hours, four day work weeks, membership and participation in programs of a transportation management agency, shuttle services to and from public transportation, and the use of on-site services, such as food service, banking and fitness facilities for occupants of the project and their guests.

Upon a finding by the Planning Board that the proposed plan and project description (i) satisfies the foregoing requirements, and (ii) shows that the total open space exceeds thirty percent (30%) of the lot area, and (iii) shows that at least ten percent (10%) of the lot area is Enhanced Open Space (as defined below), the Planning Board shall grant a special permit allowing an increase in floor area ratio (as defined in Section IA. DEFINITIONS) above 0.30 (but in no event in excess of 0.40), as follows: there shall be allowed an increase in FAR of 0.01 for each percent of open space over thirty percent (30%). If the Planning Board is unable to make the findings

described in clauses (i)-(iii) above, the Planning Board shall not issue any such special permit.

The term "Enhanced Open Space" shall mean open space that enhances the quality of the community, such as (i) so-called "fitness trails" or walking/jogging paths, that may be made available to the public for passive recreational uses, or (ii) open space that enriches the local environmental and aesthetic and visual quality of the town, such as large (in excess of one acre) wooded or other open areas that are visible from public ways, or (iii) significant areas of contiguous open space that enhance the efficient absorption and drainage of storm water. With respect to open space that is made available for use by the public, the availability of such areas to the public may be limited or otherwise regulated (such as with respect to hours of availability) in a manner that is consistent with the operation, security and management of corporate office facilities.

SECTION IXA. PLANNED DEVELOPMENT DISTRICTS.

A. In Planned Development Districts, no new building or structure shall be constructed or used, in whole or in part, and no building or structure, or part thereof, shall be altered, enlarged, reconstructed or used, and no land shall be used, for any purpose except as follows:

1. USES PERMITTED

a. Residential

- (1) Town houses;
- (2) Apartment houses.

b. Commercial Entertainment

- (1) Hotel, motel or inn;
- (2) Restaurant, tea room or other eating place;
- (3) Theater, hall, club, or other indoor places of amusement or assembly.

c. Commercial Retail/Office

- (1) Store, sales room, or showroom for the conduct of retail business, excluding facilities for the sales of motor vehicles, mobile homes, house trailers, or recreational trailers or vehicles;
- (2) Personal services;
- (3) Bank or other financial institution;
- (4) Business or professional offices.

d. Parking

- (1) Public or private parking lots, garages or structures for the temporary parking of motor vehicles.
- e. Such accessory uses as are customary in connection with the uses enumerated in subparagraphs a., b., and c. above.
- f. Any of the following uses upon the granting of a special permit in accordance with SECTION XXV. provided, however, that the use requested was in existence within the Planned Development District when this Zoning Bylaw took effect, and provided that parking is provided in accordance with the provisions of SECTION XXI.:
 - (1) Gasoline filling station;
 - (2) Printing Plant.

2. MINIMUM LOT OR DEVELOPMENT SITE AREA

No building or group of buildings shall be erected on a lot or development site area containing less than ten (10) acres.

3. DENSITY AND DESIGN STANDARDS

a. Mix of land uses

- (1) A maximum of fifty percent (50%) of the total lot or development site area shall be devoted to residential use.
- (2) A maximum of twenty-five percent (25%) of the total lot or development site area shall be devoted to commercial entertainment use.
- (3) A maximum of fifty percent (50%) of the total lot or development site area shall be devoted to commercial retail and/or office use.
- (4) A maximum of ten percent (10%) of the total lot or development site area shall be devoted to uses permitted in accordance with Paragraph 1., Subparagraph f. above.

Parking required to serve each of the uses specified above shall be considered within that portion of the lot or development site devoted to that particular use.

Uses permitted in accordance with Paragraph 1. Subparagraph c., clauses (1), (2), and (3) shall be restricted to ground floor locations provided that the Special Permit Granting Authority may, subject to a determination that adequate provisions are made for pedestrian

circulation, grant a special permit for other locations of such use.

b. Residential Density

The density of residential development within that portion of the site devoted to residential use shall not exceed the following:

- | | |
|-----------------|---------------------|
| (1) Town Houses | 1/4,000 square feet |
| (2) Apartments | 1/1,800 square feet |

c. Minimum Open Space: There shall be provided for each lot or development site area a minimum open space of not less than the following:

- (1) 60 percent of the area devoted to residential use.
- (2) 30 percent of the area devoted to commercial entertainment, commercial retail or office use.

Should residential and non-residential uses be contained within a single structure, the percentage of gross floor area associated with each use shall be used for the purpose of determining said minimum open space.

d. Elevation of Buildings or Structures

- (1) No exterior wall of any building shall exceed a height of forty-five (45) feet measured from the finished grade elevation of the land adjoining said wall, exclusive of parapets or cornices, provided, however, that where the Planned Development District abuts land zoned for residential purposes or a street, the area opposite which is zoned for residential purposes, the maximum height of any building shall not exceed that of any structure within one hundred (100) feet of the boundary of the Planned Development District for a depth of eighty (80) feet within the Planned Development District.
- (2) Vertical projections not designed or used for human occupancy constructed above the main roof elevation shall be permitted but shall not occupy a total number of square feet of the roof which shall exceed an aggregate of fifteen percent (15%) of the total ground coverage of the building and shall not extend more than fifteen (15) feet above the main roof elevation of the building.

- (3) For the purpose of this Bylaw, the finished grade shall mean the elevation of the completed surface of the land, such as lawns, walks, or paving, as determined by field survey or as shown on official plans.
- (4) No building shall contain more than four (4) stories. As used herein, the term story shall mean a building level designed or used for human occupancy, but shall not include a level designed or used for occupancy only by custodial personnel.

e. Yards and Setbacks

No buildings or structures shall be erected or placed above ground level nearer to any street or Zoning District boundary line than the following:

Use:	Zoning Boundary Single Residence (1) or General Residence	Zoning (1) Boundary Other Than S.R. or G.R.
Residential:		
Town Houses	30'	60'
Apartments	40'	60'
Commercial Entertainment:		
Hotel, etc.	50'	30'
Restaurant, etc.	50'	0'
Theater, etc.	50'	0'
Commercial Retail/Office:		
Store, etc.	50'	0'
Bank, etc.	50'	0'
Business/Professional Office	50'	0'
Personal Service	50'	0'

- (1) Measurement shall be made from the zoning district boundary or from the street line where the land opposite the Planned Development District but having frontage on the same street as the Planned Development is not within a Planned Development District.

f. Parking

- (1) Off-street parking shall be provided in accordance with the following:

Use	Number of Spaces
-----	------------------

- (a) Residential
 - 1.5 per one or two bedroom unit
 - 2.0 per three bedroom unit

- (b) Commercial Entertainment
 - (i) Hotel, etc. 1 per 1 guest room
 - (ii) Restaurant, etc. 1 per 100 square feet of area in which food is served
 - (iii) Theater, etc. 1 per each 4 seats

- (c) Commercial Retail
 - (i) Store, etc. 1 per 150 square feet of floor area
 - (ii) Personal Services 1 per 300 square feet of floor area
 - (iii) Bank, etc. 1 per 300 square feet of floor area
 - (iv) Offices 1 per 300 square feet of floor area

- (2) The design, construction and screening of off-street parking, except that provided within underground garages or elevated parking structures, shall be in accordance with the provisions of SECTION XXI.

- (3) All parking required to serve a building or use shall be located within a walking distance of six hundred (600) feet of that building or use.

- (4) In any Planned Development District the required number of parking spaces shall be reduced by ten percent (10%) when at least some portion of the lot or development site area is devoted to each of the following uses:
 - (i) Residential
 - (ii) Theater, or other use which, in the opinion of the Board of Appeals, would require off-street parking at times different from the other uses included within the lot or development site area.
 - (iii) Commercial Retail or Office.

g. Lighting

All artificial lighting used to illuminate a parking or storage area, maneuvering space, driveway, walkway, or pedestrian plaza or mall shall be arranged and shielded so as to prevent direct glare from the light source into any public street or private way or onto adjacent property.

h. Location of Activities

All commercial entertainment, commercial retail and/or office activities, with the exception of those accessory to uses permitted by Paragraph 1., Subparagraph b., items 1 and 2, shall be carried on within a building or structure.

4. SITE PLAN APPROVAL

The provisions of SECTION XVIA. SITE PLAN APPROVAL. shall apply.

SECTION IXB. LOWER FALLS VILLAGE COMMERCIAL DISTRICT.

A. Purpose: To establish a commercial zoning district for Lower Falls that allows for commercial reinvestment and improvements, while protecting the quality of the immediately surrounding residential neighborhoods.

B. In Lower Falls Village Commercial Districts, no new building or structure shall be constructed or used, in whole or in part, and no building or structure, or part thereof, shall be altered, enlarged, reconstructed or used, and no land shall be used, for any purpose except one or more of the following specified uses:

1. Residence for more than two families, apartment house, apartment hotel, hotel or inn;
2. Restaurant, cafe, outside dining area, or other eating place for the sale of any food or beverage; drive through windows where food or beverage is purchased by customers in vehicles are not allowed;
3. Retail store having less than 10,000 square feet of floor area where all items for sale or rent are kept inside a building; including artisan shops for the creation of pottery, jewelry, clothing, sculpture, and similar artistic and craft activities;
4. Theater, hall, club, or other place of assembly;
5. Office, bank or other monetary institution; drive through windows where transactions are made by customers in vehicles are not allowed;
6. Public or semi-public building;

7. Such accessory uses as are customary in connection with any of the uses enumerated in clauses 1,2,3,4,5 and 6 are incidental thereto; such as the temporary parking of motor vehicles of customers and clients patronizing a use allowed in the district; drive through windows where business is conducted from vehicles shall not be considered as customary accessory use;
8. Any additional use for which a special permit may be obtained in a specific case, as hereinafter provided in Section XXV. after the determination by the Special Permit Granting Authority that the proposed uses is similar to one or more of the uses specifically authorized by this section.
9. Any of the following uses upon granting of a special permit as provided in Section XXV.
 - a. Sale or rental of tools and/or equipment involving outdoor storage.
 - b. Retail store having 10,000 or more square feet of floor area.

C. Site Plan Approval

The provisions of Section XVIA. Site Plan Approval. shall apply.

D. Parking: Off-street parking shall be provided in accordance with Section XXI.

E. Floor Area Ratio: The maximum floor area ratio as defined in Section IA. Definitions., shall be 0.30 except that the floor area ratio may be increased above 0.30 (but not in excess of 1.0) subject to the terms of a special permit granted by the Planning Board in accordance with the following:

1. A report shall have been received from the Design Review Board finding that
 - a. the proposed project is consistent with the Wellesley Lower Falls Plan, Zoning, Urban Design and Landscape Guidelines ("Lower Falls Guidelines") adopted by the Planning Board which guidelines encourage retail activities at the street edge, pedestrian-oriented uses, improvement of building facades to enhance the pedestrian experience, improving the landscape and facilitating pedestrian access to and use of the river-front;
 - b. the proposed project is consistent with the design criteria listed in Section XXII.;
2. The proposed project shall provide and/or contribute toward pedestrian and bicycle amenities and shall, as

applicable, accommodate pedestrian and bicycle circulation and safety in accordance with the Lower Falls Guidelines and nationally recognized and accepted standards;

3. The proposed project shall provide and/or contribute toward the improvement of pedestrian access to the river; and
4. The proposed project shall provide and/or contribute toward the creation of a village center, town green or mini-park to further enhance the pedestrian experience in Lower Falls.

SECTION X. LIMITED BUSINESS DISTRICTS.

- A. In Limited Business Districts, no new building or structure shall be constructed or used, in whole or in part, and no building or structure, or part thereof, shall be altered, enlarged, reconstructed or used, and no land shall be used, for any purpose except one or more of the following:
 1. Any purpose authorized in Single Residence Districts;
 2. Any purpose authorized in Administrative and Professional Districts in accordance with and subject to the provisions of SECTION IX;
 3. Hotel, motel, inn and a restaurant operated in conjunction with such hotel, motel or inn and any additional use for which a special permit may be obtained in accordance with SECTION XXV., after the determination by the Special Permit Granting Authority that the proposed use is similar to one or more of the uses specifically authorized by this SECTION X.; also, in connection therewith, the parking of automobiles and such other accessory uses as are customary, all subject to conformity with the following requirements:
 - a. No building or other structure shall be erected or placed on a lot containing less than forty thousand (40,000) square feet in area.
 - b. No building or addition to any building shall be erected or placed on a lot which will result in the covering by buildings of more than twenty per cent (20%) of the lot area.
 - b. No building or structure other than accessory buildings shall be located within fifty (50) feet of any property boundary line abutting a public or private way or within thirty (30) feet of any other property boundary line. No accessory buildings shall be located within thirty (30) feet of any such property boundary lines.

- c. Off-street parking shall be provided in accordance with SECTION XXI.
- e. No facilities for the preparation of food shall be permitted in individual guest rooms or suites.
- f. SITE PLAN APPROVAL. The provisions of SECTION XVIA. SITE PLAN APPROVAL. shall apply.
- g. FLOOR AREA RATIO. The maximum floor area ratio as defined in SECTION IA. DEFINITIONS. shall be 0.30.

SECTION XI. BUSINESS DISTRICTS.

- A. In Business Districts, no new building or structure shall be constructed or used, in whole or in part, and no building or structure, or part thereof, shall be altered, enlarged, reconstructed or used, and no land shall be used, for any purpose except one or more of the following specified uses:
 - 1. Any purpose authorized in Single Residence, General Residence or Educational Districts;
 - 2. Residence for more than two families, apartment house, apartment hotel, hotel, or inn;
 - 3. Restaurant, tea room or other eating place for the sale of any food or beverage for consumption off the lot or within a building on the lot; drive through windows where food or beverage is purchased by customers in vehicles are not allowed except by special permit under clause 13. hereof;
 - 4. Retail store having less than 50,000 square feet of floor area where all items for sale or rent are kept inside a building.

Drive through windows where items or services are provided to customers in vehicles and retail stores having 50,000 or more square feet of floor area are not allowed except by special permit under clause 13. hereof;
 - 5. Theater, hall, club or other place of assembly;
 - 6. Office, bank or other monetary institution; drive through windows where transactions are made by customers in vehicles are not allowed except by special permit under clause 13. hereof;
 - 7. Public or semi-public building;
 - 8. Storage or parking of motor vehicles, gasoline filling station, motor vehicle repair shop, printing plant or telephone exchange; but not including auto body repair and painting shop or automated or mechanical car wash;

9. Veterinary hospital or other medical institution for the care of animals and in connection therewith a boarding kennel and pound, provided that all activities shall be within a building except for exercise runs which may be maintained outside a building as an accessory use thereto, provided that such runs shall not occupy a total area in excess of four hundred (400) square feet or be located within one hundred (100) feet of any business or residential use; and that approval has been received from the Director of Public Health of the Town, and a license has been secured in accordance with Section 137A, Chapter 140, of the Massachusetts General Laws as amended;
10. Light manufacturing of products, the major portion of which is to be sold at retail on the premises by the manufacturer to the consumer; provided that no light manufacturing shall be carried on in a Business District which is prohibited or not authorized in the Industrial Districts or which is prohibited in SECTION XVI and provided further, that the total floor space used for such light manufacturing on any one lot or on adjoining lots, if part of the same establishment, does not exceed an area of fifteen hundred square feet, unless a special permit is obtained as hereinafter provided in SECTION XXV for the use of an additional specified amount of floor space if the Special Permit Granting Authority finds that such additional floor space is reasonably necessary in the conduct of the business, and that the use of such additional floor space would not violate this Section or SECTION XVI. hereof;
11. Such accessory uses as are customary in connection with any of the uses enumerated in clauses 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9, and are incidental thereto; such as the temporary parking of motor vehicles of customers and clients patronizing a use allowed in the district; drive through windows where business is conducted from vehicles shall not be considered as a customary accessory use;
12. Any additional use for which a special permit may be obtained in a specific case, as hereinafter provided in SECTION XXV. after the determination by the Special Permit Granting Authority that the proposed use is similar to one or more of the uses specifically authorized by this Section.
13. Any of the following uses upon the granting of a special permit as provided in SECTION XXV.:
 - a. Automated or mechanical car wash;
 - b. Dry cleaning establishment where chemical solvents are used on the premises;

- c. Motor vehicle sales;
- d. Motor vehicle body repair and/or painting shop;
- e. Sale or rental of trailers, boats or recreational vehicles;
- f. Sale or rental of tools and/or equipment involving outdoor storage;
- g. Retail sales where one or more items for sale or rent are kept outside a building;
- h. Sale of products or items from trailers and vehicles
- i. Drive through windows where business is transacted from the vehicles of customers or patrons;
- j. Retail store having 50,000 or more square feet of floor area.

B. SITE PLAN APPROVAL.

The provisions of SECTION XVIA. SITE PLAN APPROVAL. shall apply.

C. Off-street parking shall be provided in accordance with SECTION XXI.

D. FLOOR AREA RATIO: The maximum floor area ratio as defined in SECTION IA. DEFINITIONS. shall be 0.30.

SECTION XII. BUSINESS DISTRICTS A.

A. In Business Districts A, no new building or structure shall be constructed or used, in whole or in part, and no building or structure, or part thereof, shall be altered, enlarged, reconstructed or used, and no land shall be used, for any purpose except one or more of the purposes authorized in a Business District.

B. Off-street parking shall be provided in accordance with SECTION XXI.

C. SITE PLAN APPROVAL.

The provisions of SECTION XVIA. SITE PLAN APPROVAL. shall apply.

D. FLOOR AREA RATIO: The maximum floor area ratio as defined in SECTION IA. DEFINITIONS. shall be 0.30.

SECTION XIII. INDUSTRIAL DISTRICTS.

A. In Industrial Districts, no new building or structure shall be constructed or used, in whole or in part, and no building or

structure, or part thereof, shall be altered, enlarged, reconstructed or used, and no land shall be used, for any purpose except:

1. Any purpose or accessory use which is authorized in Single Residence, General Residence, Educational or Business Districts;
2. Light manufacturing and assembly;
3. Dry cleaning establishment where chemical solvents are used on the premises;
4. Motor vehicle sales and service;
5. Motor vehicle body repair and/or painting shop;
6. Sale or rental of trailers, boats or recreational vehicles;
7. Sale or rental of tools and/or equipment involving out door storage;
8. Retail sales where one or more items for sale or rent are kept outside a building;
9. Sale of products or items from trailers and vehicles subject to the provisions of SECTION XVI., D.
10. Such accessory uses as are customary in connection with any of the uses enumerated in clauses 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9 are incidental thereto; such as the temporary parking of motor vehicles of customers and clients patronizing a use allowed in the district; drive through windows where business is conducted from vehicles shall not be considered as a customary accessory use;
11. Any of the following uses upon the granting of a special permit as provided in SECTION XXV.:
 - a. Automated or mechanical car wash;
 - b. Drive through windows where business is transacted from the vehicles of customers or patrons.
12. Any additional use for which a special permit may be obtained in a specific case, as hereinafter provided in SECTION XXV. after the determination by the Special Permit Granting Authority that the proposed use is similar to one or more of the uses specifically authorized by this Section.

B. SITE PLAN APPROVAL.

The provisions of SECTION XVIA. SITE PLAN APPROVAL. shall apply.

- C. Off-street parking shall be provided in accordance with SECTION XXI.
- D. FLOOR AREA RATIO: The maximum floor area ratio as defined in SECTION IA. DEFINITIONS. shall be 0.30.

SECTION XIV. INDUSTRIAL DISTRICTS A.

- A. In Industrial Districts A, no new building or structure shall be constructed or used, in whole or in part, and no building or structure, or part thereof, shall be altered, enlarged, reconstructed or used, and no land shall be used, for any purpose except one or more of the purposes authorized in an Industrial District.
- B. Off-street parking shall be provided in accordance with SECTION XXI.
- C. SITE PLAN APPROVAL.
The provisions of SECTION XVIA. SITE PLAN APPROVAL. shall apply.
- D. FLOOR AREA RATIO: The maximum floor area ratio as defined in SECTION IA. DEFINITIONS. shall be 0.30.

SECTION XIVA. TRANSPORTATION DISTRICTS.

- A. In Transportation Districts, no new building or structure shall be constructed or used, in whole or in part, and no building or structure, or part thereof, shall be altered, enlarged, reconstructed or used, and no land shall be used, for any purpose except:
 - 1. Facilities and ways for the transportation of persons and property to and/or from points within and/or without the Town; and
 - 2. Such accessory uses as are customary in connection with the use permitted in clause 1 and are incidental thereto.
- B. SITE PLAN APPROVAL.
The provisions of SECTION XVIA. SITE PLAN APPROVAL. shall apply.

SECTION XIVB. FLOOD PLAIN OR WATERSHED PROTECTION DISTRICTS.

- Part A. PURPOSES: The purposes of Flood Plain or Watershed Protection Districts are:
 - 1. To provide that land subject to seasonal or periodic flooding shall not be used for residence or for other purposes when such use will endanger the health or safety of the occupants thereof;

2. To assure the continuation of the natural flow pattern of water courses necessary to provide adequate and safe floodwater storage capacity to protect persons and property against the hazards of flood inundation; and
3. To protect, preserve and maintain the water table and water recharge areas so as to preserve present and potential water supplies.

Part B. DEFINITIONS: For the purposes of this Section the following terms shall be defined as follows:

Flood Plain District - An area subject to danger of periodic flooding, the limits of which are determined by the 100 year flood contour elevation.

Watershed Protection District - An area bordering a brook, stream or other water body, the limits of which are determined by a horizontal distance.

Flood - A temporary rise in river, stream or brook flow that results in its water overtopping its banks and inundating overbank areas adjacent to the channel.

Floodwater Storage Capacity - The quantity of water which can be held within the flood plain of a wetland.

Natural River Channel - A water course with a definite bed and banks to confine and conduct the average flow.

Overbank Areas - Those portions of the flood plain adjoining the channel that are required to carry and/or store the flood water of a river, stream or brook.

Water Recharge Area - An area with a ground water exchange capacity to retain flood water during the occurrence of a flood.

Water Table - The natural level of water, either above or below ground.

100 Year Flood Elevation - The elevation of a flood which has a one percent (1%) probability of occurring in any given year.

Part C. APPLICABILITY:

1. Flood Plain or Watershed Protection Districts shall be considered as overlapping other zoning districts;
2. The portion of any lot delineated as being within a Flood Plain or Watershed Protection District may be used to meet the area and yard requirements for the district in which the remainder of the lot is situated.

Part D. EXEMPTION:

To further protect persons and property now subject to flooding, all residential, commercial, industrial, and business buildings existing in Flood Plain or Watershed Protection Districts may be repaired, rebuilt, modified or flood-proofed in a manner which would not increase ground coverage, and any building or structure for which either a building permit was issued, or a notice of intent under G.L.Chapter 131, Section 40, was filed, prior to March 20, 1974, may be constructed and built in accordance with plans as lawfully approved and thereafter may be repaired, rebuilt, modified or flood-proofed in a manner which would not increase ground coverage.

Part E. REGULATIONS AND RESTRICTIONS:

1. Restrictions:

In Flood Plain or Watershed Protection Districts, except as provided in Part D. EXEMPTION., above, and except as provided in Paragraph 2, Permitted Uses, below, no new building or structure shall be constructed or used in whole or in part, and no existing building or structure lying wholly within a designated Flood Plain or Watershed Protection District shall be altered, enlarged, reconstructed or used in a manner which would increase ground coverage within the Flood Plain or Watershed Protection District; no dumping of trash, rubbish, garbage, junk or other waste materials shall be permitted; no filling, dumping, excavating, removal or transfer of gravel, sand, loam, or other material which will restrict flood water flow or reduce the flood water storage capacity shall be permitted, except the surfacing or resurfacing of any existing parking area.

2. Permitted Uses:

- a. Use of any woodland, grassland, wetland, or agricultural use of land or water, not requiring filling or excavating shall be permitted;
- b. The Special Permit Granting Authority may give permission, as hereinafter provided in SECTION XXV. and subject to the provisions of Paragraph 3. below, for the following uses within Flood Plain or Watershed Protection Districts:
 - (1) Any use, otherwise permitted by the underlying zoning district within which the land is situated, subject to the provisions of Paragraph 3, below;
 - (2) Construction, operation and maintenance of dams and other water control devices including

temporary alteration of the water level for emergency purposes;

- (3) Bridges and like structures permitting passages between lands of the same owner, provided that such bridges and structures shall be constructed, maintained and used at the expense and risk of such owner;
- (4) Driveways and walkways ancillary to uses otherwise permitted by this Section;
- (5) Recreation, including golf courses, municipal, county or state parks (but not an amusement park), boating, fishing or any non-commercial open air recreation use;
- (6) Structures ancillary to farms, truck gardens, nurseries, orchards, tree farms and golf courses.

3. SITE PLAN APPROVAL

The provisions of SECTION XVIA. SITE PLAN APPROVAL. shall apply.

Plans submitted in accordance with SECTION XVIA. SITE PLAN APPROVAL. shall make adequate provision for:

- a. The protection, preservation and maintenance of the water table and water recharge areas;
- b. The preservation of the natural river channel plus sufficient width of overbank areas for the passage of flood flows;
- c. The retention of existing floodwater storage capacity;
- d. The design of proposed construction in a manner which ensures anchoring to prevent flotation, collapse and/or excessive movement of structures; and
- e. The design of public utilities including sewer, water, gas and electrical systems in a manner which will minimize or eliminate flood damage.

SECTION XIVC. CONSERVATION DISTRICTS.

- A. In Conservation Districts, no new building or structure shall be constructed or used, in whole or in part, and no building or structure, or part thereof, shall be altered, enlarged, reconstructed or used, and no land shall be used, for any purpose except as follows:

1. Conservation of soil, water, plants and wildlife, including wildlife management shelters.
2. Outdoor recreation, including play and sporting areas, nature study, boating, fishing, foot bridges, plank walks, foot paths and bicycle paths.
3. Dams and other water control devices, including temporary alteration of the water level for agricultural, emergency or maintenance purposes or for the propagation of fish.
4. Forestry, grazing, farming, nurseries, truck gardening and harvesting of crops and non-residential buildings or structures used only in conjunction with harvesting or storage of crops raised on the premises.
5. Lawns, flower or vegetable gardens.
6. Any of the following additional uses, if a special permit is in each case obtained, as hereinafter provided in SECTION XXV.
 - a. Access roadways and parking spaces.
 - b. Dams, excavations, or changes in watercourses to create ponds, pools for swimming, fishing, wildlife or other recreational or agricultural uses, scenic features or for drainage improvements.
 - c. Such accessory uses as are customary in connection with any of the uses enumerated in clauses a. and b. and are incidental thereto.
 - d. Appropriate municipal uses.

B. SITE PLAN APPROVAL.

The provisions of SECTION XVIA. SITE PLAN APPROVAL. shall apply.

SECTION XIVD. HISTORIC DISTRICTS.

Part A. Purpose.

The purpose of the Historic District is to promote the education, cultural, economic and general welfare of the public through the preservation and protection of the distinctive characteristics of buildings and places significant in the history of the Town of Wellesley and the Commonwealth, or their architecture, and through the maintenance and improvement of settings of such buildings and places and the encouragement of design compatible therewith.

This Bylaw is not intended to conflict with any other Section of this Zoning Bylaw or other Bylaws of the Town of Wellesley. The requirements established herein do not relieve any person

from also satisfying any and all applicable Zoning Bylaws or other applicable rules, regulations and laws.

Part B. Authority.

Historic Districts in the Town of Wellesley shall be created and maintained in every respect under and according to the provisions of General Laws of the Commonwealth, Chapter 40C and all amendments thereto, and this Section shall be in every respect controlled by and subject to the provisions of said Chapter 40C of the General Laws and all amendments thereto.

Part C. Definitions.

For the purposes of this Section, the following terms shall be defined as follows:

Altered - includes the words "rebuilt", "reconstructed", "restored", "removed" and "demolished" and the phrase "changed in exterior color".

Building - means a combination of materials forming a shelter for persons, animals or property.

Commission - means the commission acting as the Historic District Commission.

Constructed - includes the words "built", "erected", "installed", "enlarged", and "moved".

Exterior Architectural Feature - means such portion of the exterior of a building or structure as is open to view from a public street, public way, public park or public body of water, including but not limited to the architectural style and general arrangement and setting thereof, the kind, color and texture of exterior building materials, the color of paint or other materials applied to exterior surfaces and the type and style of windows, doors, lights, signs and other appurtenant exterior fixtures.

Structure - means a combination of materials other than a building, including a sign, fence, wall, terrace, walk, or driveway.

Part D. Applicability.

1. The boundaries of the Historic District are shown on a map of the Historic District which is filed with the Town Clerk of the Town of Wellesley and recorded in the Registry of Deeds. The Historic District is indicated on the Zoning Map of the Town of Wellesley.
2. Historic Districts shall be considered as overlapping other zoning districts.

Part E. Certification.

1. Except as this Section may otherwise provide under Part G Exceptions no building or structure within an Historic District shall be constructed or altered in any way that effects exterior architectural features unless the Commission shall first have issued a certificate of appropriateness, a certificate of non-applicability, or a certificate of hardship, with respect to such construction or alteration.
2. Any person who desires to obtain a certificate from the Commission shall file with the Commission an application for a certificate of appropriateness, a certificate of non-applicability or a certificate of hardship, as the case may be, in such form as the Commission may reasonably determine, together with such plans, elevations, specifications, material and other information, including in the case of demolition or removal a statement of the proposed condition and appearance of the property thereafter, as may be reasonably deemed necessary by the Commission to enable it to make a determination on the application.
3. No building permit for construction of a building or structure or for alteration of an exterior architectural feature within an Historic District and no demolition permit for demolition or removal of a building or structure within an Historic District shall be issued by the Zoning Board of Appeals or by the Building Inspector until the certificate required by this Section has been issued by the Commission.
4. If the Commission determines that the construction or alteration for which an application for a certificate of appropriateness has been filed will be appropriate for or compatible with the preservation or protection of the Historic District, the Commission shall cause a certificate of appropriateness to be issued to the applicant. In the case of a disapproval of an application for a certificate of appropriateness, the Commission shall place upon its record the reasons for such determination and shall forthwith cause a notice of its determination, accompanied by a copy of the reasons therefor as set forth in the records of the Commission, to be issued to the applicant, and the Commission may make recommendations to the applicant with respect to appropriateness of design, arrangement, texture, material and similar features. Prior to the issuance of any disapproval, the Commission may notify the applicant of its proposed action accompanied by recommendations of changes in the applicant's proposal which, if made, would make the application acceptable to the Commission. If within fourteen days of the receipt of such notice the applicant files a written modification of his application

in conformity with the recommended changes of the Commission, the Commission shall cause a certificate of appropriateness to be issued to the applicant.

5. In case of a determination by the Commission that an application for a certificate of appropriateness or for a certificate of non-applicability does not involve any exterior architectural feature, or involves an exterior architectural feature which is not then subject to review by the Commission in accordance with the provisions of Part G., the Commission shall cause a certificate of non-applicability to be issued to the applicant.
6. If the construction or alteration for which an application for a certificate of appropriateness has been filed shall be determined to be inappropriate, or in the event of an application for a certificate of hardship, the Commission shall determine whether owing to conditions especially affecting the building or structure involved, but not affecting the Historic District generally, failure to approve an application will involve a substantial hardship, financial or otherwise, to the applicant and whether such application may be approved without substantial detriment to the public welfare and without substantial derogation from the intent and purpose of this Bylaw. If the Commission determines in either such instance that owing to such conditions failure to approve an application will involve substantial hardship to the applicant and approval thereof may be made without such substantial detriment or derogation, or if the Commission fails to make a determination on an application within the time specified in Section 11 of Chapter 40C of the General Laws, the Commission shall cause a certificate of hardship to be issued to the applicant.
7. Each certificate issued by the Commission shall be dated and signed by its chairman, vice-chairman, secretary or such other person designated by the Commission to sign such certificates on its behalf.
8. The Commission shall file with the Town Clerk and with the Building Inspector, Zoning Board of Appeals, and the Planning Board a copy of all certificates and determination of disapproval issued by it.
9. The Commission shall determine promptly, and in all events within fourteen days after the filing of an application for a certificate of appropriateness, a certificate of non-applicability or a certificate of hardship, as the case may be, whether the application involves any exterior architectural features which are subject to approval by the Commission. If the Commission determines that such application involves any such features which are subject to approval by the Commission,

the Commission shall hold a public hearing on such application unless such hearing is dispensed with as hereinafter provided. The Commission shall fix a reasonable time for the hearing on any application and shall give public notice of the time, place and purposes thereof at least fourteen days before said hearing in such manner as it may determine, and by mailing, postage prepaid, a copy of said notice to the applicant, to the owners of all adjoining property and other property deemed by the Commission to be materially affected thereby as they appear on the most recent real estate tax list, to the Building Inspector, to the Planning Board of the Town, and to any person filing written request for notice of hearings, such request to be renewed yearly in December, and to such other persons as the Commission shall deem entitled to notice.*

*See also SECTION XXVIA.

10. As soon as convenient after such public hearing but in any event within sixty days after the filing of the application, or within such further time as the applicant may allow in writing, the Commission shall make a determination of the application. If the Commission shall fail to make a determination within such period of time the Commission shall thereupon issue a certificate of hardship.
11. A public hearing on an application need not be held if such hearing is waived in writing by all persons entitled to notice thereof. In addition, a public hearing on an application may be waived by the Commission if the Commission determines that the exterior architectural feature involved is so insubstantial in its effect on the Historic District that it may be reviewed by the Commission without public hearing on the application, provided, however, that if the Commission dispenses with a public hearing on an application a notice of the application shall be given to the owners of all adjoining property and other property deemed by the Commission to be materially affected thereby as above provided, and ten days shall elapse after the mailing of such notice before the Commission may act upon such application.

Part F. Guidelines.

1. In passing upon matters before it the Commission shall consider, among other things, the historic and architectural value and significance of the site, building or structure, the general design arrangement, texture, and material of the features involved, and the relation of such features to similar features of buildings and structures in the surrounding area. In the case of new construction or additions to existing buildings or structures, the Commission shall consider

the appropriateness of the size and shape of the building or structure, both in relation to the land area upon which the building or structure is situated and to buildings and structures in the vicinity, and the Commission may in appropriate cases impose dimensional and set-back requirements in addition to those required by other applicable Bylaws. The Commission shall not consider interior arrangements or architectural features not subject to public view.

2. The Commission shall not make any recommendation or requirement except for the purpose of preventing developments incongruous to the historic aspects or the architectural characteristics of the surroundings and of the Historic District.
3. The Commission may after public hearing set forth in such manner as it may determine the various designs of certain appurtenances, such as light fixtures, which will meet the requirements of an Historic District and a roster of certain colors of paint and roofing materials which will meet the requirements of an Historic District, but no such determination shall limit the right of an applicant to present other designs or colors to the Commission for its approval.

Part G. Exceptions.

1. The authority of the Commission shall not extend to the review of the following categories of buildings or structures or exterior architectural features in the Historic District, and the buildings or structures or exterior architectural features so excluded may be constructed or altered within the Historic District without review by the Commission:
 - a) Temporary structures or signs, subject however, to the other applicable sections of this Zoning Bylaw.
 - b) Terraces, walks, sidewalks and similar structures, or and one or more of them, provided that any such structure is substantially at grade level.
 - c) One antenna per building, storm doors and windows, screens, window air conditioners, lighting fixtures and similar appurtenances.
 - d) The color of paint, provided that the paint color does not cause substantial derogation from the intent and purpose of the Bylaw and is in keeping with accepted aesthetic standards.
 - e) The color or materials used on roofs.

- f) Signs of not more than one square foot in area in connection with use of a residence for a customary home occupation, or for professional purposes, provided only one such sign is displayed in connection with each residence and if illuminated is illuminated only indirectly.
 - g) The reconstruction, substantially similar in exterior design, of a building, structure or exterior architectural feature damaged or destroyed by fire, storm or other disaster, provided that the exterior design is substantially similar to the original and that such reconstruction is begun within one year thereafter and carried forward with due diligence.
- 2. The Commission may determine from time to time after public hearing that certain categories of exterior architectural features, colors, structures or signs, including without limitation, any of those enumerated under paragraph 1., may be constructed or altered without review by the Commission without causing substantial derogation from the intent and purpose of this Bylaw.
 - 3. Upon request the Commission shall issue a certificate of non-applicability with respect to construction or alteration in any category then not subject to review by the Commission in accordance with the provisions of paragraphs 1. and 2.

Part H. Ordinary Maintenance, Repairs or Replacement.

Nothing in this Section shall be construed to prevent the ordinary maintenance, repair or replacement of any exterior architectural feature within an Historic District which does not involve a change in design, material, color or the outward appearance thereof, nor to prevent the landscaping with plants, trees or shrubs, nor construed to prevent the meeting of requirements certified by a duly authorized public officer to be necessary for public safety because of an unsafe or dangerous condition, nor construed to prevent any construction or alteration under a permit duly issued prior to the adoption of this Section.

Part I. Further Review and Rights of Appeal.

Any applicant aggrieved by a determination of the Historic District Commission may within twenty days after the filing of the notice of such determination with the Town Clerk, file a written request with the Commission for a review by a person or person of competence and experience in such matters, designated by the Metropolitan Area Planning Council.

The finding of the person or persons making such review shall be filed with the Town Clerk within forty-five days after the

request, and shall be binding on the applicant and the Commission, unless a further appeal is sought in the Superior Court as provided in Section 12A of Chapter 40C of the General Laws.

SECTION XIVE. WATER SUPPLY PROTECTION DISTRICTS.

A. PURPOSE.

The Water Supply Protection Districts are intended to protect the public health, safety, and welfare by preventing contamination of and preserving the quantity of ground and surface water which provides existing or potential water supply for the town's residents, institutions, and businesses.

B. DEFINITIONS.

For the purposes of this Section, the following terms shall be defined as follows:

Hazardous Waste - Materials as defined and regulated by 310 CMR 30.00 (Massachusetts Hazardous Waste Management regulations).

Impervious Surface - Material covering the ground, including but not limited to macadam, cement, concrete, pavement, and buildings, that does not allow surface water to penetrate into the soil.

Maximum Groundwater Elevation - The seasonal high level of the groundwater table. This level shall be the same as the maximum groundwater elevation defined and determined in 310 CMR 15.00 (Title 5, State Environmental Code).

Mining of Land - The removal of geologic materials such as topsoil, sand and gravel, metallic ores or bedrock.

Solid Waste - Unwanted or discarded solid material within sufficient liquid content to be free flowing, including without limitation rubbish, garbage, junk, refuse. The term does not include vegetative compost, tree stumps, and brush.

Toxic or Hazardous Materials - Any substance or mixture of such physical, chemical or infectious characteristics as to pose a significant, actual or potential hazard to water supplies and to human health, if such substance or mixture were discharged to land or waters of this town. Toxic or hazardous materials include, without limitation, petroleum products, heavy metals, radioactive materials, virulent infectious wastes, pesticides, herbicides, solvents, thinners and other materials which are listed as U.S. EPA Priority Pollutants.

C. APPLICABILITY

1. Water Supply Protection Districts shall be considered as overlying other zoning districts.
2. The applicability of this Section, XIVE, to existing uses or structures and to projects legally begun at the time of adoption, shall be governed by SECTION XVII. NON-CONFORMING USES AND STRUCTURES.
3. The provisions of Parts D.1 and D.2 shall not apply to the installation, operation, or maintenance of necessary public water, public waste water, public stormwater, and public electric facilities and devices.

D. USE REGULATIONS

Within Water Supply Protection Districts the requirements of the underlying districts continue to apply, except that uses are prohibited as indicated in Part D.1 and require a Special Permit where indicated in Part D.2, even where underlying district requirements are more permissive. Within Water Supply Protection Districts, these regulations shall apply:

1. The following uses are prohibited:
 - a. Solid waste disposal facilities, including without limitation landfills and junk and salvage yards, that require a site assignment from the Board of Health under M.G.L., Ch.111, s.150A (the landfill site assignment law) and regulations adopted by the Department of Environmental Quality Engineering, 310 CMR 19.00;
 - b. Storage of petroleum and other refined petroleum products, including without limitation gasoline, waste oil, and diesel fuel, except within buildings which it will heat or where it currently exists or for in-kind replacement or in quantities for normal household use, provided there is compliance with all local, state, and federal laws;
 - c. Storage of road salt or other de-icing chemicals in quantities greater than for normal household use;
 - d. Storage of hazardous wastes, including without limitation chemical wastes, radioactive wastes, and waste oil in quantities greater than resulting from normal household activities;
 - e. Manufacture, use, storage, or disposal of toxic or hazardous materials as an integral part of a principal activity, but excluding domestic activities and pesticide applications;
 - f. Motor vehicle service stations, repair garages, car washes, truck or bus terminals, heliports, airports, electronic manufacturing, metal plating,

commercial chemical and bacteriological laboratories, and dry cleaning establishments using toxic or hazardous materials on site;

- g. Disposal of hazardous wastes.
2. If, in the judgment of the Special Permit Granting Authority, the Design and Operation Standards in Part F are adequately satisfied and not otherwise prohibited in Part D.1, the following uses may be allowed upon issuance of a Special Permit and subject to such conditions as the SPGA may impose. Failure to comply with the terms and conditions of a Special Permit shall be grounds for revocation of said permit.
- a. Commercial mining of land;
 - b. Major construction projects which are defined in SECTION XVIA. SITE PLAN APPROVAL, Parts B.1 through B.4, and which are subject to site plan review.
 - c. Parking lots, vehicle rental agencies, photographic processing establishments, or printing establishments;
 - d. Any uses where more than 10,000 square feet of any lot would be rendered impervious.

E. SITE PLAN APPROVAL

The provisions of SECTION XVIA. SITE PLAN APPROVAL. shall apply.

F. DESIGN AND OPERATION STANDARDS

- 1. Safeguards. Provision shall be made to adequately protect against toxic or hazardous materials discharge or loss through corrosion, accidental damage, spillage, or vandalism through such measures as provision for spill control in the vicinity of chemical or fuel delivery points, secure storage areas for toxic or hazardous materials, and indoor storage provisions for corrodible or dissolvable materials.
- 2. Disposal. No disposal of hazardous wastes within Water Supply Protection Districts shall occur. All provisions of M.G.L., Ch.111, s.150A (the landfill site assignment law), and M.G.L., Ch. 21C (the Massachusetts Hazardous Waste Management Act) shall be adequately satisfied.
- 3. Fill. Fill material used in a Water Supply Protection District shall contain no solid waste, toxic or hazardous materials, or hazardous waste. Adequate documentation shall be provided to ensure proper condition of the fill. The SPGA may require soils testing by a certified laboratory at the applicant's expense.

4. Spill Containment. For industrial and commercial uses, an emergency response plan to prevent contamination of soil or water in the event of accidental spills or the release of toxic or hazardous materials shall be submitted to the SPGA, if deemed necessary, for approval prior to granting of a Special Permit. Recommendations of the Fire Department on said plan shall be sought.
5. Monitoring. Periodic monitoring shall be required when the site location and land use activities indicate a significant risk of contamination to the water supply as determined by the SPGA based upon recommendations of the Department of Public Works, Board of Health, and Wetlands Protection Committee. Such monitoring may include analyses of water for appropriate substances and the installation of groundwater monitoring wells constructed and located as specified by the Department of Public Works. All costs shall be borne by the owner of the premises.
6. On-site Recharge. All storm water runoff from impervious surfaces shall be recharged on-site unless in conducting site plan review it is determined that either recharge is not feasible because of site conditions or is undesirable because of uncontrollable risks to water quality from such recharge. Such recharge shall be by surface infiltration through vegetated surfaces unless otherwise approved by the SPGA during site plan review. If dry wells or leaching basins are approved for use, they shall be preceded by oil, grease, and sediment traps. Drainage from loading areas for toxic or hazardous materials shall be separately collected for safe disposal.
7. Grade Reduction. Soil overburden shall not be lowered to finished exterior grades less than five (5) feet above maximum groundwater elevation, unless technical evidence can be provided showing to the SPGA's satisfaction that groundwater quantity or quality will not be detrimentally affected. Technical evidence may include without limitation a determination of soil and geologic conditions where low permeability will mitigate leachate penetration and evaporation transpiration.

SECTION XIVF. RESIDENTIAL INCENTIVE OVERLAY (RIO)

- A. Purpose: To provide a residential reuse incentive for parcels where one or more of the following conditions apply:
 1. general site conditions and access constraints impede long term successful commercial or industrial use;
 2. the parcels that border the residential districts and their residential re-use would extend and complement the

character and function of the existing surrounding neighborhood;

3. the parcels border unique natural features, open space, or historic resources which would be better preserved and enjoyed by the public over the long term through residential rather than commercial or industrial uses.
- B. Applicability: The RIO shall be considered as overlaying other zoning districts. Specifically the RIO may be applied over any Business District, Business District A, Industrial District, Industrial District A, Transportation District and the Lower Falls village Commercial District
 - C. Underlying Zoning Districts: The RIO confers additional development options to be employed at the discretion of the property owner. The RIO does not in any manner remove or alter the zoning rights permitted by the underlying zoning district. However, use of one or more of the RIO development options requires consistency with all RIO requirements.
 - D. Permitted Uses: Conventional multi-family dwelling units, assisted elderly living, independent elderly housing, nursing homes and skilled nursing facilities.
 - E. Minimum Lot or Building Site Area: No building or group of buildings shall be constructed on a lot or development site containing less than two acres. No building conversion shall be approved on a lot or development site containing less than 25,000 square feet.
 - F. Minimum Open Space: There shall be provided a minimum open space as defined in Section IA. of 30 percent of the lot or development site area one half of which shall enhanced open space as defined in Section IX., provided, however, that the amount of open space required for conversion projects shall be determined by the Planning Board under the project approval/special permit paragraph below.
 - G. Floor Area Ratio: Building floor area devoted to residential uses including conventional market-rate housing, assisted elderly living, independent elderly housing, nursing home and/or skilled nursing facilities shall not be subject to floor area ratio requirements notwithstanding other provisions of this Zoning Bylaw to the contrary.
 - H. Maximum Development Density: There shall be provided for each dwelling unit of assisted elderly living or independent elderly living a lot area of not less than fourteen hundred (1,400) square feet and the number of dwelling units on a lot or development site shall not exceed 150 units. There shall be provided for each dwelling unit of conventional multi-family housing a lot area of not less than eighteen hundred (1,800) square feet. A nursing home or skilled nursing facility on a lot or development site shall not exceed 250 beds.

- I. Building Setbacks: Yard definitions shall be as specified in Section XIX. RIO projects involving new construction shall provide the following:

Minimum Front Yard Depth	25 feet
Minimum Side Yard Depth	40 feet
Minimum Rear Yard Depth	40 feet

However, where the housing abuts a residential zoning district, the setback shall be 60 feet and a buffer of natural material and/or an earthen berm shall be installed to provide screening on a year-round basis.

- J. Building Height: Maximum building height as defined in Section XX for new construction shall be 4 stories and 45 feet for buildings used for assisted elderly living, independent elderly housing, and conventional multi-family housing. The maximum building height for nursing homes and skilled nursing facilities shall be three stories and 36 feet. See Building Conversion paragraph below for height restrictions for conversion of existing buildings to these uses.
- K. Signs: Signs shall comply with the sign requirements of the underlying district.
- L. Off-Street Parking: Off-street parking shall be provided in accordance with Section XXI.
- M. Building Conversion: An existing building may be converted to uses allowed in the RIO subject to the terms of a special permit granted by the Planning Board. In no instance shall the building be expanded to exceed the height limitations specified below or the current height of the building if said height is greater than 45 feet. There shall be no maximum residential density. However, if the building proposed for conversion presently does not conform to the requirements of the underlying zoning district the provisions of Section XVII. shall apply to the conversion project. In this instance application shall not be made to the Zoning Board of Appeals under Section XVII. prior to the issuance of a special permit by the Planning Board under this Section.
- N. Mixed Use Projects: Any combination of conventional housing types is permitted up to a maximum density of 24 units per acre. Further, up to 75 conventional units of any type of housing shall be permitted in conjunction with development of a facility providing at least 100 nursing home beds, 100 beds associated with a skilled nursing facility, or at least 80 assisted living or independent elderly housing units. A mix of residential units comprising independent elderly housing, assisted elderly living, skilled nursing, nursing homes, and any type of conventional housing shall also be allowed, consistent with the dimensional regulations of the RIO.

In RIO projects that provide at least 100 elderly dwelling units of any type, including skilled nursing facilities, or at least 50 conventional housing units of any type, up to 10,000 sq. ft. of retail space in a structure or structures separate from the residential units or nursing facility shall be permitted. All such developments shall be consistent with the dimensional and parking requirements for retail business in the Lower Falls Commercial District.

- O. Project Approval/Special Permits: The provisions of Section XVIA. shall apply in all respects to projects in the RIO. Application shall not be made under Section XVIA. prior to the issuance of a special use permit by the Planning Board under this section. A special use permit shall be required from the Planning Board in conjunction with all projects employing RIO development options for building conversion or new construction and the Planning Board may waive specific dimensional requirements in accordance with the following:
1. A report shall have been received from the Design Review Board finding that
 - a. the proposed project is consistent with the Wellesley Lower Falls Plan, Zoning, Urban Design and Landscape Guidelines ("Lower Falls Guidelines") adopted and from time to time amended by the Planning Board which guidelines encourage retail activities at the street edge, pedestrian-oriented uses, improvement of building facades to enhance the pedestrian experience, improving the landscape and facilitating pedestrian access to and use of the river;
 - b. the proposed project is consistent with the design criteria listed in Section XXII.;
 2. The proposed project shall provide and/or contribute toward pedestrian and bicycle amenities and shall, as applicable, accommodate pedestrian and bicycle circulation and safety in accordance with the Lower Falls Guidelines and nationally recognized and accepted standards.
 3. The proposed project shall provide and/or contribute toward the improvement of pedestrian access to the river; and
 4. The proposed project shall provide and/or contribute toward the creation of a village center, town green or mini-park to further enhance the pedestrian experience in Lower Falls.

SECTION XV. PUBLIC SERVICE CORPORATIONS.

Land or structures used, or to be used by a public service corporation may be exempted in particular respects from the operation of this Zoning Bylaw if, upon petition of the corporation, the Department of Public Utilities shall, after notice given pursuant to SECTION XXVIA. and public hearing in the Town, determine the exemptions required and find that the present or proposed use of the land or structure is reasonably necessary for the convenience or welfare of the public; provided, however, that if lands or structures used or to be used by a public service corporation are located in more than one municipality such lands or structures may be exempted in particular respects from the operation of any zoning ordinance or bylaw if, upon petition of the corporation, the Department of Public Utilities shall, after notice to all affected communities and public hearing in one of said municipalities, determine the exemptions required and find that the present or proposed use of the land or structure is reasonably necessary for the convenience or welfare of the public.

SECTION XVI. RESTRICTIONS AFFECTING ALL DISTRICTS.

Any other provision of this Bylaw notwithstanding, no new building or structure shall be constructed or used, in whole or in part, and no building or structure, or part thereof, shall be altered, enlarged, reconstructed or used, and no land shall be used, in any part of the Town:

- A. For any purpose which by the emission or discharge of fumes, vapor, smoke, gas, dust, cinders, offensive odors, chemicals, poisonous fluids or substances, refuse, organic matter, or excrement, the causing of noise or vibrations, or by unduly increasing the risk from fire or explosion, or otherwise, would be obnoxious, offensive, dangerous, or injurious to the public health or safety.
- B. For any purpose which would be for any reason injurious to the health, safety, morals or welfare of the community or harmful to property therein.
- C. For the parking, keeping or storing of a mobile home or house trailer.
- D. For the parking, keeping or storing of one or more commercial trailers for an aggregate total of more than thirty (30) days in any one year unless said trailer is:
 - 1. Enclosed within a building, or
 - 2. Stored or parked pursuant to a permit issued by the Board of Selectmen allowing sale or lease of new or used vehicles, or

3. Stored or parked pursuant to a permit issued by the Board of Selectmen allowing public purposes or non-profit charitable purposes, or
4. Parked pursuant to an office or storage trailer permit issued by the Inspector of Buildings in conjunction with construction and/or demolition on the premises, or
5. Stored or parked pursuant to a special permit issued by the Zoning Board of Appeals.

In approving a request for a special permit under this paragraph, the Zoning Board of Appeals shall find:

- a. That there is no reasonable alternative to the requested use of one or more commercial trailers, and
- b. That the characteristics of the site and its immediate surrounding area are compatible with the proposed use.

Commercial trailers stored on a lot pursuant to a special permit issued by the Zoning Board of Appeals under this paragraph 5. for more than thirty (30) days shall be screened from view with appropriate materials, from abutting residential properties and in other instances as may be required by the Zoning Board of Appeals.

- E. For any construction, other than single and two family buildings, except in accordance with the requirements of SECTION XVIA. SITE PLAN APPROVAL. and SECTION XXV. SPECIAL PERMIT GRANTING AUTHORITY.
- F. There shall be no site preparation work done in connection with development of any use of land and no such work in connection with development of any subdivision until all necessary permits and approvals have been obtained. This section shall not prohibit site work reasonably necessary to the conduct of a land survey or any tests required as a condition precedent to the issuance of any permit or approval. If after obtaining all necessary permits and approvals such work is commenced and later abandoned, as said term is defined in the State Building Code, any areas of the site which have been disturbed during construction shall be re-vegetated in a manner sufficient to prevent erosion. To secure re-vegetation in the case of abandonment of a project, the Building Inspector, or in the case of a subdivision of land, the Planning Board, may require, as a condition of granting the necessary permits and approvals, that the owner post a bond or other satisfactory security in an amount reasonably estimated, by the Building Inspector, or the Planning Board, as the case may be, as sufficient to perform the work.

- G. For the sale or distribution of any materials and any and all entertainment which is "obscene" within the meaning of that term as defined in G. L. Chapter 272, Section 31.
- H. For games of chance or similar entertainment or amusement, operated either live or through audio or video broadcast or closed circuit transmission, except at an establishment licensed to sell all alcoholic beverages or wine and malt beverages only.

SECTION XVIA. SITE PLAN APPROVAL.

A. PURPOSE.

This Section is adopted by the Town to provide a comprehensive review procedure for construction projects as hereinafter defined, (excluding construction, alteration, enlargement or reconstruction of any single or two family building, or building or structure accessory thereto, unless in a designated Flood Plain or Watershed Protection District) for the purposes of:

1. Insuring compliance with the Zoning Bylaws of the Town of Wellesley;
2. Protecting the safety, convenience and welfare of the public;
3. Minimizing additional congestion in public and private ways;
4. Insuring adequate provision for water, sewerage and drainage;
5. Insuring compliance with the provisions of SECTION XVI. RESTRICTIONS AFFECTING ALL DISTRICTS.;
6. Insuring compliance with the provisions of SECTION XXI. OFF-STREET PARKING.;
7. Insuring compliance with the provisions of SECTION XXII. DESIGN REVIEW.

B. DEFINITIONS.

Major Construction Project

Any construction project which involves a change in the outside appearance of a building or buildings or premises, and includes one or more of the following:

1. construction of twenty-five hundred (2,500) or more square feet gross floor area;

2. an increase in gross floor area by fifty (50) percent or more which results in a gross floor area of at least twenty-five hundred (2,500) square feet;
3. grading or regrading of land to planned elevations, and/or removal or disturbance of the existing vegetative cover, over an area of five thousand (5,000) or more square feet;
4. any activities regulated or restricted under SECTION XIVB. FLOOD PLAIN OR WATERSHED PROTECTION DISTRICTS.;
5. any activities regulated under SECTION XIVE, WATER SUPPLY PROTECTION DISTRICTS.

Minor Construction Project

Any construction project, not included within the definition of a major construction project, which involves either or both of the following:

1. a change in the outside appearance of a building or premises, visible from a public or private street or way, requiring a building permit;
2. construction, enlargement or alteration* of a parking or storage area requiring a parking plan permit.

*Alteration includes installation, removal or relocation of any curbing, landscaping or traffic channelization island, driveway, storm drainage, lighting or similar facilities but does not include resurfacing, striping or restriping pavement markings on existing parking or storage areas.

Development Area

A parcel or contiguous parcels which are under one ownership.

Project of Significant Impact (PSI)

Any construction project:

- a. having an aggregate total of newly constructed floor area of 10,000 or more square feet; or
- b. having an aggregate total of renovated, altered and/or replacement floor area of 15,000 or more square feet in a building having 15,000 or more square feet of ground coverage to provide for a use which is different from the existing use as determined by the Commonwealth of Massachusetts Property Type Classification Codes (April 1991 edition).

Roadway Impacted by Development Traffic

A roadway segment, including one or more approaches to an intersection, over which 30 or more vehicles related to the development parcel travel in a single direction during any single hour.

C. APPLICABILITY AND PROCEDURE.

Major Construction Project - (Site Plan Review and Design Review).

Plans and other submission materials conforming to the adopted "Procedures for Applications to the Special Permit Granting Authority" (SPGA), (as filed with the Town Clerk), shall be submitted to the SPGA for written approval in accordance with SECTION XXV. of this Zoning Bylaw. Within seven (7) days from the date of its submission to the SPGA, copies of the complete application as submitted shall be referred by the SPGA to the Board of Health, Planning Board, Design Review Board, Town Engineer, Wetlands Protection Committee, and any other Town agencies or boards designated by the SPGA, for review and preparation of written recommendations to the SPGA, Building Inspector and the applicant prior to the required public hearing. Said written recommendations shall be attached to and become part of the application.

No decision shall be made by the SPGA in connection with any application until the above referenced written recommendations have been received or thirty-five (35) days shall have elapsed after such referral of the application without a recommendation being received. The SPGA may modify such plans to meet the requirements of this Section, and as modified, approve the same, or may disapprove the plans. No building permit or parking plan permit shall be issued by the Building Inspector without the written approval of plans as herein above provided.

Minor Construction Project - (Design Review).

Plans and other submission materials conforming to the adopted "Procedures for Applications to the Special Permit Granting Authority", (as filed with the Town Clerk), shall be submitted to the Design Review Board for its written advisory design recommendations in accordance with SECTION XXII. Within twenty-one (21) days of submission, copies of the written design recommendations shall be sent by the Design Review Board to the Building Inspector, Planning Board and the applicant. No building permit or parking plan permit shall be issued by the Building Inspector within this twenty-one (21) day period unless said recommendations are sooner received.

Project of Significant Impact (PSI) (Special Use Permit, Site Plan Review and Design Review)

Municipal Systems (water, sewer, electric, storm drain, streets, sidewalks, fire alarm, refuse disposal, footways and intersections) Impact Analysis.

A municipal systems impact analysis, prepared by engineers registered in the Commonwealth of Massachusetts shall be submitted to the Planning Board. The water, sewer, fire alarm, refuse disposal and storm drainage portions shall be prepared by engineers having expertise in civil engineering; the electric portion shall be prepared by engineers having expertise in electrical engineering; the streets, sidewalks, footways and intersections portions shall be prepared by engineers having expertise in traffic and transportation engineering.

The intent of the analysis is to determine the impact on the Town's existing capital infrastructure in order to assess costs of providing or upgrading Town public facilities which will benefit a PSI.

The analysis shall include:

1. existing capacities of water, sewer, storm drain and electric distribution systems before construction and at expected occupancy date;
2. existing traffic conditions, and traffic conditions at the projected time of occupancy at present connections to the street system and intersecting streets bordering the development area, including average daily and peak hour volumes, vehicle speed along the bordering streets, sight distances along bordering streets, accident data, existing traffic controls and levels of service (LOS);
3. identification of roadways impacted by development traffic;
4. estimated traffic impacts of the proposed development in terms of the amount of morning and afternoon peak hour and total daily traffic generated by the development on streets bordering the development area; sight lines from access connections; proposed changes to traffic controls; and projected levels of service of intersections identified in item 3. above and at points of connection of the development area to the street system;
5. possible hazardous pedestrian and bicycle crossings;
6. anticipated impact on municipal fire alarm systems;
7. anticipated impact on the Town's refuse disposal system.

Special Permit for Projects of Significant Impact.

No decision shall be made by the Planning Board acting as SPGA in connection with any application for approval of a project of significant impact until the municipal systems analysis has been approved by the Board of Public Works for water, sewer, storm drain and refuse disposal portions by the Municipal Light Board for the electric portion, by the Fire Chief for the municipal fire alarm system portion and by the Board of Selectmen for the traffic and pedestrian safety portion and has been completed to the satisfaction of the Planning Board.

The Planning Board shall grant a special permit provided the following minimum service standards are met:

Water -

There shall be sufficient water capacity to meet the flow demands of the proposed use without causing municipal water flow characteristics off site to fall below the standards adopted by the Board of Public Works.

Sewer -

There shall be sufficient sewer capacity to meet the flow demands of the proposed use without causing surcharge in those sewer lines which serve the project and consistent with the standards adopted by the Board of Public Works.

Storm Drainage -

There shall be sufficient storm drainage capacity to meet the flow demands of the proposed development site without causing surcharge in those storm drainage lines which serve the project and consistent with the standards adopted by the Board of Public Works.

Electric -

There shall be sufficient electrical capacity to meet the peak service demands of the proposed use without causing the service in adjacent areas to fall below the standards adopted by the Municipal Light Board.

Traffic and Pedestrian Safety -

The level of service (LOS) of all roadways impacted by development of traffic shall be at level "C" or higher for newly constructed floor area and shall not be reduced below the present level of service for all other projects subject to PSI review if such levels of service are "C" or lower;

pedestrian and bicycle circulation shall be provided in accordance with recognized safety standards;

Fire Alarm Systems -

There shall be sufficient municipal fire alarm system capacity to meet the operating requirements of the proposed use under applicable codes, regulations and statutes enforced by the Fire Chief.

Refuse Disposal System -

Refuse recycling and disposal systems, consistent with the standards adopted by the Board of Public Works, shall be provided.

Negotiated improvements.

After completion and Planning Board review of the Municipal Systems Analysis, applicants for PSI approval may propose specific design alternatives and/or off-site improvements to municipal facilities to meet minimum service standards.

The Planning Board is authorized to incorporate these design alternatives and improvements as conditions in special permit PSI approval.

The required design work and cost of construction and implementation of the special permit approval conditions shall be the full responsibility of the applicant. All work proposed to improve or upgrade Town utilities or facilities shall be done according to the specifications adopted by the Board of Public Works, except that electric work shall be done according to the specifications adopted by the Municipal Light Board. The cost of review of plans and the cost of periodic inspections of such work during construction shall be the full responsibility of the applicant and shall be charged in accordance with procedural requirements to be adopted and from time to time amended by the Planning Board after a public hearing.

Relationship of PSI procedure with Major Construction Project approval.

Upon the granting of a special permit by the Planning Board for a PSI the applicant is authorized to apply for site plan approval under the procedure in SECTION XVIA. for Major Construction Project Approval. Planning Board review of PSI application shall not substitute for Major Construction Project approval. No application shall be made for Major Construction Project Approval for a PSI prior to the granting of a special permit by the Planning Board.

SECTION XVII. PRE-EXISTING NON-CONFORMING USES, STRUCTURES AND LOTS.

The rights concerning pre-existing non-conforming uses, structures and lots shall be as set forth in Section 6 of Chapter 40A M.G.L. (The Zoning Act) and as otherwise defined in this SECTION XVII.

A. DISCONTINUED USES.

Except for the repair and reconstruction rights of an owner under Part D. DISASTER REBUILD below, non-conforming uses and/or structures abandoned or not used for a period of more than two (2) years shall be subject to all provisions of this Zoning Bylaw.

B. CHANGES TO NON-CONFORMING STRUCTURES.

1. One and Two-Family Dwellings.

Application for changes to non-conforming One and Two-Family Dwellings, except changes which themselves comply with this Zoning Bylaw, shall require the Zoning Board of Appeals to identify the particular respect or respects in which the existing structure does not conform to the requirements of the present Zoning Bylaws and then determine whether the proposed alteration or addition would intensify the existing non-conformities or result in additional ones.

Should the Zoning Board of Appeals conclude that there will be no intensification or addition, the applicant will be entitled to the issuance of a permit.

If the conclusion is otherwise, the applicant will be required to show that the change will not be substantially more detrimental than the existing non-conforming structure or use to the neighborhood.

Should the Zoning Board of Appeals find that such change will not be substantially more detrimental than the existing non-conforming structure or use to the neighborhood, the applicant will be entitled to the issuance of a permit.

2. Other than One and Two-Family Dwellings.

Application for changes to non-conforming structures other than One and Two-Family Dwellings shall be governed by Section 6 of Chapter 40A M.G.L. (The Zoning Act).

Findings referred to in this SECTION XVII. shall be made by the Zoning Board of Appeals acting as Special Permit Granting Authority under the provisions of SECTION XXV.

C. DISASTER REBUILD.

Pre-existing non-conforming buildings, damaged or destroyed by accidental cause, including fire, or otherwise damaged or destroyed without the consent of the owner, may be repaired or reconstructed, provided that:

1. the non-conforming nature of the repaired or reconstructed building is not increased in any respect;
2. the repaired or reconstructed building shall be used in the same manner as the building being replaced or otherwise used in compliance with the use limitations of the applicable zoning district; and
3. a building permit for the repair or reconstruction shall be issued within two years from the date of the damage or destruction; time incurred in resolving an appeal or other court action or insurance claim shall not be counted as part of the two year limit; the Zoning Board of Appeals may extend the two year period for good cause.

D. CONFORMANCE WITH SUBSEQUENT AMENDMENTS.

Construction or uses under a building or special permit shall conform to any subsequent amendment of this Zoning Bylaw unless the construction or use is commenced within a period of not more than six months after the issuance of the permit and in cases involving construction, unless such construction is continued through to completion as continuously and expeditiously as is reasonable.

Except as herein above provided, a pre-existing non-conforming structure shall not be altered, extended, repaired or reconstructed except in conformity with all provisions of the Zoning Bylaws in effect at the time of such alteration, extension, repair or reconstruction.

SECTION XVIII. AREA REGULATIONS.

For the purposes of this Section the Town of Wellesley is hereby divided into classes of area regulation districts as shown on the "Zoning Map of the Town of Wellesley, Massachusetts", prepared under the direction of the Planning Board, Scale 1" = 500', dated December 20, 2002, as amended, on file with the Town Clerk, which map together with all the boundary lines and designations thereon relating to such area regulations is hereby incorporated as part of this Section.

The classes of area regulation districts are respectively as indicated on said map:

1. Ten Thousand Foot Districts;
2. Fifteen Thousand Foot Districts;
3. Twenty Thousand Foot Districts;
4. Thirty Thousand Foot Districts;
5. Forty Thousand Foot Districts.

A. Dwelling and Club House Lots.

In Single Residence Districts, Single Residence Districts A, General Residence Districts, General Residence Districts A,

Limited Residence Districts, Educational Districts, Educational Districts A, Educational Districts B, Administrative and Professional Districts and Limited Business Districts, there shall be provided for each dwelling or club house, hereafter constructed, a lot containing not less than 10,000 square feet, 15,000 square feet, 20,000 square feet, 30,000 square feet, or 40,000 square feet according to the area requirement of the area regulation district in which such dwelling or club house is situated, and hereafter, no dwelling or club house shall be erected or placed on a lot containing less than such minimum area. In Business or Industrial Districts or in Business Districts A or Industrial Districts A, there shall be provided for each dwelling (including apartment houses and apartment hotels) or club house hereafter constructed or placed, a lot containing not less than 10,000 square feet.

Nothing contained in this Section shall prevent the construction or placing of any such building on any lot (1) in any of said Ten Thousand Foot, Fifteen Thousand Foot and Twenty Thousand Foot Districts containing a smaller area, if such lot on the effective date of the applicable provisions of this Zoning Bylaw originally establishing such districts did not adjoin other land of the same owner available for use in connection with said lot, (2) in any said Thirty Thousand Foot and Forty Thousand Foot Districts containing a smaller area, if such lot on May 1, 1953 did not adjoin other land of the same owner available for use in connection with said lot, or (3) in any Business or Industrial Districts or in Business Districts A or Industrial Districts A containing less than 10,000 square feet, if such lot on May 1, 1941 did not adjoin other land of the same owner available for use in connection with said lot.

This Section shall not apply to the lots shown on the subdivision plans approved by the Planning Board pursuant to the General Laws, Chapter 41, as amended, prior to May 1, 1953.

No lot on which a dwelling or club house is situated, whether heretofore or hereafter placed, shall be reduced in area, if such lot is smaller than is hereby prescribed, or if by such reduction it would be made smaller than is hereby prescribed, except in either case by taking by eminent domain or by a conveyance for a public purpose.

B. Alternative Area Regulations in Subdivisions of Ten Acres or More (Cluster Residential Developments.)

The minimum lot size for a one-family dwelling in a Single Residence District in a tract constituting a residential subdivision approved by the Planning Board after the effective date of this amendment may be 20,000 square feet in a Forty Thousand Foot Single Residence District, 15,000 square feet in a Thirty Thousand Foot Single Residence District, 10,000

square feet in a Twenty Thousand Foot Single Residence District, provided all of the following conditions are met:

All the land in the tract is in one or more of the Single Residence Forty Thousand, Thirty Thousand, or Twenty Thousand Square Foot Districts.

The tract of land contains a minimum of ten acres.

The total number of lots in a tract upon which dwellings may be built does not exceed the number upon which dwellings could, under all laws and regulations applicable thereto, be built if the tract were subdivided in compliance with the area regulation applicable without reference to this paragraph B.

Land is set aside within the subdivisions as permanent open space in an aggregate area not less than two acres nor less than the difference between the total area in the subdivision plotted into lots that may be built upon and laid out as roads, and the total area of the tract.

Land so set aside is held and maintained as open space by the developer of the subdivision until it is conveyed to, accepted by, and owned by one or more of the following:

1. An association, trust, or corporation of all the owners of lots within the subdivision.
2. A non-profit trust or corporation having as its primary purpose the maintenance of open space.
3. The Town of Wellesley for park or open space use.
4. Town of Wellesley Conservation Commission. Any owner of land so set aside is under a legal duty, enforceable severally by the Town, and any owner of a lot within or abutting the subdivision, to limit use of such land to recreation and open space uses, not to permit the erection thereon of any buildings or structures other than buildings or structures which are necessary for the storage of recreational and maintenance equipment used in connection with such land but which have an aggregate floor area of less than one-half percent (1/2%) of the area of such land; to maintain such land, and to exclude motor vehicles therefrom.

C. Ratio of Building to Lot Area.

In Single Residence and General Residence Districts, Single Residence Districts A, and General Residence Districts A, no building or addition to any building shall hereafter be placed on any lot of land which will result in the covering by buildings of more than the following specified maximum

percentages of the area of such lot or maximum building coverage expressed in square feet:

For lots containing less than 10,000 square feet - 25 percent;

For lots containing at least 10,000 square feet but less than 20,000 square feet - the greater of 20 percent or 2,500 square feet;

For lots containing at least 20,000 square feet but less than 40,000 square feet - the greater of 18 percent or 4,000 square feet - but not more than 6,000 square feet; and

For lots containing at least 40,000 square feet - 15 percent;

In Educational Districts B, Limited Residence Districts, Limited Business Districts and Administrative and Professional Districts no building or addition to any building shall be placed on any lot of land which will result in the covering by buildings of more than (20%) of the area of such lot, provided, however, that if the only buildings at any time on a lot in any such district are those permitted by SECTION VI.1., SECTION VIIIA.1., SECTION IX.1., or SECTION X.1, then the limitations aforesaid shall be (25%) in lieu of (20%). In Educational, Business or Industrial Districts or in Educational Districts A, Educational Districts B, Business Districts A, or Industrial Districts A, no dwelling (including apartment houses and apartment hotels) or club house shall hereafter be erected or placed on any lot of land which will result in the covering by buildings of more than (25%) of the area of such lot.

D. Ratio of Families to Lot Area.

1. In General Residence Districts and General Residence Districts A there shall be provided for each dwelling hereafter constructed or placed therein a lot containing not less than 5,000 square feet for each family for whose habitation such building is designed or adapted or the minimum area required for lots in the area regulation district in which the building is located, which ever is greater.

Except that town houses may be constructed at a ratio in accordance with and subject to the provisions of SECTION IV. GENERAL RESIDENCE DISTRICTS. A. 3.

2. In Educational, Business and Industrial Districts and in Educational Districts A, Educational Districts B, Lower Falls Village Commercial Districts, Business Districts A and Industrial Districts A there shall be provided for each apartment house, apartment hotel, hotel, inn or town

house, hereafter constructed or placed therein a lot containing not less than 2,500 square feet for each family for whose habitation such building is designed or adapted or the minimum area required for lots in the area regulation district in which the building is located, whichever is greater.

SECTION XIX. YARD REGULATIONS.

A. DEFINITIONS.

Front Yard - An area, on the same lot with the building, measured from the street line to the building extending across the entire front of the lot, and unoccupied above ground level except by uncovered steps, eaves projecting not more than 2 feet from the wall of the building, bay windows that do not have a foundation and do not extend more than two feet from the wall of the building and a covered or uncovered, enclosed or unenclosed, entrance porch on the first floor which neither exceeds a total area of 50 square feet nor projects more than five feet from the face of the building nor extends nearer than 25 feet to the street line.

Side Yard - An area, on the same lot with the building, measured from the side line of the lot to the building, extending from the front yard to the rear yard, and unoccupied above ground level except by covered basement entrances not over four feet in height and not over 35 square feet in area, bay windows that do not have a foundation and do not extend more than two feet from the wall of the building, uncovered steps, eaves projecting not more than 2 feet from the wall of the building, attached chimneys projecting not more than 2 feet from the wall of the building and stair landings not over 25 square feet in area.

Rear Yard - An area, on the same lot with the building, measured from the rear line of the lot to the building, extending the full width of the lot, and unoccupied above ground level except by covered basement entrances not over four feet in height and not over 35 square feet in area, bay windows that do not have a foundation and do not extend more than two feet from the wall of the building, uncovered steps, eaves projecting not more than 2 feet from the wall of the building, covered or uncovered, enclosed or unenclosed, entrance porches on the first floor which do not exceed a total area of 50 square feet, attached chimneys projecting not more than 2 feet from the wall of the building and stair landings not over 25 square feet in area.

Frontage - A lot boundary line which abuts a public way; or
a way which the Town Clerk certifies is maintained and used as a public way; or

a way shown on a plan approved and endorsed in accordance with the Subdivision Control Law; or

a way in existence when the Subdivision Control Law became effective in the Town of Wellesley having, in the opinion of the Planning Board, sufficient width, suitable grades and adequate construction to provide for the needs of vehicular traffic in relation to the proposed use of land abutting thereon or served thereby, and for the installation of municipal services to serve the land and the buildings erected or to be erected thereon;

Certification of the adequacy of a way by the Planning Board shall be required prior to the issuance of a building permit for:

Construction of a new one or two-family dwelling;

Reconstruction of a one or two-family dwelling in conjunction with removal of 50% or more of the existing building coverage (footprint); or

Addition to a one or two-family dwelling where total building coverage (footprint) would be increased by 50% or more.

and across which line there is legal access.

Build Factor - A ratio of lot perimeter to lot area which limits the degree to which a lot may have an irregular shape according to the following formula:

$$\frac{\text{Lot Perimeter Squared}}{\text{Actual Lot Area}} \bullet \frac{\text{Actual Lot Area}}{\text{Required Lot Area}}$$

B. REQUIREMENTS.

There shall be provided for every building or structure hereafter erected or placed upon a lot at least the minimum frontage, minimum front yard width, minimum front yard depth (setback), minimum side yard width and minimum rear yard depth requirements hereinafter set forth; and there shall be not more than one dwelling erected on any lot. Such minimum front yard width shall be provided for the entire depth of the front yard.

Provided, however, in the 10,000 and 15,000 square foot Area Regulation Districts when a rear yard of a lot abuts the side yard of the next lot the minimum rear yard depth shall be not less than the minimum side yard depth.

Heating, ventilation, air conditioning, swimming pool, electric generating, or other noise emitting equipment shall not be located in required setback areas. Plans and installation of sound reduction and/or visual screening may be

required if, in the opinion of the Inspector of Buildings abutters may be affected.

Where the entrance of an attached or detached garage, built in conjunction with a one-family dwelling faces a property boundary line other than the street line there shall be a minimum distance of 30 feet from the garage entrance to that line. The intent of this requirement is to ensure adequate area for vehicles entering and exiting the garage.

Table 1 is applicable to lots recorded or endorsed on or before January 24, 1985 and to lots in the 10,000 square foot Area Regulation District recorded or endorsed after January 24, 1985 and prior to April 8, 1997.

Table 2 is applicable to lots recorded or endorsed after January 24, 1985 and to lots in the 10,000 square foot Area Regulation District, recorded or endorsed on or after January 19, 1989 and prior to January 16, 1997.

Table 3 is applicable to lots recorded or endorsed on or after April 8, 1997.

Lots recorded or endorsed after January 24, 1985 also shall be subject to a maximum Build Factor of 20.

TABLE 1					
District	10,000 sq. ft.	15,000 sq. ft.	20,000 sq. ft.	30,000 sq. ft.	40,000 sq. ft.
Minimum Frontage	60 ft.				
Minimum Front Yard Width	60 ft.	60 ft.	60 ft.	60. ft.	60 ft.
Minimum Front Yard Depth (Setback)	30 ft.*				
Minimum Side Yard Width	20 ft.				
Minimum Rear Yard Depth	10 ft.	15 ft.	20 ft.	20 ft.	20 ft.

Provided however, that a lot having its only frontage on a curved street line having a sideline radius of less than 100 feet may have a reduced frontage upon the granting of a special permit in accordance with SECTION XXV, and provided:

- a. The minimum frontage shall be 50 ft.;
- b. The minimum front yard width is maintained at the street setback line (house line), and
- c. All other dimensional zoning requirements are satisfied.

TABLE 2

Area Regulation District	10,000 sq. ft.	15,000 sq. ft.	20,000 sq. ft.	30,000 sq. ft.	40,000 sq. ft.
Minimum Frontage	75 ft.	80 ft.	100 ft.	120 ft.	140 ft.
Minimum Front Yard Width	75 ft.	80 ft.	100 ft.	120 ft.	140 ft.
Minimum Front Yard Depth (Street Setback)	30 ft.*	30 ft.*	30 ft.*	40 ft.8	40 ft.*
Minimum Side Yard Width (Side Line Setback)	20 ft.				
Minimum Rear Yard Depth (Rear Line Setback)	10 ft.	15 ft.	20 ft.	20 ft.	20 ft.

TABLE 3

Area Regulation District	10,000 sq. ft.	15,000 sq. ft.	20,000 sq. ft.	30,000 sq. ft.	40,000 sq. ft.
Minimum Frontage	90 ft.	100 ft.	110 ft.	175 ft.	200 ft.
Minimum Front Yard Width	90 ft.	100 ft.	110 ft.	175 ft.	200 ft.
Minimum Front Yard Depth (Street Setback)	30 ft.*	30 ft.*	35 ft.*	40 ft.*	40 ft.*
Minimum Side Yard Width (Side Line Setback)	20 ft.	20 ft.	20 ft.	30 ft.	40 ft.
Minimum Rear Yard Depth (Rear Line)	18 ft.	20 ft.	20 ft.	30 ft.	40 ft.

Setback)

Provided however, that a lot having its only frontage on the curved sideline of a cul-de-sac bulb having a sideline radius of less than 100 feet may have a reduced frontage provided:

- a. The minimum frontage shall be 50 feet;
- b. The minimum front yard width is maintained at the street setback line (house line);
- c. The maximum number of lots with frontage exclusively on the bulb of any cul-de-sac shall be three;
- d. All other dimensional zoning requirements are satisfied.

*Where, on a frontage of 500 feet including the lot to be affected, or on a frontage between two intersecting or entering streets if such frontage is less than 500 feet, all existing buildings (if they are not less than three in number) have front yards of a depth greater than 30 feet, the minimum depth thereof shall be the depth required.

This Section shall not apply to lots in districts zoned as Lower Falls Village Commercial, Business, Business A, Industrial, or Industrial A except for the requirements for front yards unless such property is used for a dwelling house (including, apartment house and apartment hotel) or club house and excepting further, that in the Lower Falls Village Commercial District there shall be a minimum front yard depth of 5 feet and a maximum front yard depth of 10 feet. The requirement for front yards shall not apply to property included in a Business District on April 1, 1939, and fronting on Washington Street, Church Street, Central Street, Grove Street, Spring Street, Cross Street, or that part of Weston Road between Central Street and Cross Street, unless such property is used for a dwelling house (including apartment house and apartment hotel) or club house.

The requirements for side and rear yards shall apply to all accessory buildings over one hundred square feet in area. For purposes of this Section, an accessory building shall mean a detached subordinate building located on the same lot with the main building, the use of which is customarily incidental to that of the main building or to the use of the land. The requirements for front, side and rear yards shall not apply to the construction or enlargement of dormers on pre-existing non-conforming dwellings provided that the highest point of the existing roof is not exceeded and there is no further encroachment on the lot lines.

For exemptions for pre-existing non-conforming lots refer to SECTION XVII. of this Zoning Bylaw.

C. GENERAL.

No building or lot shall be so altered as to reduce the size of the then existing yard unless the resulting yard complies with the requirements of this Section, except by taking by eminent domain or by a conveyance for a public purpose.

No yard or other open space shall at any time be considered as appurtenant to more than one building in computing the requirement for yards under this Bylaw.

No building or structure shall hereafter be erected or placed nearer than ten (10) feet to any public land held or in use for a park, playground or recreational purpose and no existing building or structure shall be so altered as to result in the said building or structure being nearer than ten (10) feet to such public land.

SECTION XX. HEIGHTS OF BUILDINGS OR STRUCTURES.

No building or structure, except one for religious or non-residential municipal purposes, or excepting further, a building or structure in Limited Apartment Districts authorized by SECTION VIA. 3., shall be constructed, enlarged or altered so as to exceed a height measured from the average finished grade of the land surrounding the exterior walls, of forty-five (45) feet or three stories, exclusive of parapets, chimneys, flag poles, solar collectors or necessary projections.

Provided, however, that single family, two family and town house buildings and additions thereto erected pursuant to a building permit issued on or after November 5, 1996 and buildings or additions thereto constructed in the Lower Falls Village Commercial District shall not exceed 36 feet in height as defined and restricted in this Section.

Provided further, however, that the height of residential buildings constructed under the provisions of the RESIDENTIAL INCENTIVE OVERLAY DISTRICT shall be governed by the height restrictions contained in SECTION XIVF.

This Section shall not apply to the replacement, without substantial change or addition thereto, of buildings in existence on May 1, 1949 which are thereafter destroyed or demolished.

SECTION XXI. OFF-STREET PARKING.

Part A. PURPOSE.

It is the intent of this Section that any use of land involving the arrival, departure, parking or storage of motor vehicles upon such land be so designed and operated as to

assure that all structures and land uses shall have sufficient off-street automobile parking to meet the needs of persons employed at, or making use of, such structures or land uses.

Part B. DEFINITIONS.

As used herein the following words and phrases shall have and include the following respective meanings:

Parking space - An area exclusive of maneuvering area and driveway for the parking of one motor vehicle.

Parking area - An area either used or required for parking of five or more motor vehicles not for sale or rental, including necessary maneuvering space, but not including parking on a lot for the passenger cars of residents and guests of a one or two-family dwelling on said lot.

Storage area - An area either used or required for the standing of motor vehicles held for sale or rental.

Maneuvering space - An area in a parking area which (1) is immediately adjacent to a parking space, (2) is used for and/or is necessary for turning, backing, or driving forward a motor vehicle into such parking space but (3) is not used for the parking or storage of motor vehicles.

Maneuvering aisle - A maneuvering space which serves two or more parking spaces, such as the area between two rows of parking spaces.

Driveway - An area on a lot, in addition to parking and maneuvering spaces and aisles, which is designed or used to provide for the passage of motor vehicles to and from a street or way.

Motor vehicle - Any vehicle for which registration is required in order to travel legally on Massachusetts highways.

Passenger car - A motor vehicle designed for private passenger use.

Use - The purpose for which land or building is employed, arranged, designed, or intended or for which either is occupied or maintained.

Service area - An off-street space or berth on the same lot with a building or contiguous to a building or buildings, used for maneuvering and/or temporary parking of motor vehicles or storage containers employed in providing the pickup and delivery of goods and services to such building or buildings.

Part C. APPLICABILITY.

No new building or structure shall be constructed or used, in whole or in part, and no building, or part thereof, shall be altered, enlarged, reconstructed or used, and no land shall be used unless there is provided off-street parking in accordance with the following conditions:

1. A plan submitted in accordance with Part E. of this Section, shall have been approved by the Inspector of Buildings or the Special Permit Granting Authority as provided in SECTION XVIA.
2. No existing off-street parking spaces shall be eliminated by the replacement or enlargement of an existing building or structure, unless replaced by spaces provided in accordance with this Section.
3. Enlargements or alterations which result in an increase in the ground coverage or the usable floor area of a building or structure shall require additional off-street parking spaces in accordance with the provisions of this Section, but only to the extent that such increase exceeds 5% of the ground coverage or 15% of the floor area existing at the time this Section becomes effective; and provided that property included in a Business or Industrial District on March 31, 1982 shall require additional off-street parking spaces in accordance with the provisions of this paragraph 3. only for any ground coverage or floor area in excess of that in existence on March 31, 1982;

and provided, further, that property included in a Business District A., Industrial District A. or Educational District A. on April 4, 1983 shall require additional off-street parking spaces in accordance with the provisions of this Section for floor area in excess of that in existence on April 4, 1983, provided, however, that said properties shall not be rendered non-conforming by reason of having less than the required amount of parking based on floor area existing on April 4, 1983.

4. Changes in the use of existing buildings or structures, or parts thereof or of land shall require additional off-street parking spaces in accordance with the provisions of this Section, but only to the extent of such change.
5. Repair or reconstruction of pre-existing non-conforming buildings shall be governed by the provisions of SECTION XVII.

Part D. REGULATIONS AND RESTRICTIONS.

Subpart 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS

No parking or storage area (whether required by this Bylaw or otherwise subject to Subpart 3. of this Section) shall be

constructed or altered; no building permit for the erection, enlargement or substantial alteration of any building for which a parking or storage area would be required by this Bylaw shall be issued; and the uses to which a lot is put shall not be changed to a use or uses requiring different parking requirements from those applicable to the former use; unless in each case a permit has been issued in accordance with the provisions of Part E., Subpart 1. of this Section based on an Off-Street Parking or Storage Plan which shows such parking or storage areas and/or the parking or storage areas associated with such buildings or changed uses. Said Off-street Parking or Storage Plan shall include:

- a. The quantity, location, and dimensions of all driveways, maneuvering spaces and aisles, parking spaces, storage areas, and drainage facilities;
- b. The location, size and type of materials for surface paving, curbing or wheel stops, trees, screening and lighting;
- c. The location of all buildings and lot lines from which the parking lot must be set back, and
- d. Such other information as the Building Inspector may reasonably require.

The plan shall be a drawing at a scale of 1 inch equals 20 feet or 1 inch equals 40 feet or at such other scale as the Building Inspector may direct.

Where necessary for the administration of this Section, the Building Inspector may require that the owner, operator or occupant of a lot or any building thereon, furnish a statement as to the number of employees customarily working at any one time on the premises. The Building Inspector may, at any reasonable time, enter upon a lot or into any building thereon, in order to make such determinations as are necessary for the administration of this Section.

No parking or storage area at any time existing shall be discontinued or altered (except in accordance with a permit issued pursuant to Part E., Subpart 1.) if the requirements of this SECTION XXI. would not thereafter be satisfied with respect to the property theretofore served by such area.

Where off-street parking or storage is furnished in connection with two or more uses the requirements shall be the sum of the requirements for the several uses.

Areas required to be kept open and unoccupied by buildings under SECTION XVIIIIC., RATIO OF BUILDING TO LOT AREA, and SECTION XIX., YARD REGULATIONS. may be used to satisfy the provisions of this Section.

Nothing herein shall be construed to prohibit the owner of a parking or storage area from restricting the use thereof to his customers, employees or other invitees, nor from charging a reasonable fee for the use thereof.

Subpart 2. REQUIRED PARKING.

In all districts which require off-street parking in accordance with this Zoning Bylaw, off-street parking shall be provided for uses (excluding public housing for the elderly) according to the following table. The table is intended to show the minimum number of parking spaces required for various uses in the zoning districts, and is not intended to indicate the allowed uses in the districts.

OFF-STREET PARKING REQUIREMENTS

USE	ZONING DISTRICT	MINIMUM NUMBER OF PARKING SPACES
Apartment house, apartment hotels	Business Districts A. Industrial Districts A.	One space for each apartment dwelling unit contained in buildings.
Hotel, inn, lodging house, restaurant or other eating place.	Single Residence Districts A, General Residence Districts A, Limited Residence Districts, Business Districts A, Industrial Districts A.	Either one space per two guest rooms or one space for each 100 sq. ft.* of area in which food is served, whichever is greater.
Building used for administrative, clerical, statistical & professional offices, and other similar uses.	Administrative and Professional Districts. *** Limited Business Districts.	One space for 100 sq. ft.* of ground coverage of buildings but not less than 3.2 & spaces per 1,000 sq. ft. of floor area of buildings.**
Hotel, motel, inn, restaurant operated in conjunction with such similar uses.	Limited Business Districts.	One space per guestroom and one space for each 100 sq. ft.* of area in which food is served.
Any building where the principal use is motor vehicle sales or service.	Business Districts A, Industrial Districts A.	One space per employee and one space per motor vehicle (not for sale or rental) owned, operated or associated with the establishment and one space per 100 sq. ft.* of area occupied by buildings.
Apartment building or group of buildings containing three or	Limited Residence Districts.	One space on the lot for each dwelling unit.

more dwelling units.

Apartment building or group of buildings containing 20 or more dwelling units.	Limited Apartment Districts.	1.5 spaces for each dwelling unit of two bedrooms or less and two parking spaces for each dwelling unit providing three bedrooms or more.
Any building used for any business, industrial, educational or commercial purpose residential uses accessory to an educational use.	Educational Districts A, Business Districts A, Industrial Districts A.	One space for each 150 sq. ft.* occupied by buildings but not less than 3.2 spaces per 1,000 sq. ft. of floor area of buildings.**
Any building used for physical education or physical recreation purpose.	Educational Districts B, Business Districts A, Industrial Districts A.	One space for every 3 permanent spectator seats, which shall include folding bleachers that are attached to buildings, but not less than one space per 1,000 sq. ft. of floor area of buildings.**
Any allowed use with or without a special permit.	Lower Falls Village Commercial District.	3.2 spaces per 1,000 sq. ft.* of first floor area of buildings.** 2 spaces per 1,000 sq. ft.* of upper floor space in excess of 4,000 sq. ft.** ****
Assisted Elderly Living, Independent Elderly Housing.	Residential Incentive Overlay District.	0.65 spaces per dwelling unit.
Conventional Multi Family Housing	Residential Incentive Overlay District.	2 spaces per dwelling unit.
Nursing Home and/or Skilled Nursing Facility.	Residential Incentive Overlay District.	1 space for 5 nursing home beds.
Any building used for any business, industrial, educational or commercial purpose.	Business Districts. Industrial Districts.	One space for each 150 sq. ft.* of ground coverage of buildings but not less than 3.2 spaces per 1,000 sq. ft. of floor area of buildings.**
Town House	Town House General Residence General Residence A.	Two spaces on the lot for each dwelling unit.

- * Computed to the nearest ten square feet.
- ** Floor area shall be the sum of the horizontal areas of the several floors (including basement) of a building to the nearest 100 square feet, except that such floor area as is provided for deck parking or other in building parking shall be counted for required parking space and not in figuring floor area for which parking must be provided. For the purpose of computing the requirements, the area shall be measured from the exterior surface of the exterior walls.
- *** No parking facilities other than those for transient motor vehicles shall be located between the principal building and the principal street line.
- **** If any portion of a parcel is within 600 feet of any portion of a public parking area or areas, having individually or jointly 50 or more parking spaces, off-street parking shall be provided at a ratio of 2.5 spaces per 1,000 gross square feet of commercial floor area, excluding uninhabitable basement areas.

Subpart 3. DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS.

Each parking area hereafter devoted to the off-street parking of fifteen (15) or more vehicles regardless of whether said parking area is required by this Bylaw, shall comply with the standards as hereinafter set forth:

DESIGN.

- a. Parking spaces and maneuvering aisles shall have the minimum dimensions set forth in the following table:

MINIMUM PARKING SPACE AND AISLE DIMENSIONS
FOR PARKING AREAS (in feet)

Angle of Parking	Width of Parking Space	Depth of Parking Space	Width of Maneuver Aisle
61° - 90°	8'6"	18'	24'
46° - 60°	8'6"	18'	18'
45°	8'6"	18'	15'
Parallel	8'0"	22'	12'

Parking spaces for the exclusive use of handicapped individuals shall be provided in accordance with the Rules and Regulations of the Architectural Barriers Board.

Provided however, that compact car spaces having the minimum dimensions set forth in the following table may be used to satisfy up to a maximum of 30% of the off-street parking spaces required. Such spaces shall be designated for "Compact Cars Only" by signs or pavement markings.

MINIMUM PARKING SPACE AND AISLE DIMENSIONS
FOR PARKING AREAS (in feet)

Angle of Parking	Width of Parking Space	Depth of Parking Space	Width of Maneuver Aisle
61° - 90°	7'6"	15'	24'
46° - 60°	7'6"	15'	18'
45°	7'6"	15'	15'
Parallel	7'0"	19'	12'

- b. The number of driveways permitting entrance to and for exit from a lot shall be limited to two per street line. Driveways shall be located so as to minimize conflict with traffic on public streets and where good visibility and sight distances are available to observe approaching pedestrian and vehicular traffic.
- c. The width of a driveway for one-way traffic shall be not less than twelve (12) feet as measured at its narrowest point. The width of a driveway for two-way use shall be a minimum of eighteen (18) feet and a maximum of twenty-four (24) feet, as measured at its narrowest point.
- d. All parking areas shall be so arranged and designed that the only means of access and egress to and from such areas shall be by driveways meeting the requirements of this Section.
- e. Driveways shall be arranged for the free flow of vehicles at all times, and all maneuvering spaces and aisles shall be so designated that all vehicles may exit from and enter into a public street by being driven in a forward direction.
- f. On any parking area in any District, all paved portions of all parking spaces and maneuvering aisles shall be set back five (5) feet from any wall of a building, and five (5) feet from any private or public way, or any lot line of any land in residential districts or used for residential, conservation or park purposes.
- g. Each required off-street parking space shall be designed so that any motor vehicle may proceed to and from said space without requiring the moving of any other vehicle

or by passing over any other parking space, except where the parking area is attended or limited to employees.

CONSTRUCTION.

- a. All required parking spaces, maneuvering aisles, and driveways shall have a durable, dustless, all-weather surface, such as bituminous concrete or cement concrete, and shall provide for a satisfactory disposal of surface water by grading and drainage in such a manner that no surface water shall drain onto any public way or onto any lot in other ownership and such surfaces shall be well maintained.
- b. Parking areas in all Districts shall be provided with curbing, wheel stops, or other devices to prevent motor vehicles from being parked or driven within required setback areas or onto the required landscaped open space.
- c. In any parking area the surface shall be painted, marked or otherwise delineated so that each parking space is apparent.

LANDSCAPING.

- a. For an outdoor parking area containing twenty (20) or more parking spaces, there shall be planted at least one tree for every ten (10) parking spaces on any side of the perimeter of such parking area that abuts the side line of a private or public way, or abuts the lot line of land in residential districts or land used for residential purposes.
- b. In any outdoor parking area a landscaped open space having an area of not less than 10% of the outdoor parking area on the lot shall be provided. A minimum of one half of the required landscaped open space shall be located in the interior of the parking area.
- c. Trees required by the provisions of this Section shall be at least two (2) inches in diameter at a height of five (5) feet at the time of planting and shall be of a species characterized by rapid growth and by suitability and hardiness for location in a parking lot. To the extent practicable, existing trees shall be retained and used to satisfy the provisions of this Section.

SCREENING.

Any parking, storage or service area which abuts residential districts or uses shall be screened from such residential districts or uses and any parking area shall be screened from a public or private way in accordance with the following requirements:

- a. Materials - plant materials characterized by dense growth which will form an effective year-round screen shall be planted, or a fence or a wall shall be constructed, to form the screen. Where a grill or open-work fence or wall is used it shall be suitable in appearance and materials. Screening may consist of both natural and man-made materials. To the extent practicable, existing trees shall be retained and used to satisfy the provisions of this Section.
- b. Height - screening shall be at least five (5) feet in height. Plant materials when planted, may be not less than 3 1/2 feet in height if of a species or variety which shall attain the required height and width within three (3) years of planting. Height shall be measured from the finished grade.
- c. Width - screening shall be in a strip of landscaped open space at least five (5) feet wide, and so located as not to conflict with any corner visibility requirements or any other Bylaws of the Town.
- d. Maintenance - all required plant materials shall be maintained in a healthy condition and whenever necessary replaced with new plant materials to insure continued compliance with screening requirements. All required fences and walls shall be permanently maintained in good repair and presentable appearance and whenever necessary they shall be repaired or replaced.
- e. Lighting - all artificial lighting used to illuminate a parking or storage area, maneuvering space or driveway shall be arranged and shielded so as to prevent direct glare from the light source into any public street or private way or onto adjacent property.

Part E. ADMINISTRATION.

Subpart 1. PERMITS.

Upon the filing, by the owner of a lot or by the operator or occupant thereof with the consent of the owner, of an application for a permit accompanied by a plan complying with the provisions of Part D. Subpart 1:

- a) for the construction, enlargement, or alteration of a parking or storage area;
- b) for the erection, enlargement or substantial alteration of any building for which parking would be required by this Bylaw; or
- c) for a change in the use or uses that would require different requirements from those applicable to the former use, the Building Inspector shall determine

whether such plan is in compliance with the provisions of this Bylaw and if so he shall issue a permit therefore. If the Building Inspector determines that the plan is not in compliance with this Bylaw he shall deny the application in writing setting forth his grounds for denial.

The fee for such permit shall be determined from time to time by the Selectmen.

Subpart 2. SPECIAL PERMITS.

An applicant who proposes to erect, enlarge or substantially alter a building, for which parking is required by this Bylaw, which parking to be provided is insufficient, may apply to the Special Permit Granting Authority for a special permit in accordance with this SECTION XXI. and SECTION XXV. of this Zoning Bylaw subject to the following:

A special permit may be granted allowing provision of the parking spaces required by this Zoning Bylaw to be maintained on a lot other than the same lot with the building, provided the spaces are available on another lot accessible to and within a walking distance of 600 feet from the building.

SECTION XXII. DESIGN REVIEW.

Part A. PURPOSE.

It is the intent of this Section to provide detailed review of uses and structures having substantial impact on the Town; to prevent blight, to enhance the natural and aesthetic qualities of the Town; to conserve the value of land and buildings; and to protect and preserve the historic and cultural heritage of the Town.

Part B. DESIGN REVIEW BOARD.

Subpart 1. COMPOSITION.

For the purposes of this SECTION XXII, the Design Review Board shall be appointed by the Planning Board to consist of five persons as follows:

- a. A member of the Planning Board or designee by the Board who shall be a resident;
- b. A person qualified by training and experience in architecture who shall be a resident;
- c. A person qualified by training and experience in landscape design and landscape architecture who shall be a resident;

- d. A person qualified by training and experience in the art or design professions who shall be a resident; and
- e. A person recommended by one or more of the Town associations representing Wellesley retail business owners.

The Planning Board may appoint up to three Alternate Members each of whom shall meet one or more of the qualifications set forth above. In the absence of a Member, the Chairman of the Design Review Board may designate an Alternate Member to serve in the place of the absent Member. An Alternate Member so designated may discuss, vote, and otherwise participate as a Design Review Board member in matters that come before the Board.

Subpart 2. AUTHORITY AND SPECIFIC POWERS.

The Design Review Board shall review requests for sign permits submitted under the provisions of SECTION XXIIA., requests for site plan approval submitted in accordance with SECTION XVIIIA. SITE PLAN APPROVAL. and other projects as specified in this Zoning Bylaw. It shall evaluate such requests based on Part C., DESIGN CRITERIA. of this SECTION XXII. Its findings, along with any restrictions and conditions, shall be incorporated in the recommendations of the Planning Board to the Special Permit Granting Authority.

Part C. DESIGN CRITERIA.

The Design Review Board shall review requests for special permits under this SECTION XXII based on the following standards:

- 1. Preservation and enhancement of landscaping. The landscape shall be preserved in its natural state, insofar as practicable, by minimizing tree and soil removal, and any grade changes shall be in keeping with the general appearance of neighboring developed areas.
- 2. Relation of buildings to environment. Proposed development shall be related harmoniously to the terrain and to the use, scale, and architecture of existing buildings in the vicinity that have functional or visual relationship to the proposed buildings. Proposed buildings shall be related to their surroundings with respect to:
 - a. Height
 - b. street facade
 - c. rhythm of solids and voids
 - d. spacing of buildings or signs
 - e. materials, textures, and color
 - f. roof slopes
 - g. scale.

3. Open space - All open space (landscaped and usable) shall be designed to add to the visual amenities of the area by maximizing its visibility for persons passing the site or overlooking it from nearby properties.
4. Signs and advertising devices - The size, location, design, color, texture, lighting and materials of signs and advertising devices shall be in harmony with significant architectural features of existing and proposed buildings and structures and with surrounding properties.
5. Heritage - Removal or disruption of historic, traditional or significant uses, structures, or architectural elements shall be minimized insofar as practicable, whether these exist on the site or on adjacent properties.

Part D. DESIGN GUIDELINES HANDBOOK.

The Design Review Board shall publish and make available to the public on request a booklet of guidelines based on the specific DESIGN CRITERIA. cited in Part C. to effectuate the purposes of this SECTION XXII.

SECTION XXIIIA. SIGNS AND IDENTIFICATION DEVICES

A. PURPOSE.

This section is adopted by the Town of Wellesley for the regulation and restriction of signs and other identification devices within the Town,

to promote the public safety and convenience of the streets and roads, sidewalks and other pedestrian spaces, public property and private property within public view,

to preserve for the present and future inhabitants the natural, architectural and historical assets and other qualities which distinguish the Town as a highly desirable residential community,

to protect business viability, economic opportunity, property values, educational values, aesthetic integrity, village character, creativity and community appearance by exercising prudent control, and

to encourage compatibility and harmony with surrounding buildings, land and land uses.

B. DEFINITIONS.

As used herein this SECTION XXIIIA. the following words and terms shall have and include the following respective meanings:

Awning Sign - Any and every sign displayed on an awning or canopy. An Awning or Canopy is any device, fixed or retractable, of any material, which extends over or otherwise covers a sidewalk, courtyard, walkway, eating area, driveway, or other area or space whether that area or space is intended for pedestrians, vehicles or other purposes.

Banner - Any and every sign whatever the nature of the material or manner of composition, message, or design, frequently displayed on a pole or staff which can be free standing or attached to a building or structure, and temporary or removable in nature. Official flags of governmental jurisdictions properly displayed shall not be considered as banners or otherwise considered as signs for the purposes of this Zoning Bylaw.

Business Establishment - Each separate place of business whether or not consisting of one or more buildings.

Facade of the Business Establishment - That portion of the building wall facing a street or containing a public entrance, which corresponds to the height and width of the interior space rented or owned by the tenant of the business establishment.

Height - The maximum vertical distance measured from the finished grade to the highest point of the sign or its supporting structure, whichever is higher.

Internally Illuminated Sign - Each and every sign which utilizes translucent panels, canvas or other fabric, letters, devices or other similar components to create an image by allowing light to pass through.

Moving Signs - Any and every sign any part of which moves, is designed to move, or to be moved, by any means.

Non-Conforming Sign - Any non-conforming sign legally erected prior to the adoption of this section, or any amendment thereof.

Roof Sign - Any and every sign located above, or projecting above, the lowest point of the eave or the top of a parapet wall of any building, or which is painted or otherwise attached or affixed to a roof.

Sign - Any letter, word, symbol, drawing, picture, design, device, article or object that advertises, calls attention to or indicates any premises, persons, products, businesses or activities, or that conveys or is intended to convey any message whatever the nature of the material and manner of composition or construction. (Historical date plaques and markers approved by the Historical Commission and flags and insignia of governmental jurisdictions shall not be considered

signs except when displayed for the purpose of commercial promotion.)

Standing Sign - Any and every free standing sign erected on or affixed to the land and includes any and every sign that is not attached to a building.

Temporary Signs - Any and every sign which by its design and/or use is temporary in nature, frequently composed of paper, posterboard and/or cardboard or other material attached so as to be visible through windows and glass doors or otherwise displayed on a property, typically containing messages relative to sale, lease, rental or construction of property, garage or yard sales and similar occasional uses, special sales, bazaars, dinners or other events.

Traffic Signs - Any sign limited solely to directing traffic within or setting out restrictions on the use of parking areas.

Trailer or Vehicle Signs - For the purposes of this Sign Bylaw a vehicle, motor vehicle or self-propelled vehicle shall be considered and regulated as a sign when or under such circumstances any such vehicle is not engaged in the usual business or work of the owner or lessee but is used merely or mainly for advertising purposes.

Wall Sign - Any and every sign attached to a building and not considered to be a roof sign or a window sign.

Window Sign - Any and every sign consisting of individual letters or graphics painted or otherwise similarly affixed directly to the glass surface of a window or door and designed to be visible from the outside of any building.

C. GENERAL PROVISIONS

Signs shall relate to:

- The context of the building facade,
- Buildings in the immediate vicinity of the sign
- The basic pattern of the street front to which the sign is oriented, and
- The size, brightness, style, height and colors of other permanent structures and elements in the immediate vicinity

Signs shall be sized and located so as to avoid obscuring existing architectural features such as columns, sill lines, roof eaves and cornices. Signs shall be placed within the area of a building signband wherever one exists.

The sign materials, colors and lettering shall reflect the character of the building.

Signs which identify legally abandoned or discontinued businesses shall be removed within 60 days following the legal abandonment or discontinuance as ordered by the Inspector of Buildings.

Maximum allowable sign dimensions per zoning district are detailed in part D. MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE SIGN DIMENSIONS.

1. Awning Signs

a. The following provisions shall apply to all awning signs:

- 1) Awning signs may only be located at the first floor level and must be painted on or attached flat against the surface of the awning or canopy and shall not extend beyond the valance or any other part of the awning or canopy nor be attached to or displayed on the sides or underside;
- 2) The area of an awning sign shall not exceed 25% of the surface area of the awning or canopy eligible for placement of signs;
- 3) Awning signs shall not be back lit or internally illuminated; and
- 4) Awning signs shall not be used in combination with wall signs except as provided below.

b. An awning sign which:

- 1) consists of letters only, not more than eight inches (8") in height and includes no other form of graphic, logo or symbol; and
- 2) is located only on the valance of the awning or canopy and no other sign, graphic, logo or symbol is displayed on the awning or canopy; and
- 3) does not occupy more than 50% of the horizontal length of the valance of the awning or canopy,

shall not be subject to the limitations of C. General Provisions, paragraph 14. Maximum Number of Signs Allowed, paragraph 16. Maximum Area of Signs Allowed, and paragraph 1., a., 4) use in combination with wall signs, of this Section.

2. Banners

A banner may be placed above or across a public or private street or way with the prior written permission of the Board of Selectmen upon such terms and conditions as it shall determine and in which case it shall not be subject to the limitations of C. General Provisions, paragraph 14. Maximum Number of Signs Allowed, and paragraph 16. Maximum Area of Signs Allowed. Other banners shall be subject to the limitations of C. General Provisions, paragraph 8. Temporary Signs of this Section.

3. Illumination of Signs

Illumination shall be by white, steady, stationary light shielded and directed solely (or by silhouette) at the sign. The foregoing is applicable to signs exterior to a building and to permanent interior signs designed to be visible through a door or window. No sign may utilize translucent panels, canvas or other fabric, letters, devices or other similar components to create an image by allowing light to pass through. No sign shall be illuminated except while the business establishment or office is open to the public. No illumination shall be permitted which directs light onto any portion of any street or residential premises.

4. Moving Signs

No moving sign shall be erected or maintained in any district.

5. Non-Conforming Signs

Any non-conforming sign may continue to be maintained but shall not be enlarged, reworded, redesigned or altered in any way unless it is brought into conformity. Any such sign which has been destroyed or damaged to such an extent that the cost of restoration would exceed 35 percent of the replacement value of the sign at the time of the destruction or damage, shall not be repaired or rebuilt or altered unless in conformity with this section.

The exemption herein granted shall terminate with respect to any sign which:

- a. shall have been abandoned; or
- b. advertises or calls attention to any products, businesses or activities which are no longer carried on or sold, whether generally or at the particular premises; or
- c. shall not have been repaired or properly maintained within 60 days after notice to that effect has been given by the Inspector of Buildings.

6. Roof Signs

No sign shall be erected or maintained on the roof of any building or structure in any district.

7. Standing Signs

Standing Signs shall have a minimum setback of 15 feet which shall be measured to the nearest property boundary line whether or not said line abuts a public or private street or way. The standing sign shall be located on the same lot with the principal building. This section shall not exempt signs from the corner clearance requirements contained within the Town Bylaws.

8. Temporary Signs

Temporary signs shall be removed promptly after the sale, event or reason for the sign message has been concluded. Temporary signs shall not be maintained for more than a 30 day period, except as may be otherwise specifically provided below, as determined by the Inspector of Buildings, unless proper sign permits have been obtained.

A temporary sign erected for the purpose of the sale, lease, rental or construction of real estate is not subject to the 30 day display limitation but shall be removed promptly after such sale, lease, rental or construction has been effected or completed. Temporary signs pertaining to construction shall not be erected prior to the commencement of work.

Temporary signs which indicate garage or yard sales and similar occasional uses shall comply with the special regulations, adopted by the Board of Selectmen, governing such events and shall be removed immediately after the event.

Temporary signs advertising special sales, bazaars, dinners or other events shall not require a permit or a special permit.

Temporary signs placed on property which identify contractors performing work on that property shall be removed forthwith upon the completion of said work.

9. Traffic Signs

The regulations contained herein shall not apply to traffic signs not exceeding four square feet in area.

10. Wall Signs

A wall sign shall be parallel to or perpendicular to a wall of the building and shall not project beyond the face of any other wall of the building, or above the top of the wall to which attached. A wall sign shall not project more than one foot, in the case of a sign parallel to the wall, or four feet in the case of a sign perpendicular to the wall, from the face of the wall to which attached, provided that in no case shall a perpendicular sign project into, on or over a public sidewalk, street or way. Any pre-existing non-conforming sign which projects into, on or over a public sidewalk, street or way shall be subject to the provisions of the State Building Code regulating signs projecting into, on over a public sidewalk, street or way and shall be subject to bonding and/or insurance requirements as determined by the Board of Selectmen. A sign consisting of a panel or other device hung or otherwise displayed to be viewed primarily from the outside through a window or door of any building shall be considered a wall sign. The area of any such sign shall be included in the calculation of the total allowable sign area.

11. Sign Permits

The Design Review Board shall review requests for sign permits submitted and shall, within 21 days of the receipt of the submission materials transmit its advisory recommendations regarding the design of the sign to the Inspector of Buildings and the applicant. No sign permit shall be issued by the Inspector of Buildings within this 21 day period, unless said recommendations have been received. If the advisory recommendations of the Design Review Board are not transmitted within the 21 day period the Inspector of Buildings may issue the sign permit. No sign shall be erected or placed prior to the issuance of a sign permit by the Inspector of Buildings.

12. Special Permits for Signs

The Special Permit Granting Authority shall consider requests for special permits in accordance with this SECTION XXIIA. and SECTION XXV. of this Zoning Bylaw. The Special Permit Granting Authority may grant a Special Permit for a sign not meeting limitations of Sign Height, Maximum Number of Signs Allowed, Illumination of Signs, Maximum Area of Signs Allowed, and minimum setback, provided however, that the sign is otherwise in compliance with the provisions of this Section and provided further that:

- a. Sign scale is determined to be in reasonable relation to development scale, viewer distance and travel speed, and sign sizes on nearby structures.

- b. Sign size, shape, and placement serves to define or enhance architectural elements of the building such as columns, sill lines, cornices, and roof edges, and do not unreasonably interrupt, obscure, or hide them.
- c. Sign design is in harmony with other signage on the same or adjacent structures, and provides reasonable continuity in mounting location and height, proportions and materials.
- d. Sign materials, colors, lettering style, illumination and form are reasonably compatible with building design, neighborhood context and use.
- e. Sign size, location, design and illumination are not judged to present a safety hazard to vehicular or pedestrian traffic.

The Design Review Board shall make a report to the Special Permit Granting Authority giving its recommendations regarding compliance with the above criteria.

An unfavorable report of the Design Review Board shall indicate which of the above criteria were not met and shall state what modifications to the sign or signs could be made to render a favorable report.

Failure of the Design Review Board to make this report within 21 days from the date of submission of application materials to the Design Review Board shall be deemed by the Special Permit Granting Authority to constitute a favorable report.

In no case, however, shall approval be granted for:

- 1) A sign which uses more than two colors, with black and white considered as colors, if internally illuminated;
- 2) A wall sign which exceeds in height the top of the wall;
- 3) A sign in a Residential District;
- 4) A standing sign in Districts other than Residential Districts which exceeds in height 10 feet in Districts fronting on streets other than Worcester Street, 20 feet in Districts fronting on Worcester Street, or exceeds in area 50 feet in Districts fronting on streets other than Worcester Street, 100 feet in Districts fronting on Worcester Street, or is closer to the nearest property boundary line than 5 feet in Districts fronting on streets other

than Worcester Street, or 10 feet in Districts fronting on Worcester Street;

- 5) A wall sign in Districts other than Residential Districts which exceeds in area 50 square feet in Office Districts, 75 square feet in Districts other than Office Districts fronting on streets other than Worcester Street, or 100 square feet in Districts other than Office Districts fronting on Worcester Street.

13. Construction and Maintenance

No sign shall be painted or posted directly on the exterior surface of any wall. All signs must be painted, posted or otherwise securely attached to a substantial intermediary removable surface which shall be securely attached to the building. The foregoing, however, shall not prevent installation of a sign consisting of individual letters or devices securely attached to the exterior wall of the building.

The material and construction of any sign and intermediary surface and the manner of attaching the sign to the intermediary surface and the intermediary surface to the wall of the building shall be in accordance with applicable provisions of the State Building Code and with the reasonable requirements of the Inspector of Buildings. All signs, together with their structural elements, shall be kept in good repair and in a proper state of preservation to the reasonable satisfaction of the Inspector of Buildings. The Inspector of Buildings may order the removal of any sign that is not maintained in accordance with the provisions of this Zoning Bylaw.

14. Maximum Number of Signs Allowed

Unless otherwise provided herein there shall be not more than two of the four following types of signs: wall, window, standing, or awning for each business establishment, except that if a business establishment has more than one public entrance at street level there may be an additional sign, which shall not exceed 25 square feet or 10% of the facade of the business establishment whichever is less, attached to the wall, in which such entrance is located and at each such entrance, other than the wall to which the principal sign is attached. If a business establishment consists of more than one building, a secondary sign, not exceeding 25 square feet or 10% of the facade of the business establishment whichever is less, may be affixed to a wall of each such building, not including the building to which the principal sign is attached. In addition to the foregoing sign or signs, one directory of the business

establishments occupying a building may be attached to the exterior wall of the building at each public entrance to the building. Such directory shall not exceed an area determined on the basis on one square foot for each establishment occupying the building or six square feet in total area, whichever is less.

15. Gasoline Filling Stations and Garages

Gasoline filling stations and garages may, if they elect to do so, divide the principal sign area, to which they are entitled into separate signs attached to and parallel to the wall to which the principal sign may be attached and indicating the separate operations or departments of the business, provided, however, that the total size of the separate signs shall not exceed the maximum size permitted under this section for a single exterior sign on such wall. In addition, one standing sign, indicating the company whose gasoline is being sold may be erected of such type, in such location, and in such manner as hereinabove provided. Signs displayed on structural canopies over gasoline pumps or gasoline pump islands shall be regulated as wall signs. On commercially zoned lots fronting on, and having primary vehicular access directly from Worcester Street, the allowed sign area may be divided between a wall sign and a standing sign pursuant to the issuance of a sign permit, provided the aggregate total maximum sign area shall not exceed 100 square feet, and provided the signs are otherwise in compliance with the provisions of this Section.

16. Maximum Area of Signs Allowed

For purposes of determining the maximum size limitations, any intermediary removable surface to which a sign is attached shall be deemed part of the sign; and any sign composed of separate letters, numbers or symbols cut into or attached to a wall or painted on or otherwise attached to an awning, canopy or window shall be deemed to occupy the entire area within a single continuous perimeter enclosing the extreme limits of the sign, including any structural elements. In determining the permissible sign area of a two sided sign, such as a standing sign or a projecting wall sign, both sides of the sign shall be considered.

The sum of the areas of wall, window and awning signs of a business in the aggregate shall not exceed the lesser of the following two amounts:

- a. 10% of the facade of the business establishment;
- b. 50 square feet in Districts fronting on streets other than Worcester Street, or 75 square feet in Districts fronting on Worcester Street.

17. Lettering Height

The size of the letters shall be in proportion both to the sign and to the building. In addition, size of letters on secondary signs shall be proportionately smaller than the size of letters in a primary sign.

D. MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE SIGN DIMENSIONS

Where more than one of the allowed sign types is proposed, the aggregate area of all signs shall be considered. In these cases, letter height and sign area may have to be reduced as appropriate to meet the limitations of subparagraph 16 above and the following table. Where only one sign is proposed on a building or lot, it shall not exceed the maximum allowable area shown in the following table.

RESIDENTIAL - Single Residence, Single Residence A, General Residence, General Residence A.

Sign Type	Height	Area	Number	Letter Height
Standing or wall	4 ft.	1 sq. ft.	1 per lot	appropriate height to be placed in 1 sq. ft. area.
Temporary	6 ft.	6 sq. ft.	1 per lot	N/A

OFFICE DISTRICTS - Administrative and Professional, Limited Business.

Sign Type	Height	Area	Number	Letter Height
Standing	6 ft.	15 sq. ft.	1 per building	14 inches
Wall	15 ft.	15 sq. ft.	1 per building	14 inches *
Temporary	15 ft.	25 sq. ft.	1 per lot	N/A

COMMERCIAL DISTRICTS - Business, Business A, Industrial, Industrial A, Lower Falls Village Commercial.

A. Commercial Districts Fronting Worcester Street.

Sign Type	Height	Area	Number	Letter Height
Standing	10 ft.	50 sq. ft.	1 per lot	18 inches
Wall	20 ft.	75 sq. ft. **	1 per business	18 inches ***
Window	N/A	10 sq. ft. ****	1 per business	8 inches
Awning	N/A	25% of awning or canopy **	1 per business	8 inches
Temporary window	N/A	25% of window	1 per business	8 inches
Temporary	15 ft.	25 sq. ft.	1 per lot	N/A

B. Commercial Districts Fronting Streets Other Than Worcester Street.

Sign Type	Height	Area	Number	Letter Height
Standing	6 ft.	25 sq. ft.	1 per lot	14 inches
Wall	20 ft.	50 sq. ft. **	1 per business	14 inches

Window	N/A	10 sq. ft. ****	1 per business	8 inches
Awning	N/A	25 % of awning or canopy **	1 per business	8 inches
Temporary window *****	N/A	25 % of window		8 inches
Temporary	N/A	12 sq. ft.	1 per lot	N/A.

ALL OTHER DISTRICTS

Sign Type	Height	Area	Number	Letter Height
Standing	4 ft.	10 sq. ft.	1 per lot	appropriate height to be placed in 10 sq. ft. area.
Wall	15 ft.	10 sq. ft.	1 per building	appropriate height to be placed in 10 sq. ft. area.
Temporary	6 ft.	12 sq. ft.	1 per lot	N/A

* When applied directly to a building, without any existing sign-band, maximum letter height shall be 16.

** or 10% of the total area of the facade of the business establishment whichever is less.

*** When applied directly to a building without any existing sign-band, maximum letter height shall be 20" high.

**** or 10 % of the total area of exterior windows of the business establishment excluding doors whichever is less.

***** Paper posterboard only. Such signs shall not be placed on any window with a permanent window sign.

SECTION XXII B. SWIMMING POOLS.

Part A. PURPOSE.

This Section is adopted by the Town for the regulation and restriction of private swimming pools.

Part B. DEFINITION.

Private Swimming Pool - Any outdoor pool, having a depth of at least 24" and a water surface area of at least one hundred fifty (150) square feet, which is used, or intended to be used, as a swimming or bathing pool in connection with a residence and available only to the family and private guests of the householder.

Part C. APPLICABILITY.

1. Other requirements of the Zoning Bylaws notwithstanding the regulations and restrictions set forth herein shall apply to private swimming pools.
2. The provisions of this SECTION XXIIB. shall not apply to any swimming pool for which a building permit has been issued prior to the adoption of this Section.

Part D. REGULATIONS AND RESTRICTIONS.

1. Location.
 - a. Minimum setback from street - No structural part of a swimming pool shall be located less than thirty (30) feet from any property boundary line abutting a public street or private way or less than fifty (50) feet from the centerline of any private way.
 - b. Minimum setback from abutting property - No structural part of a private swimming pool shall be located closer to any property boundary line than the distance S specified by the following formula: $S = 4e$, where e equals the difference in elevation, measured to the nearest foot, between the overall height of the pool structure at the perimeter of the pool or walkway railing, if any, and the natural ground elevation at the nearest property boundary line, provided however, that in no event shall the required side yard be less than ten (10) feet nor more than thirty (30) feet.
2. Lot Coverage - For the purposes of SECTION XVIII. AREA REGULATIONS., exterior swimming pools constructed at or below grade shall not be considered building coverage.
3. Lighting - All artificial lighting used to illuminate a swimming pool shall be arranged and shielded so as to prevent direct glare from the light source into any public street or private way or onto adjacent property.
4. Fencing - A fence or protective barrier not less than six (6) feet in height having self-latching devices on all gates shall be installed and maintained that will prevent the unauthorized entry of small children to the pool area. The location and type of fence or protective barrier shall be acceptable to the Building Inspector.

SECTION XXIIC. ANTENNAS.

Part A. PURPOSE.

This Section is adopted by the Town for the regulation and restriction of the construction, erection, installation, placement and/or use of antennas, and other devices that perform the functions of antennas, and of accessory telecommunications structures, equipment and facilities and similar devices, within the Town.

Part B. DEFINITIONS.

As used in this Section XXIIC., the following words and terms shall have and include the following respective meanings:

Device - Any antenna or other apparatus that performs the function of antennas, together with any telecommunications structures, equipment and facilities ancillary and/or accessory thereto; by way of example and not limitation, "device" shall mean among other things panel antennas, whip antennas, pole antennas, dish and cone-shaped antennas, other free-standing antennas and personal wireless service facilities.

It is recognized that technology is rapidly changing and the definitions herein, specifically that of a "device", is intended to encompass such devices and things as they evolve over time.

Free Standing Device - A monopole wireless service facility not requiring guy wires for support; and any other device mounted on the ground and not mounted on any existing building or structure.

Personal Wireless Service Facilities - Facilities for the provision of personal wireless services; such facilities may, by way of example, include but are not limited to transmitting and receiving equipment, antennas, antenna structures and supports and other equipment, structures and installations accessory to such facilities.

Personal Wireless Services - Wireless telecommunications services regulated by the Federal Communications Commission ("FCC") and defined as "personal wireless services" in Section 704, or other sections, of the Federal Telecommunications Act of 1996 as amended; by way of example but not limitation, personal wireless services include cellular telephone services, so-called personal communications services ("PCS") and paging services.

Height - A distance measured from the average finished grade of the land surrounding the device to its highest point, surface or projection, in the case of free-standing devices, or

A distance measured from the average finished grade of the land surrounding the exterior walls to the highest point, surface or projection of the device, in the case of devices mounted on existing buildings.

Part C. APPLICABILITY.

Other provisions of this Zoning Bylaw notwithstanding the regulations and restrictions set forth herein shall apply to the construction, erection, installation, placement and/or use of devices including but not limited to personal wireless

service facilities, and free-standing devices, antennas of federally licensed amateur radio operators and so-called satellite dishes, on land, buildings or structures within the Town of Wellesley.

No device exterior to an enclosed building and/or structure, whether mounted thereon or free-standing shall be constructed, erected, installed, placed and/or used on land, buildings and/or structures within the Town of Wellesley on or after October 8, 1996 except in accordance with the provisions of this Section XXIIC. and Section XXV. Special Permits. Devices in existence on October 8, 1996 may be maintained and shall be kept in good condition. The Inspector of Buildings may order the removal, repair or securing of any device for public safety purposes that is determined, by the Inspector of Buildings, to be hazardous to life or property, in poor condition, disrepair or damaged by storm or other cause. The Inspector of Buildings shall determine on a case by case basis whether the repair of a device shall require a special permit in accordance with this section.

Part D. REGULATIONS AND RESTRICTIONS.

1. DESIGN REVIEW

The construction, erection, installation and/or placement of all devices, except those for customary private household use as further described in Part D.2.b. below, are subject to review by the Wellesley Design Review Board. In review of applications the Design Review Board shall employ the following guidelines:

Screening, Landscaping and Preservation of Existing Vegetation

Whenever possible, devices shall be sited so as to minimize the visibility of such devices from adjacent property and shall be suitably screened from abutters and residential neighborhoods. To the extent feasible installation of free-standing devices shall minimize the removal of existing trees and other vegetation.

Height

A device shall be designed and installed at the minimum height necessary for the proper functioning of the telecommunications services to be provided by the device at that location. Free-standing devices shall not exceed 45 feet in height unless the Special Permit Granting Authority makes the finding under Part D.3. (3) required for installation of a device at a height greater than 45 feet.

Color

Free-standing, wall mounted and roof-mounted devices shall be painted or otherwise colored or finished in a manner which

aesthetically minimizes the visibility of the devices in the surrounding landscape or on the building or structure to which they are attached.

Fencing

Any fencing necessary to control access to devices shall be compatible with the character of the area. (see also 4.c. below)

Signs

There shall be no advertising permitted on or in the vicinity of devices. There shall be a sign not exceeding 4 square feet in area at each installation which shall display a phone number where the person responsible for the maintenance of the installation may be reached on a 24 hour basis. All other signage shall be consistent with the provision of Section XXIIA.

Lighting

Night lighting of installations shall be prohibited except for such lighting as may be necessary for emergency repair purposes.

Parking

Free-standing device installations shall provide one off-street parking space for service vehicles.

Personal Safety

When devices are mounted in locations above or in the vicinity of pedestrian areas or other areas open to the public such installations shall be made in a manner that does not impede or restrict the movement of pedestrians nor pose a hazard to any person.

2. BY-RIGHT PROVISIONS.

The following devices may be constructed, erected, installed, placed and/or used within the Town subject to the issuance of a building permit by the Inspector of Buildings in those instances when a building permit is required:

a. A device or combination of devices installed on land, a building or other structure, provided that such a device or combination of devices, including its supports, is:

- (1) finished in a manner designed to be aesthetically consistent with the exterior finish of such building or structure and otherwise in accordance with Part D hereof; and

- (2) mounted in such a manner so that it does not:
 - (i) obscure any window or other exterior architectural feature;
 - (ii) extend above the highest point of the roof by more than 12 feet;
 - (iii) extend beyond the face of any wall, or exterior surface in the case of structures that do not have walls, by more than 18 inches;
 - (iv) extend below the top of the wall, or exterior surface in the case of structures that do not have walls, of a one-story building or structure; or
 - (v) extend more than 8 feet below the top of the wall, or exterior surface in the case of structures that do not have walls, of a multi-story building or structure; and
 - (3) comprised of devices which do not individually or in the aggregate have a front surface area facing surrounding streets and adjacent properties that exceeds 50 square feet in area;
- b. A device for customary private household use such as a conventional chimney-mount television antenna or home satellite dish not over 3 feet in diameter in conjunction with a single or two-family dwelling; provided that in the case of a home satellite dish that is a free-standing device, such home satellite dish shall be installed in the rear yard only and otherwise shall be in compliance with the provisions of Part D.1. above;
 - c. A device owned by and located on the property of an amateur radio operator licensed by the FCC, which device shall be installed at the minimum height necessary for the proper functioning of amateur radio communications in accordance with the licensing requirements for that location, provided that in the case of an amateur radio device that is a free-standing device, such device shall be installed in the rear yard only and otherwise shall be in compliance with the provisions of Part D. 1. above;
 - d. A device installed wholly within and not protruding from the interior space of an existing building or structure (including interior space behind existing roofs or within existing mechanical penthouse space) or behind existing rooftop mechanical screens in such a manner that the device would not be visible from surrounding streets and from adjacent properties and only for so long as such

device remains wholly within such space or behind such roofs or screens.

- e. A device used exclusively for non-commercial, public safety purposes.

All devices and installations not prohibited by this Section XXIIC., free-standing or otherwise, shall require a special permit in accordance with Part D.3. except those meeting the requirements of this Part D.2.

3. SPECIAL PERMIT PROVISIONS.

The Special Permit Granting Authority may issue a special permit under the provisions of SECTION XXV. SPECIAL PERMIT GRANTING AUTHORITY. for:

- a. A device or combination of devices (including its supports) installed on land, a building or structure, if such device or devices exceeds any one or more of the dimensional requirements of Part D.2.a. above;
- b. A free-standing device in accordance with 3) below;
- c. All other devices and installations not prohibited by this Section XXIIC. and not otherwise prohibited;

provided the Special Permit Granting Authority finds:

- 1) that the requested installation is essential to the proper functioning of the telecommunications services to be provided by the device at that location and that an alternative installation meeting the By-Right limitations of Part D. 2. is not workable; and
- 2) that the requested installation will not adversely impact adjacent property materially; and
- 3) in the case of a free-standing device, that the center point of the base of the monopole shall be set back from the property lines of the lot on which such device is located by a distance equal to the overall vertical height of the monopole and mounted device plus five feet, unless the applicant demonstrates that due to topography and/or other characteristics of the site lesser setbacks shall not pose any public safety danger to any adjacent properties; and
- 4) that the overall height does not exceed 45 feet, unless the applicant demonstrates that a greater height is essential to the proper functioning of the telecommunications services to be provided by the device at that location and that an alternative installation meeting the requirements of this Section any less invasive is not workable; and

5) that the report of the Design Review Board has been received and the installation and the special permit are consistent with that report under the guidelines established in Part D.1.

4. PROHIBITIONS.

- a. Lattice style towers and facilities requiring three or more legs and/or guy wires for support shall not be allowed.
- b. Advertising signs shall not be allowed. Other signs shall not be allowed except in accordance with Part D.1. Design Review and Section XXIIA. Signs and Identification Devices.
- c. Fences utilizing razor wire or barbed wire or similar wire types shall not be allowed.

Part E. CERTIFICATION AND EVIDENCE.

In all cases, whether use is By-Right or otherwise, the owner and/or operator of any device except as described in Part D. 2. b. above shall, prior to installation of any device, and, if requested by the Inspector of Buildings, but not more than once each year, file with the Inspector of Buildings a certificate and evidence that the device complies with the applicable standards of the Federal Communications Commission, Federal Aviation Administration and the American National Standards Institute and a periodic (at least annual) maintenance schedule for the device and, in the case of existing devices, that the device remains in use.

Part F. CESSATION OF USE.

Devices shall be removed by the owner and/or operator of any device within one (1) year of cessation of use. Cessation of use shall be determined by the Inspector of Buildings.

SECTION XXIII. ENFORCEMENT AND PENALTIES.

- A. The Inspector of Buildings shall be charged with the enforcement of this Zoning Bylaw and shall withhold a permit for the construction, alteration, or moving of any building or structure if the building or structure as constructed, altered or moved would be in violation of this Zoning Bylaw; and no permit or license shall be granted for a new use of a building, structure, or land which use would be in violation of this Zoning Bylaw.

- B. Before issuing any permit, except for work on an existing building or structure or for a new structure of less than 300 square feet of floor area, the Inspector of Buildings shall cause to be published at the expense of the applicant in a newspaper of general circulation in the Town, under the heading, "Building Permits" the name of the applicant, the name of the street on which the property to which the permit relates is located or by which it is approached, the street number (or if no street number has been assigned, an approximation thereof made by the Inspector for this purpose only) and the nature of the work to be done.
- C. At least ten (10) days before issuing any permit, except a permit for work on an existing building or structure or for a new structure of less than 300 square feet of floor area, the Inspector of Buildings shall at the expense of the applicant send notice by mail, postage prepaid, to the abutters and abutters to the abutters within 300 feet of the property line of the applicant, including owners of land directly opposite on any public or private street or way, as they appear on the most recent applicable tax list. Owners of land directly opposite the applicant on any public or private street or way, shall be considered abutters under this Section.
- D. The two preceding paragraphs shall not apply to the issue of a permit by, or under the direction of, the Permit Granting Authority upon an appeal duly taken in the particular case.
- E. If the Inspector of Buildings shall be informed, or have reason to believe that any provision of this Zoning Bylaw or of any permit or decree thereunder has been, is being, or is likely to be violated, he shall make or cause an investigation to be made of the facts, including an inspection of the property where the violation may exist, and, if he finds any violation, he shall give immediate notice in writing to the owner or his duly authorized agent and to the occupant of the premises, and shall order that any violation of the provisions of this Zoning Bylaw shall immediately cease.
- F. If the Inspector of Buildings is requested in writing to enforce the provisions of this Zoning Bylaw against any person allegedly in violation of the same and such officer acts or declines to act, he shall notify, in writing, the party requesting such enforcement of any action or refusal to act, and the reasons therefor, within fourteen (14) days of receipt of such request.
- G. If, after such notice and order, such violation continues, or if any owner, agent, or occupant fails to obey any lawful order of the Inspector of Buildings with respect to any violation or any use contrary to the provisions of this Zoning Bylaw, the Inspector shall forthwith revoke any permit issued for the occupation of the premises, shall make complaint to the Superior Court or any court of competent jurisdiction for an injunction or order restraining the further use of the

premises, and shall take such other action as is necessary to enforce the provisions of this Zoning Bylaw.

- H. Whoever violates any provision of this Zoning Bylaw or any of the conditions under which a permit is issued by the Inspector of Buildings or permission is granted by the Permit Granting Authority or special permit Granting Authority, or any decision rendered by the Permit Granting Authority under the provisions of this Zoning Bylaw, shall be liable to a fine of not more than one hundred (\$100) dollars for each day such violation continues. The Inspector of Buildings is authorized to allow a reasonable period of time, not to exceed ten (10) days, for correction of a zoning violation prior to issuing a citation; however, this period of time may be extended for up to thirty (30) additional days if the Inspector of Buildings determines that the purpose and intent of the Zoning Bylaw would be served by so doing.

SECTION XXIV. PERMIT GRANTING AUTHORITY.

- A. Zoning Board of Appeals.

The Zoning Board of Appeals (hereinafter termed the ZBA) shall consist of three members appointed by the Board of Selectmen. Appointment shall be for three year terms, so arranged that the term of one member shall expire each year.

There shall be one Associate Member of the ZBA for each Member appointed by the Board of Selectmen for a three year term.

Any Member or Associate Member may be removed for cause by the appointing authority upon written charges and after a public hearing.

Vacancies shall be filled for unexpired terms in the same manner as in the case of the original appointments.

The Chairman of the ZBA shall designate the corresponding Associate Member to sit on the ZBA in the case of absence, inability to act, or conflict of interest on the part of any Member thereof, or in the event of a vacancy on the ZBA until said vacancy is filled in the manner herein provided.

No Member or Associate Member of the ZBA shall represent before such board any party in interest in any matter pending before it.

- B. Powers.

The ZBA shall have the following powers:

1. To hear and decide appeals in accordance with Clause C., Appeals.

2. To hear and decide petitions for variances as set out in Clause D., Variances.
3. To hear and decide applications for special permits upon which the ZBA is empowered to act as Special Permit Granting Authority under this Zoning Bylaw under the procedures set forth in SECTION XXV. in exercising these powers, the ZBA may make orders or decisions, reverse or affirm in whole or in part, or modify any order or decision, and to that end shall have all the powers of the officer from whom the appeal is taken and may grant or direct the granting of a permit.

C. Appeals.

1. An appeal to the Permit Granting Authority, as herein provided, may be taken by any person aggrieved by reason of his inability to obtain a permit or enforcement action from any administrative officer under this Zoning Bylaw and the Zoning Act (Chapter 40A, Mass. General Laws, as amended), by the regional planning agency in whose area the Town is situated, or of an abutting city or town aggrieved by an order or decision of the Building Inspector, or other administrative official, in violation of any provision of this Zoning Bylaw or of the Zoning Act (Chapter 40A, Mass. General Laws, as amended).
2. Any appeal under this Section to a Permit Granting Authority shall be taken within thirty (30) days from the date of the order or decision which is being appealed, by filing a notice of appeal, specifying the grounds thereof, with the Town Clerk, who shall forthwith, within two business days, transmit copies thereof to such officer or board whose order or decision is being appealed, and to the Permit Granting Authority. Such officer or board shall forthwith, within seven (7) days, transmit to the Permit Granting Authority copies of all documents and papers constituting the record of the case in which the appeal is taken.
3. The concurring vote of all the members of the ZBA shall be necessary to reverse any order or decision of any administrative official under this Zoning Bylaw, or the Zoning Act (Chapter 40A, Mass. General Laws, as amended).
4. If the granting or denial by the ZBA of an appeal would result in or constitute the issuance of a building permit, the ZBA shall issue to the owner and to the applicant if other than the owner, a copy of its decision, certified by the Permit Granting Authority, containing the name and address of the owner, identifying the land affected, setting forth compliance with any statutory requirements for such a decision and certifying that copies of the decision and all plans referred to in the decision have been filed with the Planning Board and

with the Town Clerk. No building permit resulting from or constituted by such a decision shall take effect until a copy of the decision bearing the certification of the Town Clerk that twenty (20) days has elapsed and, pursuant to the applicable provisions contained with Chapter 40A, Mass. General Laws, as amended, no appeal has been filed, or that if such appeal has been filed, that it has been dismissed or denied, is recorded in the Registry of Deeds for the county and district in which the land is located, and indexed in the grant or index under the name of the owner of record, or is recorded and noted on the owner's certificate of title. The fee for recording or registering shall be paid by the owner or applicant.

D. Variances.

1. The Permit Granting Authority shall have the power, after a public hearing for which notice has been given pursuant to the applicable section of this Zoning Bylaw and by mailing to all parties in interest, to grant upon appeal or upon petition, with respect to particular land or structures, a variance from the terms of this Zoning Bylaw where the Permit Granting Authority specifically finds that:
 - a. Literal enforcement of the provisions of the Zoning Bylaw would involve substantial hardship, financial or otherwise, to the petitioner or appellant owing to circumstances relating to: i) soil conditions, ii) shape, or iii) topography of such land or structures, especially affecting such land or structures but not generally affecting the zoning district in which it is located; and the hardship shall not have been self-created; and
 - b. Desirable relief may be granted without substantial detriment to the public good, and without nullifying or substantially derogating from the intent or purpose of this Zoning Bylaw.
2. The Permit Granting Authority may impose conditions, safeguards, and limitations both of time and of use, including the continued existence of any particular structures, but excluding any conditions, safeguards, or limitations based on the continued ownership of the land or structures to which the variance pertains, by the applicant, petitioner, or any owner.
3. The concurring vote of all the members of the ZBA, if a three-member Board, shall be necessary to effect any variance in the application of this Zoning Bylaw.
4. No variance may authorize a use or activity not otherwise permitted in the zoning district in which the land or

structure is located; provided, however, that such variance properly granted prior to January 1, 1976, but limited in time, may be extended on the same terms and conditions that were in effect for such variance upon said effective date.

5. If the rights authorized by a variance are not exercised within one year of the date of grant of such variance, they shall lapse, and may be re-established only after notice and a new hearing pursuant to this Section.

6. Application.

All petitions for variance, over which the Permit Granting Authority exercises original jurisdiction, shall be filed by the petitioner with the Town Clerk who shall forthwith, within two business days, transmit a copy thereof to the ZBA.

7. Notification and Effectiveness of the Decision.

Upon the granting of a variance, or any extension, modification, or renewal thereof, the Permit Granting Authority shall issue to the owner and to the applicant if other than the owner, a copy of its decision, certified by the Permit Granting Authority, containing the name and address of the owner, identifying the land affected, setting forth compliance with the statutory requirements for the granting of such variance and certifying that copies of the decision and all plans referred to in the decision have been filed with the Planning Board and with the Town Clerk. No variance or any extension, modification, or renewal thereof shall take effect until a copy of the decision bearing the certification of the Town Clerk that twenty (20) days has elapsed and, pursuant to the applicable provisions contained within Chapter 40A, Mass. General Laws, as amended, no appeal has been filed, or that if such appeal has been filed, that it has been dismissed or denied, is recorded in the Registry of Deeds for the county and district in which the land is located, and indexed in the grantor index under the name of the owner or record, or is recorded and noted on the owner's certificate of title. The fee for recording or registering shall be paid by the owner or applicant.

8. Withdrawal.

Any petition for a variance which has been transmitted to the Permit Granting Authority may be withdrawn, without prejudice, by the petitioner prior to the publication of the notice of a public hearing thereon, but thereafter be withdrawn without prejudice only with the approval of the Permit Granting Authority.

E. General Rules and Procedures.

1. The ZBA shall adopt rules, not inconsistent with the provisions of this Zoning Bylaw for the conduct of its business and for purposes of the Zoning Act, (Chapter 40A, Mass. General Laws, as amended), and shall file a copy of said rules with the Town Clerk.
2. Each ZBA shall elect annually a chairman from its own number and a clerk, and may, subject to appropriation, employ experts and clerical and other assistants.
3. Meetings of the ZBA shall be held at the call of the chairman or when called in such other manner as the ZBA shall determine in its rules. The ZBA shall hold a public hearing on any appeal, application, or petition transmitted to it by the Town Clerk within sixty-five (65) days from the date of transmittal to the ZBA of such appeal, application, or petition. The ZBA shall cause notice of such hearing to be published and sent to parties in interest as provided within the Zoning Bylaws, and not less than fourteen (14) days prior to said hearing, shall notify the Planning Board of the Town and the planning boards of cities and towns adjacent, all of which may then forward recommendations with respect to said matter for the consideration of the ZBA.

The chairman, or in his absence the acting chairman, may administer oaths, summon witnesses, and call for the production of papers.

4. All hearings of the ZBA shall be open to the public. The decision of the ZBA shall be made within one hundred (100) days after the date of the filing of an appeal, application, or petition. Failure by the ZBA to act within one hundred (100) days shall be deemed to be grant of relief, application, or petition sought, subject to an applicable judicial appeal. The ZBA shall cause to be made a detailed record of its proceedings, indicating the vote of each member upon each question, or if absent or failing to vote, indicating such fact, and setting forth clearly the reason or reasons for its decision and of its official actions, or in the event of a failure of the ZBA to act within said one hundred (100) days, indicating such fact, copies of which shall be filed within fourteen (14) days of the decision or action, in the offices of the Town Clerk and of the Planning Board, and shall be a public record; and notice of the decision and the reasonings on which such decision is based, shall be mailed forthwith, and within two business days of the aforesaid filing, to the petitioner, applicant, or appellant, to the parties in interest, and to every person present at the hearing who requested that such notice be sent to him and stated the address to which such notice was to be sent, and further, copies of all

approved plans shall be sent to the office of the Planning Board. Each notice shall specify that appeals, if any, shall be made pursuant to the applicable section of Chapter 40A, Mass. General Laws, as amended, and shall be filed within twenty (20) days after the date of filing of such notice in the office of the Town Clerk.

5. No appeal, application, or petition which has been unfavorably and finally acted upon by the Permit Granting Authority shall be acted favorably upon within two years after date of final unfavorable action unless:
 - a. Said Permit Granting Authority finds, by a unanimous vote of a three-member Board, specific and material changes in the conditions upon which unfavorable action was based, and describes such changes in the record of its proceedings; and
 - b. All but one of the members of the Planning Board consents thereto; and
 - c. After notice is given to parties in interest of the time and place of the proceedings when the question of such consent will be considered.
6. The required time limits for a public hearing and action to be taken may be extended by written agreement between the applicant and the Permit Granting Authority. A copy of such agreement shall be filed in the office of the Town Clerk.

SECTION XXV. SPECIAL PERMIT GRANTING AUTHORITY.

A. General Authority and Conditions.

This Zoning Bylaw provides for specific types of uses which shall only be permitted in specified districts upon the granting of a special permit, as provided herein. Special permits may be granted only for uses which are in harmony with the general purpose and intent of this Zoning Bylaw, and shall be subject to general or specific provisions as set forth herein, and such permits may also impose conditions, safeguards, and limitations on time or use, in order to further the objectives of this Zoning Bylaw.

B. Specific Powers.

1. Scientific Development, Research or Related Production.

The Special Permit Granting Authority may grant a special permit for uses accessory to activities permitted as a matter of right, whether or not on the same parcel as activities permitted as a matter of right, which activities are necessary in connection with scientific development, research or related production, provided that the Special

Permit Granting Authority finds that the proposed accessory uses do not substantially derogate from the public good.

2. Findings.

The Special Permit Granting Authority is empowered to make findings in accordance with Section XVII. PRE-EXISTING NON-CONFORMING USES, STRUCTURES AND LOTS. and G. L. Chapter 40A, Section 6.

3. Site Plan Approval.

The Special Permit Granting Authority is empowered to review and approve plans in accordance with the requirements of Section XVIA. SITE PLAN APPROVAL. and this SECTION XXV. The provisions of Part C. of this section shall apply to the review and approval of plans for Major Construction Projects as defined in SECTION XVIA. SITE PLAN APPROVAL. of this Zoning Bylaw. The approval of plans by the Special Permit Granting Authority in accordance with SECTION XVIA. SITE PLAN APPROVAL. shall constitute the granting of a special permit.

4. Special Permits and Special Use Permits.

The Special Permit Granting Authority may grant special permits subject to any conditions or limitations as specifically provided in this Zoning Bylaw.

5. Adult Uses.

The Special Permit Granting Authority is empowered to review and approve applications for Adult Uses as defined in Section IA. subject to the provisions of D. Special Use Permit Standards below and subject to all of the following additional conditions and limitations:

- a. The Special Permit Granting Authority shall not grant a special permit for an Adult Use where there is another Adult Use located within a one half mile radius;
- b. The Special Permit Granting Authority shall not grant a special permit for an Adult Use where there is a school, day care center, family day care home, parkland, playground, library or branch library, religious use, funeral home or cemetery located within 350 feet.
- c. The Special Permit Granting Authority shall not grant a special permit for an Adult Use where there is a residential zoning district located within 350 feet;

- d. Special permits granted shall be subject to annual renewal.

An application to the Special Permit Granting Authority for an Adult Use shall include the following information:

- a. Name and address of the legal owner of the proposed adult Use;
- b. Name and address of all persons having lawful, beneficial, equity or security interests in the Adult Use;
- c. Names and addresses of the manager(s) and assistant manager(s);
- d. The number of employees;
- e. Proposed security precautions; and
- f. The physical layout of the premises showing, among other things, the location or proposed location of the adult books, adult paraphernalia or adult videos.

The legal owner of an Adult Use having received a special permit shall promptly notify the Special Permit Granting Authority of any changes in the above information within 10 days and failure to do so will be grounds for revocation of the special permit.

C. Procedures.

The Special Permit Granting Authority shall adopt and from time to time amend rules relative to the granting of special permits, and shall file a copy of said rules in the office of the Town Clerk. Such rules may prescribe the size, form, contents, style, and number of copies of plans and specifications, and the procedure for the submission and approval of such permits.

Each application for a special permit shall be filed by the petitioner with the Town Clerk and a copy of said application, including the date and time of filing certified by the Town Clerk, shall be filed forthwith by the petitioner with the Special Permit Granting Authority. The Special Permit Granting Authority shall hold a public hearing, for which notice has been given, on any application for a special permit within sixty-five (65) days from the date of filing such application.

The Special Permit Granting Authority shall act within ninety (90) days following a public hearing for which notice has been given by publication and posting as provided within this Zoning Bylaw, and by mailing to all parties in interest. Failure by a Special Permit Granting Authority to take final

action within ninety (90) days or extended time, shall be deemed to be a grant of the special permit. The petitioner who seeks such approval by reason of the failure of the Special Permit Granting Authority to act within such time, shall notify the Town Clerk, in writing within fourteen (14) days from the expiration of the time period of such approval and that notice has been sent by the petitioner to parties in interest. The petitioner shall send such notice to parties in interest, by mail, and each such notice shall specify that appeals, if any, shall be made pursuant to Mass. General Laws Chapter 40A and shall be filed within twenty (20) days after the date the Town Clerk received such written notice from the petitioner that the Special Permit Granting Authority failed to act within the time prescribed. After the expiration of twenty (20) days without notice of appeal, or if appeal has been taken, after receipt of certified records indicating that such approval has become final, the Town Clerk shall issue a certificate stating the date of approval, the fact that the Special Permit Granting Authority failed to take action and that the approval resulting from such failure has become final, and such certificate shall be forwarded to the petitioner.

The required time limits for a public hearing and action, may be extended by written agreement between the petitioner and the Special Permit Granting Authority. A copy of such agreement shall be filed in the office of the Town Clerk.

Special permits granted by a Special Permit Granting Authority shall require a two-thirds vote of boards with more than five (5) members, a vote of at least four (4) members of a five (5) member board, and a unanimous vote of a three (3) member board.

Upon the granting of a special permit, or any extension, modification, or renewal thereof, the Special Permit Granting Authority shall issue to the owner, and to the applicant if other than the owner, a copy of its decision, or, in the event of a failure of the Special Permit Granting Authority to act within ninety (90) days from the date of the aforesaid public hearing, a copy of the application for a special permit accompanied by the certification of the Town Clerk stating the fact that the Special Permit Granting Authority failed to act within the time prescribed and no appeal has been filed and that the grant of the application resulting from such failure to act has become final or that if an appeal has been filed, that it has been dismissed or denied, is recorded in the registry of deeds for the county and district in which the land is located and indexed in the grantor index under the name of the owner of record or is recorded and noted on the owner's certificate of title. No special permit nor any extension, modification, or renewal thereof shall take effect until a copy of the decision bearing the certification of the Town Clerk that twenty (20) days has elapsed and, pursuant to the applicable provisions contained within Chapter 40A. Mass.

General Laws, as amended, no appeal has been filed, or that if such appeal has been filed that it has been dismissed or denied, is recorded in the Registry of Deeds for the county and district in which the land is located and indexed in the grantor index under the name of the owner of record or is recorded and noted on the owner's certificate of title. The fee for recording or registering shall be paid by the owner or applicant.

The Special Permit Granting Authority shall cause to be made a detailed record of its proceedings, indicating the vote of each member upon each question, or if absent or failing to vote, indicating such fact, and setting forth clearly the reason for its decision and of its official actions, copies of all which shall be filed within fourteen (14) days in the office of the Town Clerk and shall be deemed a public record, and notice of the decision shall be mailed forthwith to the petitioner, applicant or appellant, to the parties in interest, and to every person present at the hearing who requested that notice be sent to him and stated the address to which such notice was to be sent. Each such notice shall specify that appeals, if any, shall be made pursuant to Mass General Laws Chapter 40A and shall be filed within twenty (20) days after the date of filing of such notice in the office of the Town Clerk.

Petitions for special permits shall be submitted to the Special Permit Granting Authority and referred within seven (7) days by it for review to the following: The Board of Health, the Planning Board (except when the Planning Board is the Special Permit Granting Authority), the Town Engineer, the Wetlands Protection Committee, and any other Town agency or board designated by the Special Permit Granting Authority. Any such board or agency to which petitions are referred for review shall make such recommendations as they deem appropriate and shall send copies thereof to the Special Permit Granting Authority and to the applicant; provided, however, that failure of any board or agency to make recommendations within thirty-five (35) days of receipt by such board or agency of the petition shall be deemed lack of opposition thereto.

No application or petition which has been unfavorably and finally acted upon by the Special Permit Granting Authority shall be acted favorably upon within two (2) years after the date of final unfavorable action unless:

1. Said Special Permit Granting Authority finds, by a unanimous vote of a three-member Board, specific and material changes in the conditions upon which unfavorable action was based, and describes such changes in the record of its proceedings; and
2. All but one of the members of the Planning Board consents thereto; and

3. After notice is given to parties in interest of the time and place of the proceedings when such consent will be considered. Any application for a special permit which has been transmitted to the Special Permit Granting Authority may be withdrawn, without prejudice, by the petitioner prior to the publication of a public hearing thereon, but thereafter be withdrawn without prejudice only with the approval of the Special Permit Granting Authority.

A special permit shall lapse within two (2) years of the effective date of grant of such special permit, if a substantial use thereof has not sooner commenced except for good cause or, in the case of a permit for construction, if construction has not begun by such date except for good cause.

D. Special Use Permit Standards.

The Special Permit Granting Authority may grant a special permit in accordance with this Section only if it finds that, in addition to all other conditions which may otherwise be required under this Zoning Bylaw, all of the following conditions are met:

1. Vehicular Circulation

That the circulation patterns for motor vehicles which would result from the proposed use or structure which is the subject of the special permit do not create conditions that add to traffic congestion or accident potential on the site or in the surrounding area.

2. Driveways

That new driveways are not less than 50 feet from street intersections; and that new driveways have widths not less than the width of driveways specified in Section XXI. of this Zoning Bylaw; and that Special Permit requests for uses which would increase the number of vehicle trips, where the property is served by an existing driveway less than 50 feet from a street intersection, are not granted without a favorable recommendation from the Town Traffic Engineer that the special permit use will not create conditions referred to in subparagraph 1. above.

3. Vehicle Queuing Lanes

That vehicle queuing lanes, including those for drive through facilities, have a width equal to or greater than nine feet; and that vehicle storage capacity and separation are provided so that vehicles will not encroach onto sidewalk areas or designated fire lanes, or interfere with the travel or maneuvering of other

vehicles into and out of parking spaces, driveways or within the public way.

4. Compatibility with Surroundings

That any modification of a premises resulting from the proposed use or structure which is the subject of the special permit is made compatible, to the extent required by the Special Permit Granting Authority with the existing natural and man-made features of the site and with the characteristics of the surrounding area; and that consideration is given to the protection of trees and other natural features.

5. Pedestrian Safety

That pedestrian and bicycle circulation is provided, in accordance with nationally recognized safety standards; and that separation, such as curbing, bollards or landscaped buffer areas, is provided between pedestrian areas and all areas open to vehicular traffic, such as parking spaces, vehicle queuing lanes and driveways.

6. Noxious Uses

That the proposed use or activity is consistent with the provisions of Paragraphs A. and B. of SECTION XVI. RESTRICTIONS AFFECTING ALL DISTRICTS.

7. Intensity of Use

That any increase in: the number of vehicle trips, the number of employees or visitors, the number of parking spaces, the amount of energy used, or the volume of liquid or solid waste produced, likely to result from the proposed use or activity will not adversely affect the character of the site and its surrounding area.

For the purposes of this Part D. the term "surrounding area" shall mean the area within which owners of land surrounding the site are defined as parties in interest in accordance with SECTION XXVIA. part B., unless otherwise specifically determined by the Special Permit Granting Authority.

SECTION XXVI. ADOPTION/AMENDMENT PROCEDURES AND REQUIREMENTS.

This Zoning Bylaw may be adopted and from time to time changed by amendment, addition, or repeal, but only in the manner hereinafter provided.

- A. Adoption or change of this Zoning Bylaw may be initiated by the submission to the Board of Selectmen of a proposed zoning bylaw or an amendment thereto, by the Board of Selectmen, the Zoning Board of Appeals, the Planning Board, the regional

planning agency in whose area the Town is situated, an individual owning land to be affected by change or adoption, the request of registered voters of the Town pursuant to Section 10, Chapter 39, Mass. General Laws, as amended, or by other methods provided by municipal charter. The Board of Selectmen shall, within fourteen (14) days of receipt of such Zoning Bylaw (or amendment thereto), submit it to the Planning Board for review.

- B. No zoning bylaw or amendment thereto shall be adopted until after the Planning Board of the Town has held a public hearing thereon at which interested persons shall be given an opportunity to be heard.

No vote to adopt any such proposed bylaw or amendment thereto shall be taken until a report with recommendations by the Planning Board has been submitted to the Town Meeting, unless twenty-one (21) days from the date of the public hearing has elapsed without submission of such a report or recommendations.

Upon Town Meeting approval of any zoning bylaw or amendment thereto, the Planning Board shall prepare a statement explaining the bylaws or amendments proposed, which along with any explanatory maps or plans, shall be furnished to the Attorney General for his review as required by Section 32, Chapter 40, Mass. General Laws, as amended, as provided for herein.

- C. The aforementioned public hearing shall be held within sixty-five (65) days after the proposed zoning bylaw or amendment thereto is submitted to the Planning Board by the Board of Selectmen.

Notice for the public hearing shall be provided by the Planning Board and shall otherwise be in conformance with the provisions of SECTION XXVIA., Parts A, C, D, E, and F. Notice of said hearing shall be sent by mail, postage prepaid, to the Department of Community Affairs, the regional planning agency in whose area the Town is situated, and to the planning boards of all abutting cities and towns. In cases involving boundary or use changes within a district, notice shall be sent to any non-resident property owner who has filed such a request with the Town Clerk and whose property lies in the district where the change is sought.

- D. After such notice, hearing, and report, or a failure to submit such report within twenty-one (21) days, as herein provided, a Town Meeting may adopt, reject, or amend any proposed zoning bylaw.

No zoning bylaw shall be adopted or amended except by a two-thirds vote of a Town Meeting.

If a Town Meeting fails to vote to adopt any proposed zoning bylaws or amendments thereto within six (6) months after the aforementioned public hearing, no action shall be taken thereon until after a subsequent public hearing is held with notice and report as provided above.

No proposed zoning bylaws or amendments thereto which have been unfavorably acted upon by a Town Meeting shall be considered by the Town Meeting within two (2) years after the date of such unfavorable action unless the adoption of such proposed zoning bylaw or amendments thereto is recommended in the final report of the Planning Board.

- E. Within fifteen (15) days of the final adjournment of a Town Meeting at which any proposed zoning bylaws or amendments thereto are adopted, the Town Clerk shall submit to the Attorney General a certified copy of the zoning bylaws, a request for the approval of the zoning bylaws, a statement explaining the zoning bylaws as provided for in Clause B. above, and adequate proof that all of the procedural requirements for the adoption of such zoning bylaws have been complied with.

Except to the extent that a zoning bylaw may take effect as provided below, it shall not take effect until it has been approved by the Attorney General, or until ninety (90) days shall have elapsed following the submission by the Town Clerk provided for above without action by the Attorney General. If a zoning bylaw takes effect by reason of the failure of Attorney General to reasonably act upon a request for its approval, the Town Clerk shall enter into the records a statement that the zoning bylaw has become effective by reason of such failure.

If the Attorney General does not, within said ninety (90) day period, request of the Town Clerk in writing, further proof of compliance with all procedural requirements for the adoption of such zoning bylaws, stating specifically wherein such proof as submitted above is inadequate, it shall be assumed that the proof initially submitted was adequate.

If the Attorney General disapproves a zoning bylaw, he shall give notice of his disapproval and his reasons therefore to the Town Clerk.

- F. The effective date of the adoption or amendment of any zoning bylaw shall be the date on which such adoption or amendment was voted upon by a Town Meeting.

If a zoning bylaw is subsequently disapproved, in whole or in part, by the Attorney General, the previous zoning bylaw, to the extent that such previous zoning bylaw was changed by the disapproved zoning bylaw or portion thereof, shall be deemed to have been in effect from the date of such vote.

- G. Copies of an approved zoning bylaw or amendment thereto shall be published at least twice at least one (1) week apart in a newspaper of general circulation in the Town.

The publication of a zoning bylaw shall include a statement that claims of invalidity by reason of any defect in the procedure of adoption or amendment may only be made within ninety(90)days after adoption of a zoning bylaw, and a statement indicating where copies of such zoning bylaws may be examined and obtained.

The requirements of publishing in one or more newspapers as above, may be dispensed with if notice of the zoning bylaws is given by delivering a copy thereof at every occupied dwelling or apartment in the Town, and affidavits of persons delivering the said copies, filed with the Town Clerk, shall be conclusive evidence of proper notice hereunder.

After approval of zoning bylaws by the Attorney General, a copy of the latest effective zoning bylaws shall be sent by the Town Clerk to the Department of Community Affairs.

- H. No claim of invalidity of any zoning bylaws arising out of any possible defect in the procedure of adoption or amendment shall be made in any legal proceeding, and no state, regional, county, or municipal officer shall refuse, deny, or revoke any permit, approval, or certificate because of any such claim of invalidity, unless within ninety (90) days after adoption of a zoning bylaw, legal action is commenced and notice specifying the court, parties, invalidity claimed, and date of filing is filed, together with a copy of the petition, with the Town Clerk within seven (7) days after the commencement of the action.

SECTION XXVIA. NOTICE FOR PUBLIC HEARINGS.

- A. In all cases where notice of a public hearing is required, notice shall be given by publication in a newspaper of general circulation in the Town once in each of two (2) successive weeks, the first publication to be not less than fourteen (14) days before the day of the hearing; and by posting such notice in a conspicuous place in the Town Hall for a period of not less than fourteen (14) days before the day of such hearing.
- B. As used in this Zoning Bylaw, "parties in interest" shall mean the petitioner, abutters, owners of land directly opposite on any public or private street or way, and abutters to the abutters within 300 feet of the property line of the petitioner as they appear on the most recent applicable tax list, notwithstanding that the land of any such owner is located in another city or town, the Planning Board of the Town, and the planning boards, of every abutting city or town. Owners of land directly opposite the petitioner on any public or private street or way, shall be considered abutters under this Section.

The assessors maintaining any applicable tax list shall certify to the Permit Granting Authority or Special Permit Granting Authority the names and addresses of parties in interest, and such certification shall be conclusive for all purposes.

- C. In all cases where notice to individuals or specific boards or other agencies is required, notice shall be sent by mail, postage prepaid.

The Permit Granting Authority or Special Permit Granting Authority may accept a waiver of notice from, or an affidavit of actual notice to any party in interest or, in his stead, any successor owner of record who may not have received a notice by mail, and may order special notice to any such person, giving not less than five (5) nor more than ten (10) additional days to reply.

- D. Publications and notices required by this Section shall contain the name of the petitioner, a description of the area or premises, street address, if any, or other adequate identification of the location, of the area or premises which is the subject of the petition, the date, time, and place of the public hearing, the subject matter of the public hearing sufficient for identification, the place where the texts and maps thereof may be inspected, and the nature of the action or relief requested, if any.
- E. No defect in the form of any notice under this Zoning Bylaw shall invalidate this Zoning Bylaw or amendment thereto, unless such defect is found to be misleading.
- F. No such hearing shall be held on any day on which a state or municipal election, caucus, or primary is held in the Town.

SECTION XXVII. EXISTING BYLAWS NOT REPEALED.

Nothing contained in the bylaw shall be construed as repealing or modifying any existing bylaw or regulation of the Town, but it shall be in addition thereto; and if this bylaw imposes greater restrictions upon the construction or use of buildings or structures than other bylaws or provisions of law, such greater restrictions shall prevail.

SECTION XXVIII. INVALIDITY.

The invalidity of any section or provision of this bylaw, or of any district or part thereof as laid down upon the zoning map, shall not affect the validity of any other section or provision of the bylaw, or of any other district or part thereof as laid down upon the zoning map.

SECTION XXIX. INTERPRETATION.

This bylaw as amended so as to include this SECTION XXIX. for the first time shall be deemed to constitute a reenactment and continuance of the Zoning Bylaw in effect at the time of such amendment.

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